



JAN 2 5 2011

Douglas Landon China Grade Sanitary Landfill 2700 "M" Street Suite 500 Bakersfield, CA 93301

Re:

Notice of Final Action - Title V Permit Renewal

District Facility # S-3720 **Project # S-1060333** 

Dear Mr. Landon:

The District has issued the Final Renewed Title V Permit for China Grade Sanitary Landfill. The preliminary decision for this project was made on 4/28/10. A summary of the comments and the District's response to each comment is included as an attachment to the engineering evaluation.

The public notice for issuance of the Final Renewed Title V Permit will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. Should you have any questions, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

David Warner

**Director of Permit Services** 

Attachments

cc: John Yoshimura, Permit Services Engineer

Seved Sadredin

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer





JAN 2 5 2011

Gerardo C. Rios, Chief Permits Office (AIR-3) U.S. EPA - Region IX 75 Hawthorne St. San Francisco, CA 94105

Notice of Final Action - Title V Permit Renewal

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I would like to thank you and your staff for working with us. We appreciate your concurrence with this action. Should you have any questions, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

<del>Si</del>ncerely,

David Warner

Director of Permit Services

**Attachments** 

cc: John Yoshimura, Permit Services Engineer

Seyed Sadredin

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer





JAN 2 5 2011

Mike Tollstrup, Chief **Project Assessment Branch** Air Resources Board P O Box 2815 Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

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**Attachments** 

cc: John Yoshimura, Permit Services Engineer

Seved Sadredin

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

# SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT NOTICE OF FINAL DECISION TO ISSUE RENEWED FEDERALLY MANDATED OPERATING PERMIT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District has made its final decision to issue the renewed Federally Mandated Operating Permit to China Grade Sanitary Landfill for its sanitary landfill located at SEC 1 and 12, T 29S, R28E, Bakersfield, California.

The District's analysis of the legal and factual basis for this proposed action, project #S-1060333, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public\_notices\_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. For additional information regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900, or contact David Warner, Director of Permit Services, in writing at SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 1990 E. GETTYSBURG AVE, FRESNO, CA 93726-0244.

## SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

#### Final Title V Permit Renewal Evaluation China Grade Sanitary Landfill S-3720

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## TITLE V PERMIT RENEWAL EVALUATION

#### **Sanitary Landfill**

Engineer: John Yoshimura

**Date:** 10/29/09

Facility Number: S-3720

Facility Name: China Grade Sanitary Landfill (Kern County Waste

Management Department)

Mailing Address: PO Box 2700 "M" St. Suite 500

Bakersfield, CA 93301

Contact Name: Douglas Landon

Phone: (661) 862-8936

Responsible Official: Douglas Landon

Title: Director

**Project #:** S-1060333

Deemed Complete: March 8, 2006

#### I. PROPOSAL

China Grade Sanitary Landfill was issued a Title V permit on June 30, 2002. As required by District Rule 2520, the applicant is requesting a permit renewal. The existing Title V permit shall be reviewed and modified to reflect all applicable District and federal rules updated, removed, or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

The purpose of this evaluation is to provide the legal and factual basis for all updated applicable requirements and to determine if the facility will comply with these updated requirements. It also specifically identifies all additions, deletions, and/or changes made to permit conditions or equipment descriptions.

#### II. FACILITY LOCATION

China Grade Sanitary Landfill is located at SEC 1 and 12, T29S, R28 E, Bakersfield, California. The facility is not within 1,000 ft. of a school.

#### III. EQUIPMENT LISTING

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is included as Attachment C.

#### IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE

The applicant does not propose to use any model general permit templates.

#### V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW

The applicant is not requesting any model general permit templates. Therefore, all federally enforceable conditions in this current Title V permit will be subject to EPA and public review.

