



JUN 23 2011

Gerardo C. Rios, Chief
Permits Office (AIR-3)
U.S. EPA - Region IX
75 Hawthorne St.
San Francisco, CA 94105

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision – Title V Permit Renewal
District Facility # S-1199
Project # S-1091422**

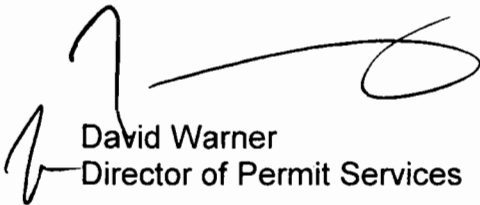
Dear Mr. Rios:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Plains Marketing, LP for its crude oil pumping facility located at Pentland Pumping Station near Maricopa, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 45-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,



David Warner
Director of Permit Services

Attachments
C: Sajjad Ahmad, Permit Services Engineer

Seyed Sadredin
Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

Northern Region
4800 Enterprise Way
Modesto, CA 95356-8718
Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475

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JUN 23 2011

Mike Tollstrup, Chief
Project Assessment Branch
Air Resources Board
P O Box 2815
Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Title V Permit Renewal
District Facility # S-1199
Project # S-1091422**

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Plains Marketing, LP for its crude oil pumping facility located at Pentland Pumping Station near Maricopa, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

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JUN 23 2011

Jeff Godfrey
Plains Marketing, LP
3600 Bowman Court
Bakersfield, CA 93308

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Title V Permit Renewal
District Facility # S-1199
Project # S-1091422**


Dear Mr. Godfrey:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Plains Marketing, LP for its crude oil pumping facility located at Pentland Pumping Station near Maricopa, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,



David Warner
Director of Permit Services

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Bakersfield Californian

**NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION
FOR THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF
THE FEDERALLY MANDATED OPERATING PERMIT**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed renewal of the Federally Mandated Operating Permit to Plains Marketing, LP for its crude oil pumping facility located at Pentland Pumping Station near Maricopa, California.

The District's analysis of the legal and factual basis for this proposed action, project #S-1091422, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. There are no emission changes associated with this proposed action. This will be the public's only opportunity to comment on the specific conditions of the proposed renewal of the Federally Mandated Operating permit. If requested by the public, the District will hold a public hearing regarding issuance of this renewed permit. For additional information, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900. Written comments on the proposed renewed permit must be submitted within 30 days of the publication date of this notice to DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 1990 E. GETTYSBURG AVE, FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93726-0244.

**SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT**

**Title V Permit Renewal Evaluation
Plains Marketing LP
S-1199**

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TITLE V PERMIT RENEWAL EVALUATION
Crude Petroleum Pipeline

Engineer: Sajjad Ahmad
Date: June 13, 2011

Facility Number: S-1199
Facility Name: Plains Marketing LP
Mailing Address: 3600 Bowman Ct.
Bakersfield, CA 93308

Contact Name: Jeff Godfrey
Phone: (661) 336-7913

Responsible Official: Troy E. Valenzuela
Title: Vice President of EH&S

Project #: S-1091422
Deemed Complete: March 18, 2009

I. PROPOSAL

Plains Marketing LP (Plains) was issued a Title V permit on December 31, 2004. As required by District Rule 2520, the applicant is requesting a permit renewal. The existing Title V permit shall be reviewed and modified to reflect all applicable District and federal rules updated, removed, or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

The purpose of this evaluation is to provide the legal and factual basis for all updated applicable requirements and to determine if the facility will comply with these updated requirements. It also specifically identifies all additions, deletions, and/or changes made to permit conditions or equipment descriptions.

II. FACILITY LOCATION

Plains Pentland Pumping Station is located approximately 4.65 miles east of the town of Maricopa, California (off Highway 166) within the SE/4 of Section 10, Township 11N, Range 23W.

III. EQUIPMENT LISTING

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is included as Attachment C.

IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE

The applicant is requesting to use the following model general permit templates:

A. Facility wide SJV-UM-0-3

The applicant has requested to utilize template #SJV-UM-0-2 (the latest update is SJV-UM-0-3) for the facility-wide requirements. Based on the information submitted on the Template Qualification Form (Attachment E), the applicant qualifies for the use of this template.

B. Tanks with External Floating Roof - SJV-TK-13-1

The applicant has requested to utilize template # SJV-TK-13-1 for units S-1199-3, -7, -8, -9, and -10. However, this template is currently outdated and does not include all the requirements applicable to tanks. It will therefore not be used.

C. Fixed Roof Tank - SJV-TK-19-1

The applicant has requested to utilize template # SJV-TK-19-1 for sump tank permit unit S-1199-2. However, this template is currently outdated and does not include all the requirements applicable to fixed roof tanks. It will therefore not be used.

D. Process Heater SJV-BSG-4-1

The applicant has requested to utilize template # SJV-BSG-4-1 for permit unit S-1199-6. However, this template is currently outdated and does not include all the requirements applicable to process heaters. It will therefore not be used.

E. Emergency Standby IC Engine SJV-IC-1-1

The applicant has requested to utilize template # SJV-IC-1-1 for units S-1199-12 and -13. However, this template is currently outdated and does not include all the requirements applicable to emergency IC engines. It will therefore not be used.

V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW

Certain segments of the proposed Renewed Operating Permit are based on model general permit template that has been previously subject to EPA and public review. The terms and conditions from the model general permit template are included in the proposed permit and are not subject to further EPA and public review.

For permit applications utilizing model general permit template, public and agency comments on the District's proposed actions are limited to the applicant's eligibility for model general permit template, applicable requirements not covered by the model general permit template, and the applicable procedural requirements for issuance of Title V Operating Permits.

The following permit conditions, including their underlying applicable requirements, originate from model general permit template and are not subject to further EPA or public review.

a. S-1199-0-2 – Facility-Wide Requirements

- Conditions 1 through 40 on the proposed permit are based on the Facility-Wide Umbrella Template SJV-UM-0-3.

VI. FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE REQUIREMENTS

A. Rules Addressed by General Permit Template

- District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown, (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 1160, Emission Statements, (adopted November 18, 1992)
- District Rule 2010, Permits Required, (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2020, Exemptions, (amended December 20, 2007)
- District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits, (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2040, Applications, (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications, (amended December 17, 1992)

- District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval, (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits, Sections 5.2, 9.1.1, 9.4, 9.5, 9.7, 9.8, 9.9, 9.13.1, 9.13.2, 9.16, and 10.0, (amended June 21, 2001)
- District Rule 4101, Visible Emissions, (amended February 17, 2005)
- District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings, (amended December 17, 2009)
- District Rule 8021, Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8031, Bulk Materials, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8041, Carryout and Trackout, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8051, Open Areas, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8061, Paved and Unpaved Roads, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8071, Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Areas, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended September 16, 2004)
- 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Stratospheric Ozone, (amended November 9, 2007)
- 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, Stratospheric Ozone, (amended June 8, 2008)
- 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, (amended September 18, 2003)

B. Rules Not Addressed by General Permit Template

- District Rule 1081, Source Sampling (amended December 16, 1993)
- District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (amended December 18, 2008)
- District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits (amended June 21, 2001)
- District Rule 4305, Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 2 (amended August 21, 2003)
- District Rule 4306, Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 3 (amended October 16, 2008)
- District Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr (amended October 16, 2008)
- District Rule 4351, Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 1 (amended August 21, 2003)
- District Rule 4623, Storage of Organic Liquids (amended May 19, 2005)
- District Rule 4624, Transfer of Organic Liquid (amended December 20, 2007)
- District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 2 (Amended January 18, 2007)
- District Rule 4801, Sulfur Compounds (amended December 17, 1992)
- 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)

VII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permits. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility's Title V permit are designated as "Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit".

For this facility, the following are not federally enforceable and will not be discussed in further detail:

A. Rules Not Updated

District Rule 4102, Nuisance (as amended December 17, 1992)

For this facility, condition 41 of the facility-wide requirements S-1199-0-2 is based on the rule listed above and is not Federally Enforceable through Title V.

VIII. COMPLIANCE

The purpose of this evaluation is to review changes to federally enforceable requirements; therefore, this compliance section will only address rules that have been amended or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

A. District Rule 1081 – Source Sampling

The purpose of this rule is to ensure that there are adequate and safe facilities for use in sampling to determine compliance. This rule also specifies methods and procedures for source testing, sample collection, and compliance determination.

Renewal PTO S-1199-6-9:

Compliance with the requirements of this rule is demonstrated with the permit conditions # 20 and 25 on the renewal PTO.

B. District Rule 2201 - New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

District Rule 2201 has been amended since this facility's initial Title V permit was issued. This Title V permit renewal does not constitute a modification per section 3.26, defined as an action including at least one of the following items:

- 1) Any change in hours of operation, production rate, or method of operation of an existing emissions unit, which would necessitate a change in permit conditions.
- 2) Any structural change or addition to an existing emissions unit which would necessitate a change in permit conditions. Routine replacement shall not be considered to be a structural change.
- 3) An increase in emissions from an emissions unit caused by a modification of the Stationary Source when the emissions unit is not subject to a daily emissions limitation.
- 4) Addition of any new emissions unit which is subject to District permitting requirements.
- 5) A change in a permit term or condition proposed by an applicant to obtain an exemption from an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.

Therefore, the updated requirements of this rule are not applicable to the permits being renewed as a part of this project.

C. District Rule 2520 - Federally Mandated Operating Permits

This rule was amended to incorporate several administrative corrections, clarify rule language, and add procedures for implementing compliance schedules. The only amendments to this rule that will have an effect on current permit requirements are the corrections to Section 9 rule references, as described in the following table:

Old Rule Section	Corrected Rule Section
9.3	9.2
9.4	9.3
9.5	9.4
9.6	9.5
9.7	9.6
9.8	9.7
9.9	9.8
9.10	9.9
9.11	9.10
9.12	9.11
9.13	9.12
9.14	9.13
9.15	9.14
9.16	9.15
9.17	9.16
9.18	9.17
9.19	9.18

Rule 2520, Section 6.4.4, "Other Changes Not Requiring Title V Permit Amendment," allowed the permittee to implement changes, including the addition of new emissions units, without triggering the permit modification or amendment requirements until the time of Title V permit renewal, provided the conditions described in Sections 6.4.4.1 through 6.4.4.2 were met.

All Permits:

- Mapping or identification of specific permit conditions that have been updated due to the change in the reference sections of this Rule is not necessary. Every District Rule 2520 section reference on each permit has been updated according to the table above.

There are no federally applicable Greenhouse Gas (GHG) requirements for this source. It should be noted that the Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule (40CFR Part 98) is not included in the definition of an applicable requirement within Title V (per 40CFR 71.2). Therefore, there will be no further discussion of GHG in this evaluation.

D. District Rule 4305 – Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase 2

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) and carbon monoxide (CO) from the operation of boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.

Section 5.0, Requirements

Section 5.1.1 requires that except for units subject to Sections 5.2, NO_x emissions shall not exceed the limits specified in the following table. All ppmv emission limits specified in this section are referenced at dry stack gas conditions and 3.00 percent by volume stack gas oxygen. Emission concentrations shall be corrected to 3.00 percent oxygen in accordance with Section 8.1.

<i>Rule 4305 Emissions Limits</i>		
	Operated on gaseous fuel	Operated on liquid fuel
	NO_x Limit	NO_x Limit
For all units, except box or cabin type units and vertical cylindrical process heaters.	30 ppmv or 0.036 lb/MMBtu	40 ppmv or 0.052 lb/MMBtu
For box or cabin type units, and vertical cylindrical process heaters.	147 ppmv or 0.18 lb/MMBtu	155 ppmv or 0.2 lb/MMBtu

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 6 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.1.2 applies to units operated on combinations of gaseous fuel and liquid fuel. No units at this facility are permitted to operate on combinations of gaseous and liquid fuels. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

Section 5.2, Low Use

Section 5.2 states that each unit that is operated with an annual heat input less than 30 billion Btu per calendar year, as made enforceable by permit to operate, shall comply with one of the following:

- 5.2.1 tune the unit at least once each calendar year in which it operates by a qualified technician in accordance with the procedure described in Rule 4304; or
- 5.2.2 operate the unit in a manner that maintains exhaust oxygen concentrations at less than or equal to 3.00 percent by volume on a dry basis; or
- 5.2.3 operate the unit in compliance with the applicable emission requirements of Section 5.1 and 5.3.

This unit is not permitted to operate with an annual heat input less than 30 billion Btu per calendar year. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

Section 5.3, CO Emissions Limits

Section 5.3 states that for units subject to section 5.1, carbon monoxide emissions shall not exceed 400 ppmv.

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 6 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.4, Monitoring Provisions

Section 5.4.1 applies to any unit which simultaneously fires gaseous and liquid fuels, and is subject to the requirements of Section 5.1. This unit is not fired simultaneously on gaseous and liquid fuels. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

Section 5.4.2 requires the operator of any unit subject to the emissions limits specified in Section 5.1 to install and maintain Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEMS) for NO_x, CO and O₂, or implements an APCO-approved Alternate Monitoring System.

In order to satisfy the requirements of District Rule 4306, the facility is subject to pre-approved alternate monitoring scheme E (pursuant to District Policy SSP-1105), which requires monitoring of the Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR) valve settings.

The requirements of this section are met by conditions # 10 through 14 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Since the unit is not subject to the requirements listed in Section 5.2.1 or 5.2.2, it is not subject to Section 5.4.3 requirements.

Section 5.4.4 states that the operator of any unit subject to Section 5.2.1 or 5.2.2 shall install and maintain an operational non-resettable, totalizing mass or volumetric flow meter in each fuel line to each unit. Volumetric flow measurements shall be periodically compensated for temperature and pressure. A master meter, which measures fuel to all units in a group of similar units, may satisfy these requirements if approved by the APCO in writing. The cumulative annual fuel usage may be verified from utility service meters, purchase or tank fill records, or other acceptable methods, as approved by the APCO. Since the unit is not subject to Sections 5.2.1 or 5.2.2, this section is not applicable.

Section 5.5, Compliance Determination

Section 5.5.1 requires that the operator of any unit shall have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu) emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.1. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling).

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 19 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.5.2 requires that all emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. Unless otherwise specified in the Permit to Operate, no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 15 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.5.3 pertains to units equipped with Continuous Emissions Monitoring Systems (CEMS). Since, this unit is not equipped with CEMS, this section is not applicable.

Section 5.5.4 requires that for emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.4.2, 5.4.2.1, and 6.3.1 using a portable NO_x analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period. Since the facility does not use a portable analyzer to satisfy the monitoring requirements of District Rule 4306, the requirements of Section 5.5.4 do not apply.

Section 5.5.5 requires that for emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit.

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 24 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.5.6 establishes the requirements for units subject to startup and shutdown requirements. Section 5.5.6 states that the applicable emission limits of Sections 5.1 shall not apply during start-up or shutdown provided an operator complies with the requirements specified in below.

- 5.5.6.1 The duration of each start-up or each shutdown shall not exceed two hours.
- 5.5.6.2 The emission control system shall be in operation and emissions shall be minimized insofar as technologically feasible during start-up or shutdown.

The requirements of this section are met by conditions # 7 through 9 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.1, Recordkeeping

Section 6.1 requires that the records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.5 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.

Section 6.1.1 applies to units operated under the exemption of Section 4.2. Since the unit is not subject to this exemption, this section is not applicable.

Section 6.1.2 applies to units operated under the exemption of Section 4.3. Since the unit is not subject to this exemption, this section is not applicable.

Section 6.1.3 requires that the operator of any unit subject to Section 5.2.1 or 5.2.2 shall record the amount of fuel use on a monthly basis for each unit. The unit is not subject to the requirements of Sections 5.2.1 or 5.2.2. Therefore, the requirements in this section are not applicable.

Section 6.1.4 requires that the operator of a unit subject to Section 5.2.1 or 6.3.1 shall maintain records to verify that the required tune-up and the required monitoring of the operational characteristics have been performed. The unit is not subject to the requirements of Sections 5.2.1 or 6.3.1. Therefore, the requirements in this section are not applicable.

Section 6.1.5 requires that the operator performing start-up or shutdown of a unit shall keep records of the duration of start-up or shutdown.

The requirements of this section are met by conditions # 26 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.2, Test Methods

Section 6.2 identifies the following test methods as District-approved source testing methods for the pollutants listed:

Pollutant	Units	Test Method Required
NO _x	ppmv	EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100
NO _x	lb/MMBtu	EPA Method 19
CO	ppmv	EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100
Stack Gas O ₂	%	EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100
Stack Gas Velocities	ft/min	EPA Method 2
Stack Gas Moisture Content	%	EPA Method 4

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 20 through 23 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.3, Compliance Testing

Section 6.3.1 requires that each unit subject to the requirements of Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3 shall be source tested to determine compliance with the applicable emission limits at least once every 12 months. Units that demonstrate compliance on two consecutive 12-month source tests may defer the following 12-month source test up to 36 months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits specified in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every 12 months. The requirements of this section are met by condition # 16 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.3.2 states that in lieu of compliance with Section 6.3.1, compliance with the applicable limits in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3 shall be demonstrated by submittal of annual emissions test results to the District from a unit or units that represents a group of units. Since the unit complies with Section 6.3.1, as discussed above, this section is not applicable.

E. District Rule 4306 – Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 3

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) and carbon monoxide (CO) from the operation of boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.

Current District Rule 4306 (amended 10/16/08) has not been SIP approved. Attachment D contains the streamlining of the SIP approved District Rule 4306 (9/18/03) to the current District Rule 4306 to show the current rule is as stringent if not more than the SIP approved version.

Section 5.1, NO_x and CO Emissions Limits

Section 5.1.1 requires that except for units subject to Sections 5.2, NO_x and carbon monoxide (CO) emissions shall not exceed the limits specified in the following table. All ppmv emission limits specified in this section are referenced at dry stack gas conditions and 3.00 percent by volume stack gas oxygen. Emission concentrations shall be corrected to 3.00 percent oxygen in accordance with Section 8.1.

With a maximum heat input of 19.95 MMBtu/hr, the applicable emission limit category is listed in Section 5.1.1, Table 1, Category A, from District Rule 4306.

Rule 4306 Emissions Limits				
Category	Operated on gaseous fuel		Operated on liquid fuel	
	NO_x Limit	CO Limit	NO_x Limit	CO Limit
A. Units with a rated heat input equal to or less than 20.0 MMBtu/hr, except for categories C, D, E, F, G, H, and I units	15 ppmv or 0.018 lb/MMBtu	400 ppmv	40 ppmv or 0.052 lb/MMBtu	400 ppmv

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 6 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.2, Low Use

The unit annual heat input will exceed the 9 billion Btu heat input per calendar year criteria limit addressed by this section. Since the unit is not subject to Section 5.2, the requirements of this section do not apply to the unit.

Section 5.3, Startup and Shutdown Provisions

Section 5.3 states that on and after the full compliance schedule specified in Section 7.1, the applicable emission limits of Sections 5.1, 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 shall not apply during start-up or shutdown provided an operator complies with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3.1 through 5.3.4.

The requirements of this section are met by conditions # 7 through 9 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.4, Monitoring Provisions

Section 5.4.2 requires that permit units subject to District Rule 4306, Section 5.1 emissions limits shall either install and maintain Continuous Emission Monitoring (CEM) equipment for NO_x, CO and O₂, or install and maintain APCO-approved alternate monitoring.

In order to satisfy the requirements of District Rule 4306, the facility is subject to pre-approved alternate monitoring scheme E (pursuant to District Policy SSP-1105), which requires monitoring of the Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR) valve settings.

The requirements of this section are met by conditions # 10 through 14 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Since the unit is not subject to the requirements listed in Section 5.2.1 or 5.2.2, it is not subject to Section 5.4.3 requirements.

Since the unit is not subject to the requirements of category H (maximum annual heat input between 9 billion and 30 billion Btu/year) listed in Section 5.1.1, it is not subject to Section 5.4.4 requirements.

Section 5.5, Compliance Determination

Section 5.5.1 requires that the operator of any unit shall have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu) emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.1. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling).

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 19 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.5.2 requires that all emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 15 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 5.5.4 requires that for emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.4.2, 5.4.2.1, and 6.3.1 using a portable NO_x analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period. Since the facility does not use a portable analyzer to satisfy the monitoring requirements of District Rule 4306 the requirements of Section 5.5.4 do not apply.

Section 5.5.5 requires that for emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit.

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 24 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.1, Recordkeeping

Section 6.1 requires that the records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.4 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.

Section 6.1.1 applies to units seeking exemption under Section 4.2. Since the unit is not subject to this exemption, this section is not applicable.

Section 6.1.2 requires that the operator of a unit subject to Category H unit listed in Section 5.1.1 Table 1 or to Section 5.2 shall record the amount of fuel use at least on a monthly basis. This unit is not subject to this section.

Section 6.1.3 requires that the operator of a unit subject to Section 5.2.1 or 6.3.1 shall maintain records to verify that the required tune-up and the required monitoring of the operational characteristics have been performed. Section 6.3.1 states that tune-ups required by Sections 5.2.1 and 6.3.1 do not need to be performed for units that operate and maintain an APCO approved CEMS or an APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System where the applicable emission limits are periodically monitored. This unit maintains an APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System where the applicable emission limits are periodically monitored; therefore the requirements of this section are not applicable to this unit.

Section 6.1.4 requires the operator performing start-up or shutdown of a unit shall keep records of the duration of start-up or shutdown. The requirements of this section are met by condition # 26 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.2, Test Methods

Section 6.2 identifies the following test methods as District-approved source testing methods for the pollutants listed:

Pollutant	Units	Test Method Required
NO _x	ppmv	EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100
NO _x	lb/MMBtu	EPA Method 19
CO	ppmv	EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100
Stack Gas O ₂	%	EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100
Stack Gas Velocities	ft/min	EPA Method 2
Stack Gas Moisture Content	%	EPA Method 4

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 20 through 23 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.3, Compliance Testing

Section 6.3.1 requires that this unit be tested to determine compliance with the applicable requirements of section 5.1 and 5.2.3 not less than once every 12 months. Upon demonstrating compliance on two consecutive compliance source tests, the following source test may be deferred for up to thirty-six months. The requirements of this section are met by condition # 16 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

In addition, since the applicant has proposed to use pre-approved Alternate Monitoring "E" monitoring the Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR) valve settings, Section 6.3.1 requires that the operator shall comply with the following:

- During the 36-month source testing interval, tune the unit at least twice per calendar year, (from four to eight months apart) by a qualified technician in accordance with the procedure described in Rule 4304 (Equipment Tuning Procedure for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters). If the unit does not operate throughout a continuous six-month period within a calendar year, only one tune-up is required for that calendar year. No tune-up is required for any unit that is not operated during that calendar year; this unit may be test fired to verify availability of the unit for its intended use, but once the test firing is completed the unit shall be shutdown.