#### VI. FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Rules Updated

- District Rule 2020, <u>Exemptions</u>
   (amended July 21, 1994 ⇒ amended December 20, 2007)
- District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (amended December 19, 2002 ⇒ amended September 21, 2006)
- District Rule 4101, <u>Visible Emissions</u>
   (amended December 17, 1992 ⇒ amended February 17, 2005)
- District Rule 4311, <u>Flares</u>
   (amended June 15, 2006 ⇒ amended June 18, 2009)
- District Rule 4601, <u>Architectural Coatings</u>
   (amended October 31, 2001 ⇒ amended December 17, 2009)
- District Rule 8011, <u>General Requirements</u>
   (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8021, <u>Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities</u>
   (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)

- District Rule 8031, <u>Bulk Materials</u>
   (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8041, <u>Carryout and Trackout</u> (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8051, <u>Open Areas</u>
   (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8061, <u>Paved and Unpaved Roads</u>
   (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8071, <u>Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Areas</u> (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended August 19, 2004)
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart WWW, <u>Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills</u> (amended September 21, 2006)
- 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, <u>National Emission Standard for Asbestos</u> (amended September 18, 2003)
- 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart AAAA, <u>National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Municipal Solid Waste Landfills</u>
  (amended April 20, 2006)
- 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, <u>Stratospheric Ozone</u> (amended November 9, 2007)
- 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, <u>Stratospheric Ozone</u> (amended June 8, 2008)

#### B. Rules Not Updated

- District Rule 1081, Source Sampling (amended December 16, 1993)
- District Rule 1100, <u>Equipment Breakdown</u> (amended December 17,1992)
- District Rule 1160, Emission Statements (adopted November 18, 1992)
- District Rule 2010, Permits Required (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2031, <u>Transfer of Permits</u> (amended December 17, 1992)

- District Rule 2040, <u>Applications</u> (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2070, <u>Standards for Granting Applications</u> (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2080, <u>Conditional Approval</u> (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2520, <u>Federally Mandated Operating Permits</u> (amended June 21, 2001)
- District Rule 4201, <u>Particulate Matter Concentration</u> (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 4301, Fuel Burning Equipment (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 4642, Solid Waste Disposal Sites (amended April 16, 1998)
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A, General Provisions
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Cc, <u>Emission Guidelines and Compliance Times for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills</u>
- 40 CFR Part 62, Subpart GGG <u>Federal Plan Requirements for Municipal Solid</u> Waste Landfills
- 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)

#### VII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permits. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility's Title V permit are designated as "Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit".

For this facility, the following are not federally enforceable and will not be discussed in further detail:

District Rule 4102, Nuisance (as amended December 17, 1992)

Condition 38 of permit unit S-3720-0-2 is based on District Rule 4102 and will therefore not be discussed any further.

#### VIII. PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

The purpose of this evaluation is to review changes to federally enforceable requirements; therefore, this compliance section will only address rules that have been amended or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

#### A. District Rule 2020 - Exemptions

District Rule 2020 lists equipment which are specifically exempt from obtaining permits and specifies recordkeeping requirements to verify such exemptions. The amendments to this rule do not have any affect on current permit requirements and will therefore not be addressed in this evaluation.

#### B. District Rule 2201 - New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

District Rule 2201 has been amended since this facility's initial Title V permit was issued. This Title V permit renewal does not constitute a modification per section 3.25, defined as an action including at least one of the following items:

- 1) Any change in hours of operation, production rate, or method of operation of an existing emissions unit, which would necessitate a change in permit conditions.
- 2) Any structural change or addition to an existing emissions unit which would necessitate a change in permit conditions. Routine replacement shall not be considered to be a structural change.
- 3) An increase in emissions from an emissions unit caused by a modification of the Stationary Source when the emissions unit is not subject to a daily emissions limitation.
- 4) Addition of any new emissions unit which is subject to District permitting requirements.
- 5) A change in a permit term or condition proposed by an applicant to obtain an exemption from an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.

Therefore, the updated requirements of this rule are not applicable at this time.

#### C. District Rule 2520 - Federally Mandated Operating Permits

There are no federally applicable Greenhouse Gas (GHG) requirements for this source. It should be noted that the Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule (40CFR Part 98) is not included in the definition of an applicable requirement within Title V (per 40CFR 71.2). Therefore, there will be no further discussion of GHG in this evaluation.

#### D. District Rule 4101 - Visible Emissions

The purpose of this rule is to prohibit the emissions of visible air contaminants to the atmosphere. The provisions of this rule shall apply to any source operation which emits or may emit air contaminants.

<u>Section 5.0</u> prohibits the discharge of any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 1 on the Ringelmann Chart; or is of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree equal to or greater than the smoke described in Section 5.1 of Rule 4101.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 - Facility-Wide Requirements

Condition 21 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule

#### E. District Rule 4301 - Fuel Burning Equipment

Because the flare is used as an air pollution control device to combust LFG, the flare is exempt from Rule 4301.