The requirements of this section are met by conditions # 17 and 18 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

Section 6.3.1 also requires that, during the 36-month source testing interval, the owner/operator shall monthly monitor the operational characteristics recommended by the unit manufacturer. Since the pre-approved Alternate Monitoring Scheme "E" monitoring the Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR) valve settings requires weekly monitoring, operational characteristics monitoring requirement is satisfied, and no further discussion is required.

The requirements of this section are met by condition # 10 on the proposed PTO S-1199-6-8.

F. District Rule 4320 – Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of sulfur (SO₂), and particulate matter 10 microns or less (PM₁₀) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.

This rule applies to any gaseous fuel or liquid fuel fired boiler, steam generator, or process heater with a total rated heat input greater than 5 million Btu per hour.

Section 5.1 states that operators of a unit(s) shall comply with all applicable requirements of the rule and one of the following, on a unit-by-unit basis:

- Section 5.1.1 requires the unit comply with the emission limits specified in Sections 5.2 and 5.4; or
- Section 5.1.2 requires to pay an annual emissions fee to the District as specified in Section 5.3 and comply with the control requirements specified in Section 5.4.

Per Section 6.4.1, the operator submitted to the District an Emissions Control Plan containing the compliance schedule required by Section 7.0 of the rule.

- a. S-1199-6-9 – 19.95 MMBTU/HR BROACH FORCED DRAFT NATURAL GAS-FIRED PIPELINE HEATER WITH A PRO-FIRE MODEL NTD210NGX-15S-6P ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND MANUAL FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR)

For this unit, the facility proposes to comply with Section 5.1.2 and pay an annual emissions fee and comply with the control requirements in Section 5.4.

- Conditions 26 through 28 on the proposed permit ensure compliance with this rule.

G. District Rule 4351 – Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 1

This rule applies to any boiler, steam generator, or process heater with a rated heat input greater than 5 million Btu per hour that is fired with gaseous and/or liquid fuels, and is included in a major NO_x source. This facility is not a major source for NO_x emissions. Therefore, the requirements of this rule are not applicable and no further discussion is required.

H. District Rule 4623 – Storage of Organic Liquids

District Rule 4623 was last amended on May 19, 2005, and the current version was approved into the SIP on September 13, 2005.

The purpose of this rule is to limit volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from the storage of organic liquids.

a. 50 BBL UNDERGROUND CRUDE OIL SUMP TANK: PTO S-1199-2-5

This tank is subject to the leak-free requirements of District Rule 4623 as stated in the following sections:

Section 3.17 defines leak-free as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. Section 3.11 defines a gas leak as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the test method in Section 6.4.8.

Section 6.4.8 requires that measurements of a gas-leak concentration shall be determined by US EPA Method 21.

Section 5.2 requires that the pressure-vacuum relief valve shall be set to within ten (10) percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank. The pressure-vacuum relief valve shall be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. The pressure-vacuum relief valve shall be properly installed and maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in leak-free condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve set pressure.

Section 5.6.3 requires that all piping, valves, and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition.

The requirements of these sections are satisfied with condition 6 on the proposed PTO S-1199-2-5.

b. FIVE EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF TANK PTOs S-1199-3-4, -7-6, -8-6, -9-6, and -10-6

Five tank permits at this facility, S-1199-3, -7, -8, -9, and -10, are identical and therefore will be discussed together when demonstrating compliance with Rule 4623 requirements.

Section 5.1.1 requires that tanks greater than 39,600 gallons in capacity storing liquids with a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater, but less than 11.0 psia, shall be equipped with an internal floating roof, external floating roof, or vapor recovery system. This section also requires that if the TVP of the stored liquid is 11.0 psia or greater, the tank shall be equipped with a vapor recovery system, or a pressure vessel shall be used for storage.

Section 5.3.1.2 states that floating roof tanks shall be equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals, one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred to as the secondary seal.

Section 5.3.1.3 states that the floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling the tank shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the operator intends to land the roof on its legs, an operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before the operator may land the roof on its legs.

Section 5.3.2.1.1 requires that for welded tanks with primary metallic-shoe type seals: (a) no gap between the tank shell and the primary seal shall exceed one and one half (1-1/2) inches; (b) the cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than one-half (1/2) inch shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the circumference of the tank; (c) the cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than one-eighth (1/8) inch shall not exceed 30 percent of the tank circumference; and (d) no continuous gap greater than one-eighth (1/8) inch shall exceed ten (10) percent of the tank circumference.

Section 5.3.2.1.2 requires that: (a) no gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed one-half (1/2) inch; and (b) the cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than one-eighth (1/8) inch shall not exceed five (5) percent of the tank circumference.

Section 5.3.2.1.3 requires that the metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface.

Section 5.3.2.1.4 requires that the geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell is no greater than double the gap allowed by the seal gap criteria specified in Section 5.3.2.1.1 for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid surface.

Section 5.3.2.1.5 requires that there shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal.

Section 5.3.2.1.6 requires that the secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes up to one and one-half (1-1/2) inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal.

Section 5.3.2.1.7 requires that the secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal.

Section 5.5.1 requires that all openings in the roof used for sampling or gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves complying with Section 5.2, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal, or lid. The cover, seal, or lid shall at all times be in a closed position, with no visible gaps and leak-free, except when the device or appurtenance is in use for sampling or gauging.

Section 5.5.2.1.3 requires that automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports.

5.5.2.2.1 requires that except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents and pressure vacuum relief vents, each opening in a noncontact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface.

5.5.2.2.2 requires that except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use.

5.5.2.2.3 requires that automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports.

5.5.2.2.4 requires that rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.

5.5.2.2.5 requires that each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks.

5.5.2.2.6 requires that external floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a leak-free condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening.

Section 5.5.2.3.1 requires that solid sampling or gauging wells and similar fixed projections through a floating roof such as an anti-rotational pipe shall provide a projection below the liquid surface.

Section 5.5.2.3.2 requires that the solid sampling or gauging wells shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use.

Section 5.5.2.3.3 requires that the gap between the pole wiper and the guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-half (1/2) inch.

Section 5.5.2.4.2 requires that slotted guidepole wells shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed one-eighth (1/8) inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface.

Section 5.5.2.4.3 requires that the gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth (1/8) inch.

For these permit units, compliance with the preceding requirements for floating roofs is ensured by conditions 4, 5, 9 through 19, 21, 23 through 33, and 39 on the proposed renewed permits.

Section 6.1.1 requires that the operator of internal floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at a minimum of four (4) locations. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference.

Section 6.1.3.1 requires the operator to inspect all floating tanks at least once every 12 months to determine compliance with the requirements of this rule. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5.

Section 6.1.3.2 requires the operator to inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of this rule every time a tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 48 hours after the tank roof is re-floated.

For these permit units, compliance with the preceding requirements for floating roofs is ensured by conditions 34 through 36 on the proposed renewed permits.

Section 6.3 requires that an operator shall retain accurate records required by this rule for a period of five years, and that records shall be made available to the APCO upon request, except for certain records that need to be submitted as specified in the respective sections of the rule.

Section 6.3.5 requires that the permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of

the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken.

Section 6.3.7 requires that the permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank.

For these permit units, compliance with the preceding requirements for floating roofs is ensured by conditions 39 and 40 on the proposed renewed permits.

I. District Rule 4624–Transfer of Organic Liquid

Crude Oil Unloading Racks PTOs S-1199-14-1, -15-1, -16-1, -17-1, -18-1, and -19-1:

The purpose of this rule is to limit VOC emissions from the transfer of organic liquids. The rule was amended in December 20, 2007. A summary of the changes are as follows:

The amended rule includes unloading operations and results in the use of the term "transfer" in place of "loading." In Section 5.0, language specifying the requirements for facilities to be equipped with a VOC control and collection systems has been modified. Language was added that allows operators to route VOC to a control and collection system or container subject to control requirements of District Rule 4623 (Storage of Organic Liquids). Additionally, Class 2 facilities are required to utilize a vapor collection and control system. The amended rule allows facilities with closed systems to show compliance with emission limits by complying with the leak provisions in Section 5.0 (Requirements). In the previous version of the rule, there were no requirements to inspect for leaks. Quarterly leak inspection requirements allowing 72 hours to repair the leak was added. The rule also requires facilities, if unable to repair leaking components in this time, to take

components out of VOC service. Provisions have been provided for returning repaired components to service and reducing leak inspections to annually, if five consecutive quarterly inspections are passed.

This rule applies to the loading or unloading of organic liquid, defined as any liquid which contains VOCs and has a TVP greater than 1.5 psia at actual loading conditions. The unloading racks have historically loaded or unloaded crude oil which may have a TVP greater than 1.5 at actual unloading conditions. Plains is a Class 1 Organic Liquid Transfer Facility. As such, VOC emissions from the transfer operation shall not exceed 0.08 lbs-VOC/1,000 gallons unloaded. The transfer from trucks to fixed or floating roof tanks that meet the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids", satisfies the VOC control requirements of this rule for a Class 1 Organic Liquid Transfer Facility.

Section 5.0, Requirements

Section 5.6 requires that the transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections.

Section 3.17 defines leak as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane when measured in accordance with the test method in Section 6.3.7 shall constitute a leak, or for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured in accordance with the test method in Section 6.3.7 shall constitute a leak.

The requirements of these sections are met by permit conditions # 3 through 5 on the proposed PTOs.

Section 5.9, Leak Inspection Requirements

Section 5.9.1 requires that the operator of an organic liquid transfer facility shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the test method prescribed in Section 6.3.8.

Section 6.3.8 states that compliance with facility leaks as defined in Section 3.0 shall be determined using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21.

The requirements of these sections are met by permit condition #7 on the proposed PTOs.

Section 5.9.2 states that a floating roof container that meets the applicable control requirements of Section 5.0 of Rule 4623 (Storage of Organic Liquids) shall be considered not leaking for the purposes of this section.

The requirements of these sections are met by permit condition #3 on the proposed PTOs.

Section 5.9.3 requires that all equipment that are found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement.

The requirements of this section are met by permit condition #8 on the proposed PTOs.

Section 5.9.4 states that an operator may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during the inspections required under provisions of Sections 5.9.1 and 5.9.2 during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection the frequency would revert back to quarterly and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days.

The requirements of this section are met by permit condition #9 on the proposed PTOs.

J. District Rule 4702–Internal Combustion Engines–Phase 2

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines. The rule was amended on January 18, 2007 to address the following: The definition of Certified Compression-Ignited Engine was modified to include a Code of Federal Regulation citation. Exemption was added for engines used in retracting arresting gear cables used to stop military naval aircraft after landing. A compliance deadline for engines used exclusively in agricultural operation was extended for one year. Engines operated with an APCO certified exhaust control system were exempted from submitting an emission control plan. Certified compression ignition engines were exempted from compliance testing. A portable NO_x analyzer was allowed for Agriculture Operation (AO) spark-ignited engines to initially show compliance with the emission standards until a source test can be arranged. Representative testing for spark-ignited engines were allowed. A District certification program was established to verify the control efficiency of exhaust control systems.