#### F. District Rule 4311 - Flares

This rule applies to the operation of flares to limit the emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) and oxides of nitrogen (NOx).

Section 4.2 states that flares subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Cc, Emission Guidelines and Compliance Times for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills, are exempt from this rule. China Grade Sanitary Landfill is subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart Cc, therefore, the requirements of this rule do not apply to permit unit S-3720-1-5.

#### G. District Rule 4601 - Architectural Coatings

The latest version of District Rule 4601 (amended 12/17/09) has not been SIP approved. Attachment C contains the streamlining of the SIP approved District Rule 4601 (10/31/01) to the current District Rule 4601 to show the current rule is as stringent if not more than the SIP approved version. Conditions 22 through 24 on the facilitywide permit (S-3720-0-2) demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the latest version of this rule.

#### H. District Rule 4642 - Solid Waste Disposal Sites

The purpose of this rule is to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from solid waste disposal sites.

Per Section 4.0, the requirements of this rule do not apply to landfills that are subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Cc. China Grade Sanitary Landfill is subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart Cc, therefore, the requirements of this rule do not apply.

#### I. District Rule 8011 - General Requirements

The purpose of Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) is to reduce ambient concentrations of fine particulate matter (PM10) by requiring actions to prevent, reduce or mitigate anthropogenic fugitive dust emissions. The Rules contained in this Regulation have been developed pursuant to United States Environmental Protection Agency guidance for Serious PM10 Nonattainment Areas. The rules are applicable to specified anthropogenic fugitive dust sources. Fugitive dust contains PM10 and particles larger than PM10. Controlling fugitive dust missions when visible emissions are detected will not prevent all PM10 emissions, but will substantially reduce PM10 emissions.

The provisions of this rule are applicable to specified outdoor fugitive dust sources. The definitions, exemptions, requirements, administrative requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and test methods set forth in this rule are applicable to all Rules under Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) of the Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 – Facility Wide Requirements

 Conditions 28 through 33 ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

## J. District Rule 8021 - <u>Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities</u>

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities.

This rule applies to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities, including, but not limited to, land clearing, grubbing, scraping, travel on site, and travel on access roads to and from the site. This rule also applies to the construction of new landfill disposal sites or modification to existing landfill disposal sites prior to commencement of landfilling activities.

<u>Section 5.0</u> requires that no person shall perform any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities unless the appropriate requirements in sections 5.1 and 5.2 are sufficiently implemented to limit VDE to 20% opacity. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 - Facility Wide Requirements

• Condition 28 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### K. District Rule 8031 - Bulk Materials

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from the outdoor handling, storage, and transport of bulk materials.

This rule applies to the outdoor handling, storage, and transport of any bulk material.

<u>Section 5.0</u> requires that no person shall perform any outdoor handling, storage, and transport of bulk materials unless the appropriate requirements in Table 8031-1 of this rule are sufficiently implemented to limit VDE to 20% opacity or to comply with the conditions for a stabilized surface as defined in Rule 8011. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 - Facility Wide Requirements

• Condition 29 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### L. District Rule 8041 - Carryout and Trackout

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from carryout and trackout.

This rule applies to all sites that are subject to Rules 8021 (Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and other Earthmoving Activities), 8031 (Bulk Materials), and 8071 (Unpaved Vehicle and Equipment Traffic Areas) where carryout or trackout has occurred or may occur.

<u>Section 5.0</u> requires that an owner/operator shall sufficiently prevent or cleanup carryout and trackout as specified in sections 5.1 through 5.8. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII. The use of blower devices, or dry rotary brushes or brooms, for removal of carryout and trackout on public roads is expressly prohibited. The removal of carryout and trackout from paved public roads does not exempt an

owner/operator from obtaining state or local agency permits which may be required for the cleanup of mud and dirt on paved public roads.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 - Facility Wide Requirements

• Condition 30 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### M. District Rule 8051 - Open Areas

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from open areas. This rule applies to any open area having 3.0 acres or more of disturbed surface area, that has remained undeveloped, unoccupied, unused, or vacant for more than seven days.

<u>Section 5.0</u> requires that whenever open areas are disturbed or vehicles are used in open areas, the owner/operator shall implement one or a combination of control measures indicated in Table 8051-1 to comply with the conditions of a stabilized surface at all times and to limit VDE to 20% opacity. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 - Facility Wide Requirements

Condition 31 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### N. District Rule 8061 - Paved and Unpaved Roads

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from paved and unpaved roads by implementing control measures and design criteria.