The following permit requirements ensure compliance with this rule:

1. S-1199-12-3: 166 bhp Cummins Model 359 5.9 Diesel-Fired IC Engine

Conditions 4, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 13 ensure compliance with the revised requirements of this rule.

2. S-1199-13-2: 166 bhp Cummins Model 6BT5.9-G2 Diesel-Fired IC Engine

Conditions 3, 9, 10, and 11 ensure compliance with the revised requirements of this rule. Please note that the number of hours for maintenance and testing have been reduced to 20 hours/year per CA ATCM 17 CCR 93115.

K. District Rule 4801 – Sulfur Compounds

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of sulfur compounds. The limit at the point of discharge is 0.2 percent by volume, which is 2,000 ppmv, calculated as sulfur dioxide (SO₂), on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes.

The following analysis shows that the proposed requirement to use CARB certified diesel fuel with sulfur content not to exceed 0.0015% (weight) in the IC engine is more stringent than the sulfur compounds emission limit of District Rule 4801:

Using the ideal gas equation, the sulfur compound emissions are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Volume SO}_2 = nRT/P$$

Where:

n = moles SO₂

T (standard temperature) = 60 ° F or 520 ° R

R (universal gas constant) = $\frac{10.73 \text{ psi} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{\text{lb} \cdot \text{mol} \cdot ^\circ\text{R}}$

P (standard pressure) = 14.7 psi

And:

Density of diesel fuel = 7.1 lb/gallon

Heating value of diesel fuel = 0.137 MMBtu/gal

F factor for diesel fuel = 9051 scf/MMBtu

Molecular weight of SO₂ = 64 lb/lb.mol

Molecular weight of S = 32 lb/lb.mol

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol. SO}_2 &= (0.0015\% \text{ S}) \times (7.1 \text{ lb/gal}) \times (2.0 \text{ lb SO}_2/\text{lb S}) \times (1 \\ &\quad \text{MMBtu}/9051 \text{ scf}) \times (1 \text{ gal}/0.137 \text{ MMBtu}) \times (1 \text{ lb.mol}/64 \\ &\quad \text{lb.SO}_2) \times (10.73 \text{ psi.ft}^3/\text{lb.mol.}^\circ\text{R}) \times (520^\circ\text{R} / 14.7 \text{ psi}) \\ &= 1.0 \text{ ppmv} \end{aligned}$$

Internal combustion of diesel fuel with a sulfur content not exceeding 0.0015% by weight results in exhaust SO₂ concentrations of 1.0 ppmv; which is much lower than the District Rule 4801 sulfur compounds emission limit of 2,000 ppmv.

1. S-1199-12-3: 166 BHP CUMMINS MODEL 359 5.9 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR:

For this permit unit, condition 6 on the proposed permit to operate ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

L. 40 CFR Part 64-CAM

40 CFR Part 64 requires Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for units that meet the following three criteria:

- 1) the unit must have an emission limit for the pollutant;
- 2) the unit must have add-on controls for the pollutant; these are devices such as flue gas recirculation (FGR), baghouses, and catalytic oxidizers; and
- 3) the unit must have a pre-control potential to emit of greater than the major source thresholds.

1. S-1199-2-5 – 50 BBL Underground Crude Oil Sump Tank:

This permit unit does not have an emissions limit; therefore, it is not subject to CAM.

2. S-1199-3-4, -7-6, -8-6, -9-6, and -10-6 – Five External Floating Roof Tanks:

These permit units do not have any emission limits; therefore, they are not subject to CAM.

3. S-1199-6-9 – 19.95 MMBtu/hr Natural Gas-Fired Pipeline Heater:

- 1) This unit contains emission limits for NO_x, SO_x, PM₁₀, CO, and VOC.
- 2) This unit is served by a Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR) system to control NO_x emissions. There are no add-on controls for SO_x, PM₁₀, VOC, or CO emissions. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM for SO_x, PM₁₀, VOC, or CO emissions.
- 3) The FGR system will be assumed to have 70% control efficiency.

Pre-control Annual PE:

Annual NO_x emissions are calculated using the normal operation and startup/shutdown emissions factors and hours of operation as follows:

$$\text{PE} = [\text{Heat Input (MMBtu/hr)} \times \text{EF}_{\text{normal}} (\text{lb/MMBtu}) \times 5,840 \text{ hr/year}] + [\text{Heat Input (MMBtu/hr)} \times \text{EF}_{\text{startup/shutdown}} (\text{lb/MMBtu}) \times 2,920 \text{ hr/year}]$$

Since FGR is used only during normal operation, the pre-control annual PE is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pre-control PE} &= [(19.95 \text{ MMBtu/hr} \times 0.018 \text{ lb/MMBtu} \times 5,840 \text{ hr/year}) \\ &\quad + (1 - 0.7)] + [19.95 \text{ MMBtu/hr} \times 0.1 \text{ lb/MMBtu} \times 2,920 \\ &\quad \text{hr/year}] \\ &= \mathbf{12,816 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{year}} \end{aligned}$$

Since 12,816 lb-NO_x/yr < 20,000 lb-NO_x/yr (Major Source threshold for NO_x), this unit is not subject to CAM for NO_x emissions.

4. S-1199-12-3 – 166 bhp Diesel-Fired Emergency Standby IC Engine:

This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.

5. S-1199-13-2 – 166 bhp Diesel-Fired Emergency Standby IC Engine:

This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.

6. S-1199-14-1, -15-1, -16-1, -17-1, -18-1, and -19-1 – Six Crude Oil Unloading Racks:

These permit units do not have any emissions limits. Therefore, these permit units are not subject to CAM.

IX. PERMIT SHIELD

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

By using the model general permit template SJV-UM-0-3, the applicant has requested that a permit shield be issued for requirements addressed in the template. The basis for each permit shield is discussed in the Permit Shield Section V of Template SJV-UM-0-3. This permit shield is included in conditions 39 and 40 of the facility wide requirements S-1199-0-2.

B. Requirements not Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

Plains is not requesting any new permit shields within this Title V renewal project. In addition, Plains is not requesting any changes to the existing permit shields already included in their Title V operating permit. Therefore, all of the existing permit shields will be maintained on the revised permit for this renewal project.

X. PERMIT CONDITIONS

See Attachment A - Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit.

XI. ATTACHMENTS

- A. Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit
- B. Previous Title V Operating Permit
- C. Detailed Facility List
- D. Current District Rule 4306 SIP Comparison
- E. Template Qualification Form

ATTACHMENT A

Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: S-1199-0-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. {4362} The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. {4363} The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. {4364} The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {4365} Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {4366} The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.9.1 and 9.13.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {4367} A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {4368} Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {4369} The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: PLAINS MARKETING LP
Location: PENTLAND PUMP STATION, MARICOPA, CA
S-1199-0-2: May 9 2011 2:03PM - AHMADS

9. {4370} The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {4371} The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {4372} Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. {4373} If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {4374} It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {4375} The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {4376} The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {4377} The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {4378} The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {4379} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {4380} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {4381} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {4382} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

22. {4383} No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and County Rules 401 (in all eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. {4384} No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in Table of Standards 1 effective until 12/30/10 or Table of Standards 2 effective on and after 1/1/11 of District Rule 4601 (12/17/09) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. {4385} All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. {4386} The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (12/17/09). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {4387} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. {4388} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. {4389} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. {4390} Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8021 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. {4391} Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8031 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. {4392} An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8041 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. {4393} Whenever open areas are disturbed, or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8051 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. {4394} Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8061 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

34. {4395} Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 50 Average annual daily Trips (AADT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 150 vehicle trips per day (VDT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. On each day that 25 or more VDT with 3 or more axles will occur on an unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.3 of District Rule 8071. On each day when a special event will result in 1,000 or more vehicles that will travel/park on an unpaved area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.4 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8071 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. {4396} Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. {4397} The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {4398} The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {4399} When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. {4400} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 401 (Madera, Fresno, Kern, Kings, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare and Merced), Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings), and Rule 202 (Fresno, Kern, Tulare, Kings, Madera, Stanislaus, Merced, San Joaquin). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {4401} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (2/17/05); 4601 (12/17/09); 8021 (8/19/2004); 8031 (8/19/2004); 8041 (8/19/2004); 8051 (8/19/2004); 8061 (8/19/2004); and 8071 (9/16/2004). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {118} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
42. On December 31, 2004, the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin January 1 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Facilities S-254 and S-1199 are included in the same stationary source. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-2-5

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

50 BBL UNDERGROUND CRUDE OIL SUMP TANK WITH PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE, AND ASSOCIATED VALVES, FLANGES, PUMPS & PIPING.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. All valves, flanges and pump seals shall be maintained leak-free as defined in Rule 4623. [District Rule NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. True vapor pressure of any liquid introduced, placed, or stored in this permit unit shall not exceed 11.0 psia without prior District approval. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Average daily tank throughput (on annual basis) shall not exceed 50 bbl/day of fluid without prior District approval. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Tank shall be equipped with an operational stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Tank shall be equipped with a pressure/vacuum relief valve shall be set at 8.0 oz pressure and 0.5 oz vacuum. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. This tank shall be in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.11, 5.6.3, and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall maintain accurate records of tank throughput, true vapor pressure and temperature of petroleum liquids in the tank, and such records shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request for a period of five years. [District NSR Rule and District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-3-4

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

30,000 BBL, 85 FT. DIA. X 42 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #213 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 40,034 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 7,300,259 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {2653} True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {2736} The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {2737} The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2738} Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {2739} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {2656} Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {2657} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {2658} The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. {2659} No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {2740} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {2661} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {2662} The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {2663} The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {2741} There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {2665} The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {2666} The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {2742} Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {2687} All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. This tank shall be in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.11 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. {2749} Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {2750} Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {2699} The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {2752} Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {2753} If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {2755} Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {2728} All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. {2619} Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. {2605} Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. {2756} Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. {2757} If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. {2758} For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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47. {2759} If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. {2760} Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. {2761} Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. {2762} After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. {2763} If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. {2630} Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. {2624} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. {2626} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. {2627} For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. {2623} Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. {2764} Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. {2706} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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59. {2592} As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. {2591} The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. {2765} Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. {2636} This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-6-9

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 TOWNSHIP: 11N RANGE: 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

19.95 MMBTU/HR BROACH FORCED DRAFT NATURAL GAS-FIRED PIPELINE HEATER WITH A PRO-FIRE MODEL NTD210NGX-15S-6P ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND MANUAL FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. All equipment shall be maintained in good operating condition and shall be operated in a manner to minimize emissions of air contaminants into the atmosphere. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
3. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The unit shall only be fired on PUC-regulated natural gas. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Except during start-up and shutdown, emissions rates from the unit shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 15 ppmv NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 80 ppmv CO @ 3% O2 or 0.059 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. During start-up and shutdown, emissions from the unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 83 ppmv NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.1 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 115 ppmv CO @ 3% O2 or 0.84 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Duration of start-up or shutdown shall not exceed two hours each per occurrence. During start-up or shutdown, the emissions control system shall be in operation, and emissions shall be minimized insofar as technologically possible. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The total duration of startup and shutdown time shall not exceed either of the following limits: 8.0 hours per day or 2,920 hours per year. [District Rules 2201, 4305, and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting shall be monitored at least on a weekly basis. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last week. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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11. The acceptable settings for the flue gas recirculation valve(s) shall be established by source testing this unit or other representative units per Rule 4305 and as approved by the District. The normal range/level shall be that for which compliance with applicable NOx and CO emissions rates have been demonstrated through source testing at a similar firing rate. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Normal range or level for the flue gas recirculation valve(s) settings shall be re-established during each source test required by this permit. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. If the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting is less than the normal range/level, the permittee shall return the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting to the normal range/level as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting is not returned to the normal range/level within 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a source test within 60 days of the first exceedance, to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limits at the new flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting. A District-approved portable analyzer may be used in lieu of a source test to demonstrate compliance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The permittee shall maintain records of the date and time of flue gas recirculation valve(s) settings, the observed setting, and the firing rate at the time of the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting measurements. The records must also include a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. During the 36-month source testing interval, the owner/operator shall have unit tuned at least twice each calendar year, from four to eight months apart, in which it operates, by a technician that is qualified, to the satisfaction of the APCO, in accordance with the procedure described in Rule 4304 (Equipment Tuning Procedure for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters). [District Rule 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. If the unit does not operate throughout a continuous six-month period within a calendar year, only one tune-up is required for that calendar year. No tune-up is required for any unit that is not operated during that calendar year; this unit may be test fired to verify availability of the unit for its intended use, but once the test firing is completed the unit shall be shutdown. [District Rule 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. NOx emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100 on a ppmv basis, or EPA Method 19 on a heat input basis. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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22. CO emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Stack gas oxygen (O₂) shall be determined using EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Pursuant to Rule 4320, beginning in 2010 the operator shall pay an annual emission fee to the District for NO_x emissions from this unit for the previous calendar year. Payments are due by July 1 of each year. Payments shall continue annually until either the unit is permanently removed from service in the District or the operator demonstrates compliance with the applicable NO_x emission limit listed in Rule 4320. [District Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Permittee shall maintain records of annual heat input (MMBtu) for this unit on a calendar year basis. Such records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. On and after July 1, 2012, the permittee shall submit an analysis showing the fuel's sulfur content at least once every year. Valid purchase contracts, supplier certifications, tariff sheets, or transportation contracts may be used to satisfy this requirement, provided they establish the fuel parameters mentioned above. [District Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Daily records of start-up and shutdown durations shall be maintained. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201, 4305, and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-7-6

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

50,000 BBL, 95 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #201 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 49,919 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 9,123,730 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {2653} True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {2736} The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {2737} The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2738} Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {2739} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {2656} Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {2657} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {2658} The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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12. {2659} No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {2740} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {2661} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {2662} The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {2663} The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {2741} There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {2665} The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {2666} The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {2742} Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {2687} All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. This tank shall be in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.11 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. {2749} Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {2750} Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {2699} The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {2752} Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {2753} If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {2755} Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {2728} All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. {2619} Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. {2605} Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. {2756} Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. {2757} If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. {2758} For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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47. {2759} If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. {2760} Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. {2761} Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. {2762} After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. {2763} If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. {2630} Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. {2624} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. {2626} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. {2627} For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. {2623} Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. {2764} Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. {2706} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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59. {2592} As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. {2591} The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. {2765} Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. {2636} This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-8-6

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009
DRAFT

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

50,000 BBL, 95 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #202 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 49,919 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 9,123,730 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {2653} True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {2736} The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {2737} The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2738} Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {2739} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {2656} Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {2657} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {2658} The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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12. {2659} No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {2740} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {2661} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {2662} The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {2663} The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {2741} There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {2665} The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {2666} The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {2742} Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {2687} All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. This tank shall be in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.11 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. {2749} Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {2750} Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {2699} The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {2752} Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {2753} If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {2755} Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {2728} All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. {2619} Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. {2605} Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. {2756} Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. {2757} If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. {2758} For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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47. {2759} If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. {2760} Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. {2761} Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. {2762} After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. {2763} If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. {2630} Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. {2624} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. {2626} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. {2627} For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. {2623} Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. {2764} Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. {2706} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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59. {2592} As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. {2591} The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. {2765} Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. {2636} This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-9-6

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

100,000, 125 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, FLOATING FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #203 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 125,489 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 22,862,352 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {2653} True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {2736} The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {2737} The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on it's legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2738} Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {2739} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {2656} Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {2657} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {2658} The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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12. {2659} No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {2740} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {2661} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {2662} The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {2663} The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {2741} There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {2665} The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {2666} The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {2742} Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {2687} All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. This tank shall be in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.11 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. {2749} Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {2750} Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {2699} The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {2752} Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {2753} If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {2755} Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {2728} All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. {2619} Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. {2605} Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
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45. {2757} If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. {2758} For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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47. {2759} If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. {2760} Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. {2761} Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. {2762} After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. {2763} If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
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53. {2624} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. {2626} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. {2627} For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. {2623} Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. {2764} Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. {2706} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

59. {2592} As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. {2591} The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. {2765} Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. {2636} This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-10-6

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

100,000 BBL, 125 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #204 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPE SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 120,227 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 21,903,701 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {2653} True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {2736} The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {2737} The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2738} Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {2739} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {2656} Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {2657} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {2658} The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. {2659} No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {2740} Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {2661} The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {2662} The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {2663} The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {2741} There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {2665} The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {2666} The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {2742} Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {2687} All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. This tank shall be in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.11 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. {2749} Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {2750} Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {2699} The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {2752} Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {2753} If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {2755} Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {2728} All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. {2619} Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. {2605} Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. {2756} Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. {2757} If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. {2758} For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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47. {2759} If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. {2760} Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. {2761} Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. {2762} After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. {2763} If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. {2630} Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. {2624} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. {2626} Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. {2627} For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. {2623} Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. {2764} Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. {2706} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

59. {2592} As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. {2591} The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. {2765} Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. {2636} This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-12-3

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

166 BHP CUMMINS MODEL 359 5.9 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The engine shall be operated with the timing retarded four degrees from the manufacturer's standard recommended timing. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The engine shall be equipped with a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {2414} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201, 3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2421} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with the following subsumed requirements: Rules 404 (Madera), 406 (Fresno), and 407 (Kings, Merced, San Joaquin, Tulare, Kern, and Stanislaus). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 20 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2520, 9.4.2 and 4702, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-13-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

166 HP CUMMINS MODEL 6BT5.9-G2 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. {2414} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201, 3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {1902} The sulfur content of the diesel fuel used shall not exceed 0.05% by weight. [District Rule 2201]
5. Emissions from this engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 4.9 g-NOx/hp-hr, 3.7 g-CO/hp-hr or 0.3 g-VOC/hp-hr. [District Rule 2201]
6. Emissions from this engine shall not exceed 0.22 g-PM10/hp-hr. [District Rules 2201 and 4102]
7. {1897} This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District Rule 2201]
8. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
9. The engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 20 hours per year. [District Rules 2201 and 4702, and 17 CCR 93115]
10. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. {2247} The permittee shall maintain records of hours of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the date, the number of hours of operation, the purpose of the operation (e.g., load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.), and the sulfur content of the diesel fuel used. Such records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-14-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 TOWNSHIP: 11N RANGE: 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #217 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. VOC from the crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or, for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane; or, for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 3.17] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. All leaking components shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours of discovery. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections: Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and permittee shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

11. Permittee shall maintain all records of throughput, required monitoring data and support information for a minimum of five years and shall made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-15-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #218 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. VOC from the crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or, for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane; or, for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 3.17] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. All leaking components shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours of discovery. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and permittee shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Permittee shall maintain all records of throughput, required monitoring data and support information for a minimum of five years and shall made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-16-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #219 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. VOC from the crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or, for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane; or, for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 3.17] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. All leaking components shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours of discovery. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and permittee shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Permittee shall maintain all records of throughput, required monitoring data and support information for a minimum of five years and shall made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-17-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #225 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. VOC from the crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or, for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane; or, for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 3.17] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. All leaking components shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours of discovery. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and permittee shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Permittee shall maintain all records of throughput, required monitoring data and support information for a minimum of five years and shall made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-18-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #226 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. VOC from the crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or, for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane; or, for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 3.17] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. All leaking components shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours of discovery. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and permittee shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Permittee shall maintain all records of throughput, required monitoring data and support information for a minimum of five years and shall made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-19-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK "NORTH RACK" WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. VOC from the crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or, for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane; or, for gasoline, a concentration of VOC greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 3.17] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. All leaking components shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours of discovery. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and permittee shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624, 5.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Permittee shall maintain all records of throughput, required monitoring data and support information for a minimum of five years and shall made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

ATTACHMENT B

Previous Title V Operating Permit

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: S-1199-0-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (3/21/02). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.12.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: PLAINS MARKETING LP
Location: PENTLAND PUMP STATION, MARICOPA, CA
S-1199-0-1: Aug 4 2010 8:32AM - AHMADS

10. The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (11/15/01). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and County Rules 401 (in all eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards of District Rule 4601 (10/31/01) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All VOC-containing materials for architectural coatings subject to Rule 4601 (10/31/01) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (10/31/01). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8021 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8031 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8041 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Whenever open areas are disturbed or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8051 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8061 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 75 vehicle trips per day shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 100 vehicle trips per day shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8071 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

36. The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 401 (Madera, Fresno, Kern, Kings, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare and Merced), Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), and Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (11/15/01); 4601, sections 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.8 and 8.0 (10/31/01); 8021 (11/15/01); 8031 (11/15/01); 8041 (11/15/01); 8051 (11/15/01); 8061 (11/15/01); and 8071 (11/15/01). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
42. On December 31, 2004, the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report are based upon this initial permit issuance date, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Facilities S-254 and S-1199 are included in the same stationary source. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-2-4

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

50 BBL UNDERGROUND CRUDE OIL SUMP TANK WITH PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE, AND ASSOCIATED VALVES, FLANGES, PUMPS & PIPING.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. All valves, flanges and pump seals shall be maintained gas-tight as defined in Rule 4623. [District Rule NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. True vapor pressure of any liquid introduced, placed, or stored in this permit unit shall not exceed 11.0 psia without prior District approval. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Average daily tank throughput (on annual basis) shall not exceed 50 bbl/day of fluid without prior District approval. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Tank shall be equipped with an operational stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Tank shall be equipped with a pressure/vacuum relief valve shall be set at 8.0 oz pressure and 0.5 oz vacuum. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. This tank shall be in a gas-tight condition. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.6.3, 5.2 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Permittee shall maintain accurate records of tank throughput, true vapor pressure and temperature of petroleum liquids in the tank, and such records shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request for a period of five years. [District NSR Rule and District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-3-3

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

30000 BBL, 85 FT. DIA. X 42 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #213 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 40,034 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 7,300,259 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

47. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

60. The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended December 20, 2001) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-6-8

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

19.95 MMBTU/HR BROACH FORCED DRAFT NATURAL GAS-FIRED PIPELINE HEATER WITH A PRO-FIRE MODEL NTD210NGX-15S-6P ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND MANUAL FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. All equipment shall be maintained in good operating condition and shall be operated in a manner to minimize emissions of air contaminants into the atmosphere. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
3. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The unit shall only be fired on PUC-regulated natural gas. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Except during start-up and shutdown, emissions rates from the unit shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 15 ppmv NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 80 ppmv CO @ 3% O2 or 0.059 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. During start-up and shutdown, emissions from the unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 83 ppmv NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.1 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 115 ppmv CO @ 3% O2 or 0.84 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Duration of start-up or shutdown shall not exceed two hours each per occurrence. During start-up or shutdown, the emissions control system shall be in operation, and emissions shall be minimized insofar as technologically possible. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The total duration of startup and shutdown time shall not exceed either of the following limits: 8.0 hours per day or 2,920 hours per year. [District Rules 2201, 4305, and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting shall be monitored at least on a weekly basis. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last week. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