This rule applies to any new or existing public or private paved or unpaved road, road construction project, or road modification project.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 – Facility Wide Requirements

Condition 32 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### O. District Rule 8071 - Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Area

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from unpaved vehicle and equipment traffic areas by implementing control measures and design criteria.

This rule applies to any unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area of 1.0 acre or larger.

#### a. S-3720-0-2 – Facility Wide Requirements

Condition 33 ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### P. 40 CFR Part 60-Subpart Cc

The subpart applies to each existing municipal solid waste (MSW) landfill for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced before May 30, 1991. It requires that the State submit a plan to the U.S. EPA which identifies how the state intends to meet the requirements contained in the guidelines.

The State plan shall include control of MSW landfill emissions from MSW landfills meeting the following three conditions:

- The landfill has accepted waste at any time since November 8, 1987, or has additional design capacity available for future waste deposition;
- The landfill has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million cubic meters; and
- The landfill has a non-methane organic compound emission rate of 50 megagrams per year or more.

This subpart applies to this facility. However per 40 CFR Part 62–Approval and Promulgation of State Plans for Designated Facilities and Pollutants: California, the California State Plan, effective November 22, 1999, as submitted does not apply to landfills in the San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD. Therefore, landfills in the San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD will be subject to the requirements of the Federal Plan—40 CFR 62 Subpart GGG—Federal Plan Requirements for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills until EPA receives and approves the San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD portion of the California State Plan.

#### Q. 40 CFR Part 60-Subpart WWW

The requirements of this subpart apply to each existing municipal solid waste landfill for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced on or after May 30, 1991. This subpart does not apply since this is a municipal solid waste (MSW) landfill for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced before May 30, 1991.

#### R. 40 CFR Part 61-Subpart M - National Emission Standard for Asbestos

These regulations apply to demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141. 40 CFR Section 61.150 of this Subpart was amended September 18, 2003, and condition 34 of S-3720-0-2 assures compliance with the requirements.

## P. 40 CFR Part 62-Subpart GGG - <u>Federal Plan Requirements for Municipal</u> <u>Solid Waste Landfills</u>

This subpart contains emission requirements and compliance schedules for the control of designated pollutants from certain municipal solid waste landfills. This municipal solid waste landfill Federal plan applies to each designated facility that is not covered by an EPA approved and currently effective State or Tribal plan.

The designated facility to which this subpart applies is each municipal solid waste landfill that meets the following conditions.

- The municipal solid waste landfill commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification before May 30, 1991, and
- The municipal solid waste landfill has accepted waste at any time since November 8, 1987 or the landfill has additional capacity for future waste deposition.

#### a. S-3720-1-5 - Municipal Solid Waste Landfill

• Conditions 4 through 9 were added to ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### R. 40 CFR Part 63-Subpart AAAA - Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Standards

This subpart establishes national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants for existing and new municipal solid waste (MSW) landfills. Sections of this subpart were amended April 20, 2006. MSW landfill must comply with the requirements of 40 CFR 60 subpart WWW or comply with the requirements of the Federal Plan or EPA approved and effective State Plan that implements 40 CFR 60 subpart Cc.

If required by 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2) of subpart WWW, the Federal plan, or an EPA approved and effective State to install a collection and control system, the facility must comply with the requirements in §63.1960 through 63.1985 and with the general provisions of this part specified in table 1 of this subpart.

#### a. S-3720-1-5 - Municipal Solid Waste Landfill

Conditions 8 and 9 ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

#### S. 40 CFR Part 82, Subparts B and F - Stratospheric Ozone

These regulations apply to servicing motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC). Sections of this regulation were amended in 2007 and 2008, and conditions 26 and 27 of S-3720-0-2 assure compliance with the requirements.

#### T. 40 CFR Part 64 - Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)

40 CFR Part 64 requires Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for units that meet the following three criteria:

- 1) the unit must have an emission limit for the pollutant;
- 2) the unit must have add-on controls for the pollutant; these are devices such as flue gas recirculation (FGR), baghouses, and catalytic oxidizers; and
- 3) the unit must have a pre-control potential to emit of greater than the major source thresholds.

#### a. S-3720-1-5 - Municipal Solid Waste Landfill

Section 64.2(b)(i) states that the requirements of this part shall not apply to any emission limitations or standards proposed after November 15, 1990. Emission limitation or standard means any applicable requirement that constitutes an emission limitation, emission standard, standard of performance or means of emission limitation as defined under the Act.

The facility is subject to 40 CFR 60 subpart Cc, Emission Guidelines and Compliance Times for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills, and 40 CFR 62 subpart GGG, Federal Plan Requirements for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills which were proposed after November 15, 1990, therefore, this permit unit is exempt from CAM.

#### IX. PERMIT SHIELD

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

#### A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

The applicant does not propose to use any model general permit templates.

### B. Requirements not Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

There are no permit shields in the existing permit requirements.

#### X. PERMIT CONDITIONS

See Attachment A - Final Renewed Title V Operating Permit.

### XI. ATTACHMENTS

- A. Final Renewed Title V Operating Permit
- B. Previous Title V Operating Permit
- C. Stringency Analysis for District Rule 4601
- D. Detailed Facility List
- E. Public Comments/District Response

## ATTACHMENT A

Final Renewed Title V Operating Permit





## Permit to Operate

FACILITY: S-3720 EXPIRATION DATE: 07/31/2015

**LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR:** CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL

MAILING ADDRESS: 2700 M STREET, STE 500

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93301-2370

FACILITY LOCATION: SEC 1 AND 12, T 29S, R 28E

BAKERSFIELD, CA

FACILITY DESCRIPTION: SANITARY LANDFILL

The Facility's Permit to Operate may include Facility-wide Requirements as well as requirements that apply to specific permit units.

This Permit to Operate remains valid through the permit expiration date listed above, subject to payment of annual permit fees and compliance with permit conditions and all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. This permit is valid only at the location specified above, and becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or location. Any modification of the equipment or operation, as defined in District Rule 2201, will require prior District approval. This permit shall be posted as prescribed in District Rule 2010.



David Warner
Director of Permit Services

## San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**FACILITY:** S-3720-0-2

EXPIRATION

## **FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS**

- 1. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; Kern County Rule 111] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; Kern County Rule 111] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- {2287} The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- {2289} The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.12.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- {2290} A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- {2292} The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- {2293} The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 4,2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Pelmit lo Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units

Facility Name: CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL

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- 10. {2294} The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (5/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. {2296} If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. {2297} It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.21 Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. {2299} The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. {2300} The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. {2301} The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. {2302} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 18. {2303} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. {2304} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. {2305} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (2/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 22. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards of District Rule 4601 (Amended 12/17/09) for use or sale within the District, unless exempted under section 4.0 of District Rule 4601. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit \
  FACILITY-VIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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- 23. All VOC-containing materials for architectural coatings subject to Rule 4601 (Amended 12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. In use includes, but is not limited to: being accessed, filled, emptied, maintained or repaired, unless exempted under section 4.0 of District Rule 4601. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 (Amended 12/17/09) sections 6.1 and 6.3, unless exempted under section 4.0 of District Rule 4601. [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 25. {2310} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. {2311} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82] Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. {2312} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in Rule 8021 (8/19/04) unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8021 or Rule 8011 (8/18/04). [District Rule 8021 and District Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 29. Outdoor handling, storage, and transport of any bulk material shall comply with the requirements of Rule 8031 (8/19/04), unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8031 or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8031 and District Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. All operational landfills shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8041 (8/19/04). This condition also applies to closure activities and closed landfill sites when activities are conducted which disturb surface soils covering an area greater than one (1), unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8041 and District Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Any open area having 3.0 acres or more of disturbed surface area, that has remained undeveloped, unoccupied, unused or vacant for more than seven days shall comply with the requirements of Rule 8051 (8/19/04), unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8051 or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8051 and District Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Any new or existing public or private paved or unpaved road, road construction project, or road modification project shall implement the control measures and design criteria of, and comply with the requirements of Rule 8061 (8/19/04) unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8061 or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8061 and District Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area of 1.0 acre or larger shall comply with the requirements of Rule 8071 (9/16/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04), unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8071. [District Rule 807] and District 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. {2319} Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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Facility Name: CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL

- 35. {2320} The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. {2321} The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. {2322} When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. {118} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- 39. On June 30, 2002, the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin July 1 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days of the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520, 9.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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## San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** S-3720-1-5