11. The acceptable settings for the flue gas recirculation valve(s) shall be established by source testing this unit or other representative units per Rule 4305 and as approved by the District. The normal range/level shall be that for which compliance with applicable NO_x and CO emissions rates have been demonstrated through source testing at a similar firing rate. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Normal range or level for the flue gas recirculation valve(s) settings shall be re-established during each source test required by this permit. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. If the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting is less than the normal range/level, the permittee shall return the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting to the normal range/level as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting is not returned to the normal range/level within 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a source test within 60 days of the first exceedance, to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limits at the new flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting. A District-approved portable analyzer may be used in lieu of a source test to demonstrate compliance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The permittee shall maintain records of the date and time of flue gas recirculation valve(s) settings, the observed setting, and the firing rate at the time of the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting measurements. The records must also include a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the flue gas recirculation valve(s) setting within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. Source testing to measure NO_x and CO emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. During the 36-month source testing interval, the owner/operator shall have unit tuned at least twice each calendar year, from four to eight months apart, in which it operates, by a technician that is qualified, to the satisfaction of the APCO, in accordance with the procedure described in Rule 4304 (Equipment Tuning Procedure for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters). [District Rule 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. If the unit does not operate throughout a continuous six-month period within a calendar year, only one tune-up is required for that calendar year. No tune-up is required for any unit that is not operated during that calendar year; this unit may be test fired to verify availability of the unit for its intended use, but once the test firing is completed the unit shall be shutdown. [District Rule 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. NO_x emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100 on a ppmv basis, or EPA Method 19 on a heat input basis. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

22. CO emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Stack gas oxygen (O₂) shall be determined using EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Daily records of start-up and shutdown durations shall be maintained. [District Rules 2201, 4305 and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201, 4305, and 4306] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. Pursuant to Rule 4320, beginning in 2010 the operator shall pay an annual emission fee to the District for NO_x emissions from this unit for the previous calendar year. Payments are due by July 1 of each year. Payments shall continue annually until either the unit is permanently removed from service in the District or the operator demonstrates compliance with the applicable NO_x emission limit listed in Rule 4320. [District Rule 4320]
29. Permittee shall maintain records of annual heat input (MMBtu) for this unit on a calendar year basis. Such records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and Rule 4320]
30. On and after July 1, 2012, the permittee shall submit an analysis showing the fuel's sulfur content at least once every year. Valid purchase contracts, supplier certifications, tariff sheets, or transportation contracts may be used to satisfy this requirement, provided they establish the fuel parameters mentioned above. [District Rule 4320]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-7-5

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

50000 BBL, 95 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #201 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 49,919 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 9,123,730 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

47. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

60. The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended December 20, 2001) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-8-5

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

50000 BBL, 95 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #202 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 49,919 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 9,123,730 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

47. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

60. The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended December 20, 2001) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-9-5

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

100000, 125 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, FLOATING FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #203 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 125,489 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 22,862,352 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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47. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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60. The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended December 20, 2001) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-10-5

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

100000 BBL, 125 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #204 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPE SECONDARY SEAL.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 120,227 bbl per day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Tank liquid throughput shall not exceed 21,903,701 bbl per year. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Tank shall be equipped with stored liquid temperature indicator. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623, 5.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2) & (i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i) and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
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12. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5 and 40 CFR 60.112b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use [District Rule 4623, 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, 5.5.2.1.3 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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27. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. The slotted guidepole well on the external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. The permittee shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623 every time this tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

39. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 4) Gas-tight status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the gas-tight status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 5) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.3, 5.5.2.3.3, 5.5.2.4.2, and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 6) Any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the maximum true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. All covers, seals and lids covering openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves set to within 10 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall be inspected annually by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. However, if one or more of the components are found to leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency for that component type shall be changed from annual to quarterly. If none of the components of that type are subsequently found to be leaking during five consecutive inspections, the inspection frequency may be changed from quarterly to annual. Components located in inaccessible (over 15 feet above ground when access is required from the ground or over 6 feet away from a platform when access is required from the platform) locations shall be inspected at least annually and components located in unsafe areas shall be inspected and repaired upon detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired. Leaks over 10,000 ppmv shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

47. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [40CFR 60.116b(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. As used in this permit, the term "source or type" shall mean liquids with similar characteristics. The operator shall maintain records of API gravity of petroleum liquids stored in this unit to determine which are from common source. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

60. The operator of a fixed roof tank shall maintain all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [40CFR 60.116b(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (Amended December 20, 2001) and 40CFR60, Subpart Kb (except 60.115b(b)(1)). A permit shield is granted from this requirement [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. This unit commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after July 23, 1984. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K and Ka do not apply to this source. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep accurate records of liquid throughput, Reid vapor pressure, storage temperature and types of liquids stored, for a period of five years, and shall make such records available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 & 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-12-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: 10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

166 BHP CUMMINS MODEL 359 5.9 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The engine shall be operated with the timing retarded four degrees from the manufacturer's standard recommended timing. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The engine shall be equipped with a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201, 3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with the following subsumed requirements: Rules 404 (Madera), 406 (Fresno), and 407 (Kings, Merced, San Joaquin, Tulare, Kern, and Stanislaus). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 20 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2520, 9.4.2 and 4702, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-13-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

166 HP CUMMINS MODEL 6BT5.9-G2 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District Rule 2201]
2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
3. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
4. The engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 169 hours per year. [District Rule 2201 and 4701]
5. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
6. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
7. The sulfur content of the diesel fuel used shall not exceed 0.05% by weight. [District Rule 2201]
8. Emissions from this engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 4.9 g-NOx/hp-hr, 3.7 g-CO/hp-hr or 0.3 g-VOC/hp-hr. [District Rule 2201]
9. Emissions from this engine shall not exceed 0.22 g-PM10/hp-hr. [District Rules 2201 and 4102]
10. The permittee shall maintain records of hours of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the date, the number of hours of operation, the purpose of the operation (e.g., load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.), and the sulfur content of the diesel fuel used. Such records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070]
11. The facility shall submit an application to modify the Title V permit in accordance with the timeframes and procedures of District Rule 2520. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-14-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

SECTION: SE10 **TOWNSHIP:** 11N **RANGE:** 23W

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #217 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020]
3. Crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624]
4. Permittee shall conduct leak inspections of the unloading rack components pursuant to Section 5.9 of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]
5. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3]
6. Records required under Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2, or 6.1.3 shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-15-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #218 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020]
3. Crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624]
4. Permittee shall conduct leak inspections of the unloading rack components pursuant to Section 5.9 of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]
5. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3]
6. Records required under Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2, or 6.1.3 shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-16-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #219 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020]
3. Crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624]
4. Permittee shall conduct leak inspections of the unloading rack components pursuant to Section 5.9 of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]
5. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3]
6. Records required under Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2, or 6.1.3 shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-17-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #225 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020]
3. Crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624]
4. Permittee shall conduct leak inspections of the unloading rack components pursuant to Section 5.9 of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]
5. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3]
6. Records required under Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2, or 6.1.3 shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-18-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #226 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020]
3. Crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624]
4. Permittee shall conduct leak inspections of the unloading rack components pursuant to Section 5.9 of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]
5. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3]
6. Records required under Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2, or 6.1.3 shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1199-19-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2009

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK "NORTH RACK" WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. Only crude oil shall be unloaded through this equipment without prior approval by the District through Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2020]
3. Crude oil unloaded through this equipment shall only be routed to a fixed roof or floating roof storage tank which meets the control requirements of Rule 4623, "Storage of Organic Liquids". [District Rule 4624]
4. Permittee shall conduct leak inspections of the unloading rack components pursuant to Section 5.9 of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]
5. Permittee shall keep records of daily unloading rack throughput and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rule 4624, 6.1.3]
6. Records required under Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2, or 6.1.3 shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA. [District Rule 4624]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

ATTACHMENT C

Detailed Facility List

Detailed Facility Report
For Facility=1199 and excluding Deleted Permits
Sorted by Facility Name and Permit Number

PLAINS MARKETING LP PENTLAND PUMP STATION MARICOPA, CA	FAC # STATUS: TELEPHONE:	S 1199 A (661) 587-2116	TYPE: TOXIC ID:	TitleV 50006	EXPIRE ON: AREA: INSP. DATE:	05/31/2009 103 / 03/12
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PERMIT NUMBER	FEE DESCRIPTION	FEE RULE	QTY	FEE AMOUNT	FEE TOTAL	PERMIT STATUS	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
S-1199-2-4	2100 GALLONS	3020-05 A	1	75.00	75.00	A	50 BBL UNDERGROUND CRUDE OIL SUMP TANK WITH PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE, AND ASSOCIATED VALVES, FLANGES, PUMPS & PIPING.
S-1199-3-3	30,000 BBL STORAGE TANK	3020-05 G	1	382.00	382.00	A	30000 BBL, 85 FT. DIA. X 42 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #213 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.
S-1199-6-8	19,950 kBtu/hr	3020-02 H	1	1,030.00	1,030.00	A	19.95 MMBTU/HR BROACH FORCED DRAFT NATURAL GAS-FIRED PIPELINE HEATER WITH A PRO-FIRE MODEL NTD210NGX-15S-6P ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND MANUAL FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR)
S-1199-7-5	2,100,000 GALLONS	3020-05 G	1	382.00	382.00	A	50000 BBL, 95 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #201 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.
S-1199-8-5	2,100,000 GALLONS	3020-05 G	1	382.00	382.00	A	50000 BBL, 95 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #202 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.
S-1199-9-5	4,200,000 GALLONS	3020-05 G	1	382.00	382.00	A	100000, 125 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, FLOATING FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #203 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPER SECONDARY SEAL.
S-1199-10-5	4,200,000 GALLONS	3020-05 G	1	382.00	382.00	A	100000 BBL, 125 FT. DIA. X 48 FT. HIGH, DOUBLE-DECK, EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF, WELDED CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK #204 WITH MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SINGLE WIPE SECONDARY SEAL.
S-1199-12-2	166 bhp IC engine	3020-10 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	166 BHP CUMMINS MODEL 359 5.9 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR
S-1199-13-0	170 HP	3020-10 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	166 HP CUMMINS MODEL 6BT5.9-G2 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR
S-1199-14-0	< 50 electric motor horsepower	3020-01 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #217 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS
S-1199-15-0	< 50 electric motor horsepower	3020-01 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #218 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

Detailed Facility Report
For Facility=1199 and excluding Deleted Permits
Sorted by Facility Name and Permit Number

PERMIT NUMBER	FEE DESCRIPTION	FEE RULE	QTY	FEE AMOUNT	FEE TOTAL	PERMIT STATUS	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
S-1199-16-0	< 50 electric motor horsepower	3020-01 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #219 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS
S-1199-17-0	< 50 electric motor horsepower	3020-01 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #225 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS
S-1199-18-0	< 50 electric motor horsepower	3020-01 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK #226 WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS
S-1199-19-0	< 50 electric motor horsepower	3020-01 B	1	117.00	117.00	A	CRUDE OIL UNLOADING RACK "NORTH RACK" WITH TRANSFER PUMP AND ASSOCIATED HOSES, VALVES, FLANGES, AND THREADED CONNECTIONS

Number of Facilities Reported: 1

ATTACHMENT D

CURRENT DISTRICT RULE 4306
SIP COMPARISON

Comparison of the latest amended version (amended October 16, 2008) of District Rule 4306 and the current SIP approved version, adopted September 18, 2003

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
APPLICABILITY		
This rule applies to any gaseous fuel or liquid fuel fired boiler, steam generator, or process heater with a total rated heat input greater than 5 million Btu per hour.	X	X
EXEMPTIONS		
<p>The requirements of this rule shall not apply to:</p> <p>Solid fuel fired units.</p> <p>Dryers and glass melting furnaces.</p> <p>Kilns and smelters where the products of combustion come into direct contact with the material to be heated.</p> <p>Unfired or fired waste heat recovery boilers that are used to recover or augment heat from the exhaust of combustion turbines or internal combustion engines.</p> <p>The requirements of Sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2 shall not apply to a unit when burning any fuel other than PUC quality natural gas during PUC quality natural gas curtailment provided all of the following conditions are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuels other than PUC quality natural gas are burned no more than 168 cumulative hours in a calendar year plus 48 hours per calendar year for equipment testing, as limited by Permit to Operate. • NOx emission shall not exceed 150 ppmv or 0.215 lb/MMBtu. Demonstration of compliance with this limit shall be made by either source testing, continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS), an APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System, or an APCO approved portable NOx analyzer. 	X	X
REQUIREMENTS		
<p><u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u></p> <p>Units with a rated heat input equal to or less than 20.0 MMBtu/hour, except for Categories C, D, E, F, G, H, and I units</p> <p>Gaseous Fuel: 15 ppmv or 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO</p> <p>Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO</p>	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Units with a rated heat input greater than 20.0 MMBtu/hour, except for Categories C, D, E, F, G, H, and I units Gaseous Fuel: 9 ppmv or 0.011 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Oilfield Steam Generators Gaseous Fuel: 15 ppmv or 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Refinery units with a rated heat input greater than 5 MMBtu/hr up to 65 MMBtu/hr Gaseous Fuel: 30 ppmv or 0.036 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Refinery units with a rated heat input greater than 65 MMBtu/hr up to 110 MMBtu/hr Gaseous Fuel: 25 ppmv or 0.031 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Refinery units with a rated heat input greater than 110 MMBtu/hr Gaseous Fuel: 5 ppmv or 0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Load-following units Gaseous Fuel: 15 ppmv or 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Units limited by a Permit to Operate to an annual heat input of 9 billion Btu/year to 30 billion Btu/year Gaseous Fuel: 30 ppmv or 0.036 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Standard Option)</u> Units in which the rated heat input of each burner is less than or equal to 5 MMBtu/hr but the total rated heat input of all the burners in a unit is greater than 5 MMBtu/hr, as specified in the Permit to Operate, and in which the products of combustion do not come in contact with the products of combustion of any other burner. Gaseous Fuel: 30 ppmv or 0.036 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO	X	X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Enhanced Option)</u> Units with a rated heat input equal to or less than 20.0 MMBtu/hour, except for Categories C, D, E, F, G, H, and I units Gaseous Fuel: 9 ppmv or 0.011 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO		X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Enhanced Option)</u> Units with a rated heat input greater than 20.0 MMBtu/hour, except for Categories C, D, E, F, G, H, and I units Gaseous Fuel: 6 ppmv or 0.007 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO		X
<u>NOx and CO Limits (Enhanced Option)</u> Load-following units Gaseous Fuel: 9 ppmv or 0.011 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO Liquid Fuel: 400 ppmv or 0.052 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 400 ppmv-CO		X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<p>When a unit is operated on combinations of gaseous fuel and liquid fuel, the NO_x limit shall be the heat input weighted average of the applicable limits specified in Sections 5.1.1, as calculated by the following equation:</p> $\text{WeightedAverageLimit} = \frac{(\text{NO}_x \text{ limit for gaseous fuel} \times G) + (\text{NO}_x \text{ limit for liquid fuel} \times L)}{G + L}$ <p>Where: G = annual heat input from gaseous fuel L = annual heat input from liquid fuel</p>	X	X
<p>For each unit that is limited to less than 9 billion Btu per calendar year heat input pursuant to a Permit to Operate, the operator shall comply with the requirement of Section 7.4 and one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tune the unit at least twice per calendar year, (from four to eight months apart) by a qualified technician in accordance with the procedure described in Rule 4304 (Equipment Tuning Procedure for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters). If the unit does not operate throughout a continuous six-month period within a calendar year, only one tune-up is required for that calendar year. No tune-up is required for any unit that is not operated during that calendar year; this unit may be test fired to verify availability of the unit for its intended use, but once the test firing is completed the unit shall be shutdown; or • operate the unit in a manner that maintains exhaust oxygen concentrations at less than or equal to 3.00 percent by volume on a dry basis; or • operate the unit in compliance with the applicable emission limits of Sections 5.1.1 or 5.1.2. 	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<p>The applicable emission limits of Sections 5.1, 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 shall not apply during start-up or shutdown provided an operator complies with the requirements specified below.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The duration of each start-up or each shutdown shall not exceed two hours, except as provided in Section 5.3.3. • The emission control system shall be in operation and emissions shall be minimized insofar as technologically feasible during start-up or shutdown. • An operator may submit an application for a Permit to Operate condition to allow more than two hours for each start-up or each shutdown provided the operator meets all of the following conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. The maximum allowable duration of start-up or shutdown will be determined by the APCO. The allowable duration of start-up shall not exceed twelve hours and the allowable duration of shutdown shall not exceed nine hours. b. The APCO will only approve start-up or shutdown duration longer than two hours when the application clearly identifies the control technologies or strategies to be utilized; and describes what physical conditions prevail during start-up or shutdown periods that prevent the controls from being effective; and provides a reasonably precise estimate as to when the physical conditions will have reached a state that allows for the effective control of emissions. • The operator shall submit to the APCO any information deemed necessary by the APCO to determine the appropriate length of start-up or shutdown. The information shall include a detailed list of activities to be performed during start-up or shutdown and a reasonable explanation for the length of time needed to complete each activity; and a description of the material process flow rates and system operating parameters, etc., the operator plans to evaluate during the process optimization; and an explanation of how the activities and process flow affect the operation of the emissions control equipment; and basis for the requested additional duration of start-up or shutdown. 	X	X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Permit to Operate modification solely to include start-up or shutdown conditions shall be exempt from the BACT and offset requirements of Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule) for applications for Authority to Construct that are submitted and are approved by the APCO by the applicable "full compliance" schedule specified in Section 7.1 Table 2 	X	

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Permit to Operate (PTO) modifications solely to include start-up or shutdown conditions may be exempt from Best Available Control Technology (BACT) and emission offset requirements if the PTO modifications meet the requirements of Rule 2201 (New or Modified Stationary Source Review Rule) Section 4.2 (BACT Exemptions) and Rule 2201 Section 4.6 (Offset Exemptions). 		X
MONITORING PROVISIONS		
<p>The operator of any unit which simultaneously fires gaseous and liquid fuels shall install and maintain an operational non-resettable, totalizing mass or volumetric flow meter in each fuel line to each unit. Volumetric flow measurements shall be periodically compensated for temperature and pressure.</p>	X	X
<p>The operator of any unit subject to the applicable emission limits in Sections 5.1 shall install and maintain an operational APCO approved Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) for NO_x, CO, and oxygen, or implement an APCO-approved Alternate Monitoring System. An APCO approved CEMS shall comply with the requirements of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 51, 40 CFR Parts 60.7 and 60.13 (except subsection h), 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix B (Performance Specifications) and 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix F (Quality Assurance Procedures, and applicable provisions of Rule 1080 (Stack Monitoring)). An APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System shall monitor one or more of the following: periodic NO_x and CO exhaust emission concentrations, periodic exhaust oxygen concentration, flow rate of reducing agent added to exhaust, catalyst inlet and exhaust temperature, catalyst inlet and exhaust oxygen concentration, periodic flue gas recirculation rate, other operational characteristics.</p>	X	X
<p>For units subject to the requirements of Section 5.2.1 or 5.2.2, the operator shall monitor, at least on a monthly basis, the operational characteristics recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the APCO.</p>	X	X
<p>The operator of any Category H unit listed in Section 5.1.1 Table 1 and any unit subject to Section 5.2.1 or 5.2.2 shall install and maintain an operational non-resettable, totalizing mass or volumetric flow meter in each fuel line to each unit. Volumetric flow measurements shall be periodically compensated for temperature and pressure. A master meter, which measures fuel to all units in a group of similar units, may satisfy these requirements if approved by the APCO in writing. The cumulative annual fuel usage may be verified from utility service meters, purchase or tank fill records, or other acceptable methods, as approved by the APCO.</p>	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
The APCO shall not approve an alternative monitoring system unless it is documented that continued operation within ranges of specified emissions-related performance indicators or operational characteristics provides a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limits. The operator shall source test over the proposed range of surrogate operating parameters to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards.		X
COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION		
The operator of any unit shall have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu) emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.1. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling).	X	X
All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.	X	
All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. Unless otherwise specified in the Permit to Operate no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.		X
All Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) emissions measurements shall be averaged over a period of 15 consecutive minutes to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limits of this rule. Any 15-consecutive-minute block average CEMS measurement exceeding the applicable emission limits of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.	X	X
For emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.4.2, 5.4.2.1, and 6.3.1 using a portable NOx analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period.	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
For emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit.	X	X
RECORDKEEPING		
The records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.4 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.	X	X
The operator of any unit operated under the exemption of Section 4.2 shall monitor and record for each unit the cumulative annual hours of operation on each fuel other than natural gas during periods of natural gas curtailment and equipment testing. The NO _x emission concentration (in ppmv or lb/MMBtu) for each unit that is operated during periods of natural gas curtailment shall be recorded. Failure to maintain records required by Section 6.1.1 or information contained in the records that demonstrates noncompliance with the conditions for exemption under Section 4.2 will result in loss of exemption status. On and after the applicable compliance schedule specified in Section 7.0, any unit losing an exemption status shall be brought into full compliance with this rule as specified in Section 7.3.	X	X
The operator of any Category H unit listed in Section 5.1.1 Table 1 and any unit that is subject to the requirements of Section 5.2 shall record the amount of fuel use at least on a monthly basis for each unit, or for a group of units as specified in Section 5.4.4. On and after the applicable compliance schedule specified in Section 7.0, in the event that such unit exceeds the applicable annual heat input limit specified in Sections 5.1.1 Table 1 Category H and Section 5.2, the unit shall be brought into full compliance with this rule as specified in Section 7.4.	X	X
The operator of any unit subject to Section 5.2.1 or Section 6.3.1 shall maintain records to verify that the required tune-up and the required monitoring of the operational characteristics of the unit have been performed.	X	X
The operator performing start-up or shutdown of a unit shall keep records of the duration of start-up or shutdown.	X	X
TEST METHODS		

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<p>The following test methods shall be used unless otherwise approved by the APCO and EPA.</p> <p>Fuel hhv shall be certified by third party fuel supplier or determined by: ASTM D 240-87 or D 2382-88 for liquid hydrocarbon fuels; ASTM D 1826-88 or D 1945-81 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588-89 for gaseous fuels.</p> <p>Oxides of nitrogen (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E, or ARB Method 100.</p> <p>Carbon monoxide (ppmv) - EPA Method 10, or ARB Method 100.</p> <p>Stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100.</p> <p>NOx Emission Rate (Heat Input Basis) - EPA Method 19.</p> <p>Stack gas velocities - EPA Method 2.</p> <p>Stack gas moisture content - EPA Method 4.</p>	X	X
COMPLIANCE TESTING		
<p>Each unit subject to the requirements in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3 shall be source tested to determine compliance with the applicable emission limits at least once every 12 months, (no more than 30 days before or after the required annual source test date). Units that demonstrate compliance on two consecutive 12-month source tests may defer the following 12-month source test for up to 36 months (no more than 30 days before or after the required 36-month source test date). During the 36-month source testing interval, the operator shall tune the unit in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.2.1, and shall monitor, on a monthly basis, the unit's operational characteristics recommended by the manufacturer to ensure compliance with the applicable emission limits specified in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3. Tune-ups required by Sections 5.2.1 and 6.3.1 do not need to be performed for units that operate and maintain an APCO approved CEMS or an APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System where the applicable emission limits are periodically monitored. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits specified in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every 12 months. Failure to comply with the requirements Section 6.3.1, or any source test results that exceed the applicable emission limits in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3 shall constitute a violation of this rule.</p>	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<p>In lieu of compliance with Section 6.3.1, compliance with the applicable emission limits in Sections 5.1 or 5.2.3 shall be demonstrated by submittal of annual emissions test results to the District from a unit or units that represents a group of units, provided All units in the group are initially source tested. The emissions from all test runs from units within the group are less than 90% of the permitted value, and the emissions do not vary greater than 25% from the average of all test runs; and all units in a group are similar in terms of rated heat input, make and series, operational conditions, fuel used, and control method. No unit with a rated heat input greater than 100 MMBtu shall be considered as part of the group; and the group is owned by a single owner and is located at a single stationary source; and selection of the representative unit(s) is approved by the APCO prior to testing; and the number of representative units source tested shall be at least 30% of the total number of units in the group. The representative tests shall rotate each year so that within three years all units in the group have been tested at least once. All units in the group shall have received the similar maintenance and tune-up procedures as the representative unit(s) as listed in the Permit to Operate. The operator shall submit to the APCO the specific maintenance procedures to be performed on each unit that will be included in the group for representative testing. Such maintenance procedures shall be specified in the Permit to Operate for units that are included in the group for representative testing. Any maintenance work on a unit which has no effect on emissions standards and which is not specified in the maintenance procedures shall be submitted to the APCO for approval before such unit can be included as part of the group for representative testing. Any unit that necessitates any maintenance work which has an effect on emission standards and is beyond the maintenance procedures identified in the Permit to Operate, shall not be included as part of the group for representative testing. The unit shall be source tested in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.3.1; and should any of the representative units exceed the required emission limits, each of the units in the group shall demonstrate compliance by emissions testing. Failure to complete emissions testing within 90 days of the failed test shall result in the untested units being in violation of this rule. After compliance with the requirements of Section 6.3.2.7 has been demonstrated, subsequent source testing shall be performed pursuant to Sections 6.3.1 or 6.3.2.</p>	X	X
EMISSION CONTROL PLAN		

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<p>The operator of any unit shall submit to the APCO for approval an Emissions Control Plan according to the compliance schedule in Section 7.0. For each unit, the plan shall contain the following: Permit to Operate number, fuel type and hhv, annual fuel consumption (Btu/yr), current emission level, including method used to determine emission level, and plan of actions, including a schedule of increments of progress, which will be taken to satisfy the requirements of Section 5.0 and the compliance schedule in Section 7.0.</p>	X	
<p>The operator of any unit shall submit to the APCO for approval an Emissions Control Plan according to the compliance schedule in Section 7.0. For each unit, the plan shall contain the following: Permit to Operate number, fuel type and hhv, annual fuel consumption (Btu/yr), current emission level, including method used to determine emission level, NOx limit to be satisfied, either Standard Option or Enhanced Option, and plan of actions, including a schedule of increments of progress, which will be taken to satisfy the requirements of Section 5.0 and the compliance schedule in Section 7.0.</p>		X
<p>The operator shall submit to the APCO for approval, as part of the ECP, a list of units which are to be designated as load-following units. The APCO shall only designate, as load-following, units for which the following information has been provided to demonstrate that the units qualify as load-following: technical data such as steam demand charts or other information to demonstrate the normal operational load fluctuations and requirements of the unit, technical data about the operational response range of an ultra low NOx burner system(s) operating at 9 ppmv NOx, and technical data demonstrating that the unit(s) are designed and operated to optimize the use of base-loaded units in conjunction with the load-following unit(s).</p>	X	X
CALCULATIONS		
<p>All ppmv emission limits specified in Section 5.1 are referenced at dry stack gas conditions and 3.00 percent by volume stack gas oxygen. Emission concentrations shall be corrected to 3.00 percent oxygen as follows:</p> $[\text{ppm NOx}]_{\text{corrected}} = \frac{17.95\%}{20.95\% - [\%O_2]_{\text{measured}}} \times [\text{ppm NOx}]_{\text{measured}}$ $[\text{ppm CO}]_{\text{corrected}} = \frac{17.95\%}{20.95\% - [\%O_2]_{\text{measured}}} \times [\text{ppm CO}]_{\text{measured}}$ <p>All pounds per million Btu NOx emission rates shall be calculated as pounds of nitrogen dioxide per million Btu of heat input (hhv).</p>	X	X
ALTERNATIVE EMISSION CONTROL		

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
The single owner of two or more units may comply with Section 5.1 by controlling units in operation at the same stationary source, or at two contiguous stationary sources, to achieve an aggregated NOx emission factor no higher than 90 percent of the aggregated NOx emission factor limit that would result if each unit in operation were individually in compliance with the applicable NOx emission limits in Section 5.1. An operator that is subject to the AECR requirements below shall also comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 5.0, 6.0, 7.0 and 8.0.	X	X
A unit not subject to Section 5.1 or Section 5.2.3 is not eligible for inclusion in an AECR.	X	X
No unit subject to Sections 5.2.1 or 5.2.2 shall be included in an AECR.	X	X
<p>Aggregated NOx emission factor limit: the sum of the NOx emissions, over seven consecutive calendar days, that would result if all units in the AECR were in compliance with the lb/MMBtu limits in Section 5.1 and operating at their actual firing rates, divided by the sum of the heat input of all units in the AECR over seven consecutive calendar days. Aggregated emission factor limit is calculated as:</p> $L_A = \frac{\sum L_i F_i}{\sum F_i}$ <p>where: L_A is the aggregated NOx emission factor limit (lb/MMBtu)</p> <p>L_i is the applicable NOx emission factor limit (lb/MMBtu) specified in Section 5.1.1 Table 1 or Section 5.1.2 for each category of unit in the AECR,</p> <p>F_i is the total heat input (hhv basis) of fuel (MMBtu) combusted in each unit during seven consecutive calendar days, and</p> <p>i identifies each unit in the AECR.</p>	X	X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
<p>Aggregated NOx emission factor: the sum of the actual NOx emissions during seven consecutive calendar days from all units in the AECF, divided by the sum of the heat input of all units in the AECF during seven consecutive calendar days. The aggregated emission factor is calculated as:</p> $E_A = \frac{\sum E_i F_i}{\sum F_i}$ <p>where: E_A is the aggregated NOx emission factor (lb/MMBtu),</p> <p>E_i is the NOx emission factor (lb/MMBtu) for each unit in the AECF, established and verified by source testing, or continuous emission monitors,</p> <p>F_i is the total heat input (hmv basis) of fuel (MMBtu) combusted in each unit during seven consecutive calendar days, and</p> <p>i identifies each unit in the AECF.</p>	X	X
<p>9.6.1 The AECF shall: Contain all data, records, and other information necessary to determine eligibility of the units for alternative emission control, including but not limited to a list of units subject to alternative emission control, daily average and maximum hours of utilization for each unit, rated heat input of each unit, and fuel type for each unit. Present the methodology for recordkeeping and reporting required by Sections 9.6.4 and 9.6.5. Demonstrate that the aggregated emission factor will meet the requirements of Section 9.5. Demonstrate that the schedule for achieving AECF NOx emission levels is at least as expeditious as the schedule if applicable units were to comply individually with the applicable emission levels in Section 5.1 and the increments of progress in Section 7.0.</p>	X	
<p>9.6.1 The AECF shall contain all data, records, and other information necessary to determine eligibility of the units for alternative emission control, including but not limited to a list of units subject to alternative emission control, daily average and maximum hours of utilization for each unit, rated heat input of each unit, and fuel type for each unit. Present the methodology for recordkeeping and reporting required by Sections 9.6.4 and 9.6.5. Specify which NOx limit, either Standard Option or Enhanced Option, will be satisfied by the units under the AECF. Demonstrate that the aggregated emission factor will meet the requirements of Section 9.5. Demonstrate that the schedule for achieving AECF NOx emission levels is at least as expeditious as the schedule if applicable units were to comply individually with the applicable emission levels in Section 5.1 and the increments of progress in Section 7.0.</p>		X

District Rule 4306 Requirements	Adopted September 18, 2003	Amended October 16, 2008
Owners shall demonstrate APCO approval of the AECF prior to applying for a modification to said AECF.	X	X
<p>In addition to the records kept pursuant to Section 6.1, the operator shall maintain records, on a daily basis, of the parameters needed to demonstrate compliance with the applicable NOx emission limits when operating under the AECF. The records shall be retained for at least five years and shall be made available to the APCO upon request. The records shall include, but are not limited to, the following:</p> <p>For each unit included in the AECF the owner shall maintain the following records for each day the fuel type and amount used for each unit (F_i), the actual emission factor for each unit (E_i), the total emissions for all units ($\sum E_i F_i$), the aggregated emission factor (E_A), the aggregated emission factor limit (L_A), and any other parameters needed to demonstrate daily compliance with the applicable NOx emissions when operating the units under the AECF.</p> <p>Notifications of any violation pursuant to Section 9.5 shall include: name and location of facility, list of applicable units, cause and expected duration of exceedance, the amount of excess emissions, and proposed corrective actions and schedule.</p>	X	X
<p>Notifications of any violation pursuant to Section 9.5 shall include: name and location of facility, list of applicable units, cause and expected duration of exceedance, the amount of excess emissions, and proposed corrective actions and schedule.</p>	X	X

ATTACHMENT E

Template Qualification Form

Template SJV-UM-0-2

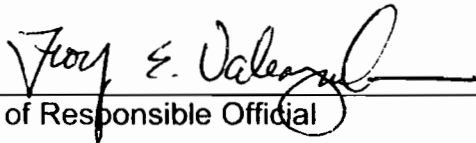
Title V General Permit Template Qualification Form
for
Facility-wide Umbrella General Permit Template

District facility ID # S-1199

To use this template, remove this sheet and attach to application. The conditions outlined in this template will be placed on your Title V permit.

Any facility may use this facility-wide template as part of its Title V application.

Based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry: 1) the information on this form is true and correct and 2) the facility certifies compliance with this template's permit conditions.



Signature of Responsible Official

3-11-09

Date

Troy E. Valenzuela
Name of Responsible Official (Please Print)