EXPIRATION DATE PT/31/2015

#### **EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL, 3.61 MILLION CUBIC METER CAPACITY, WITH GAS EXTRACTION WELLS, BLOWER, PIPING AND 11.0 MMBTU/HR ENCLOSED FLARE (117 ACRES)

### PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. For PSD purposes, the NMOC emission rate shall be estimated and compared to the PSD major source and significance levels in 40 CFR 51.166 or 52.21, using AP-42 or EPA-approved procedures. [40 CFR 60.754(c) and 62.14354] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 2. This operating permit may be cancelled with APCO approval when the landfill is closed, pursuant to the requirements of this permit, if the landfill is not otherwise subject to the requirements of either 40 CFR part 70 or part 71 and if either 1) it was never subject to the requirement for a control system under 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2); or 2) the owner or operator meets the conditions for control system removal specified in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(v). [40 CFR 60.752(b) and 62.14352(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 3. If the landfill is permanently closed, a closure notification shall be submitted to the APCO within 30 days of waste disposal cessation. A permanent closure must take place in accordance with 40 CFR 258.60. If a closure report has been submitted, no additional waste may be placed in the landfill without filing a notification of modification to the APCO, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.7(a)(4). [40 CFR 60.752(b)(1)(ii)(B), 60.757(d), 60.34c and 62.14352(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 4. The gas collection and control system shall be designed and operated to reduce NMOC of the collected gas by 98 weight percent or to an NMOC outlet concentration of less than 20 ppmv, dry basis as hexane at 3% O2. The reduction efficiency or ppmv concentration shall be established no later than 180 days after the initial startup of the approved control system using the test methods specified in 60.754 (d). [40 CFR 62.14353(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 5. The owner or operator shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR 60.752 (b). [40 CFR 62.14353(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 6. The owner or operator of a designated facility with a gas collection and control system used to comply with 40 CFR 62.14353(b) shall comply with the operational standards in 40 CFR 60.753; the test procedures in 40 CFR 60.754 (b) and (d); the compliance provisions in 40 CFR 60.755; and the monitoring provisions in 40 CFR 60.756. [40 CFR 62.14354 (b), 60.755 and 60.756] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 7. The owner or operator of a designated facility shall comply with the recordkeeping and reporting provisions listed in 40 CFR 60.757 and 60.758. [40 CFR 62.14355(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 8. Each owner or operator, required by 40 CFR Part 62 subpart GGG to install a collection and control system, shall comply with the requirements in 40 CFR 63.1960 through 63.1985 and with the general provisions specified in table 1 of 40 CFR 63 subpart AAAA. [40 CFR 63.1955(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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- For approval of collection and control systems that include any alternatives to the operational standards, test methods, procedures, compliance measures, monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting provisions, owner or operator must follow the procedures in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2). If alternatives have already been approved under 40 CFR part 62 subpart GGG, these alternatives can be used to comply with 40 CFR 63 subpart AAAA, except that all affected sources must comply with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction (SSM) requirements in subpart A of 40 CFR 63 as specified in Table 1 of 40 CFR 63 subpart AAAA and all affected sources must submit compliance reports every 6 months as specified in 40 CFR 63.1980(a) and (b), including information on all deviations that occurred during the 6 month reporting period. Deviations for continuous emission monitors or numerical continuous parameter monitors must be determined using a 3 hour monitoring block average. [40 CFR 63.1955(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 10. Each owner or operator shall keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible, on-site records of the maximum design capacity, the current amount of solid waste in-place, and the year-by-year waste acceptance rate. Off-site records may be maintained if they are retrievable within 4 hours. [40 CFR 60.758(a), 62.14355(a) and District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. Permittee shall calculate the NMOC emission rate for purposes of determining when the collection and control system can be removed as provided in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(v) by using the equation found in 40 CFR 60.754(b). [40 CFR 60.754(b) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. Permittee shall operate the enclosed flare at all times when the collected gas is routed to it. [40 CFR 60.753(e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. Permittee shall operate the landfill gas collection system such that gas is collected from each area, cell, or group of cells in the MSW landfill in which solid waste has been in place for: (1) five years or more if active; or (2) two years or more if closed or at final grade. [40 CFR 60.753(a) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. Permittee shall operate the landfill gas collection system with negative pressure, with a landfill gas temperature less than 55 °C, with either a nitrogen level less than 20 percent or an oxygen level less than 5 percent at each wellhead. [40 CFR 60.753(b), (c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. The collection system shall be operated so that the methane concentration is less than 500 parts per million above background at the surface of the landfill, and such that all collected gases are vented to a control system designed and operated in compliance with § 60.752(b)(2)(iii). In the event the collection or control system is inoperable, the gas mover system shall be shut down and all valves in the collection and control system contributing to venting of the gas to the atmosphere shall be closed within 1 hour. [40 CFR 60.753(d), (e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. If monitoring demonstrates that the operational requirements are not met, corrective action shall be taken as specified in 40 CFR 60.755(a)(3 - 5) or (c). [40 CFR 60.753(g) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. Each wellhead shall have a sampling port and a thermometer, other temperature measuring device, or an access port for temperature measurements. [40 CFR 60.756(a) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 18. The enclosed flare shall be equipped with an accurate temperature indicator/recorder that continuously measures and records the operating temperature. [District Rule 2201; 40 CFR 60.756(b)(1) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. The enclosed flare shall be equipped with either a device that records flow to the control device at least every 15 minutes; or secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration of the control device. [40 CFR 60.756(b)(2) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. The nitrogen level shall be determined using Method 3C, the oxygen shall be determined by an oxygen meter using Method 3A or 3C (with exceptions listed in 40 CFR 60.753(c)(2)(i - iv), unless an alternative test method is established as allowed by 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(i). [40 CFR 60.753(c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. The background concentration shall be determined by moying the probe inlet upwind and downwind outside the boundary of the landfill at a distance of the Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

  PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

  These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. boundary of the landfill at a distance of at least 30-maters from the perimeter wells. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(2) and 60.34c]

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- 22. Surface emission monitoring shall be performed in accordance with Method 21, section 4.3.1 (except that the probe inlet shall be placed within 5 to 10 centimeters of the ground). Monitoring shall be performed during typical meteorological conditions. Any reading of 500 parts per million or more above background at any location shall be recorded as a monitored exceedance and the actions specified in 40 CFR 60.755(c)(4)(i-v) shall be taken. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(3), (4) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. Control system VOC emissions shall be determined by Method 25, 25C, or Method 18. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081; 40 CFR 60.754(d) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. Permittee shall conduct surface testing around the perimeter of the collection area and along a pattern that traverses the landfill at 30-meter intervals (or a site-specific established spacing) and where visual observations indicate elevated concentrations of landfill gas, such as distressed vegetation and cracks or seeps in the cover. The owner or operator may establish an alternative traversing pattern that ensures equivalent coverage. [40 CFR 60.753(d); 60.755(c)(1) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 25. Surface testing shall be performed on a quarterly basis using an organic vapor analyzer, flame ionization detector, or other portable monitor meeting the specifications provided in 40 CFR 60.755(d). Any closed landfill that has demonstrated compliance in three consecutive quarterly monitoring periods may perform annual monitoring. Quarterly monitoring shall resume if any methane reading of 500 ppm or more above background are detected during annual monitoring. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(1), and 40 CFR 60.756(f) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. Permittee shall implement a program to monitor for cover integrity and implement cover repairs as necessary on a monthly basis. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(5) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. The portable analyzer shall meet the instrument specifications of Method 21, section 3 (except that "methane" shall replace all references to VOC). The calibration gas shall be methane, diluted to a nominal concentration of 500 parts per million in air. To meet the performance evaluation requirements of Method 21, section 3.1.3, the instrument evaluation procedures of Method 21, section 4.4. The calibration procedures provided in Method 21, section 4.2 shall be followed immediately before commencing a surface monitoring survey. The provisions of this condition apply at all times, except during periods of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction (as defined in 40 CFR 60.755(e)). [40 CFR 60.755(d), (e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. If a bypass line is present, a visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and that the gas flow is not diverted through the bypass line. [40 CFR 60.756(b)(2) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 29. Permittee shall submit an equipment removal report to the District 30 days prior to removal or cessation of operation of the control equipment. The report shall conform to the requirements of 40 CFR 60.757(e)(1). [40 CFR 60.757(e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. Permittee shall submit to the District annual reports of the recorded information in 40 CFR 60.757(f)(1-6), [40 CFR 60.757(1) and 60.34c Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Permittee shall keep the following records: the maximum expected gas generation flow rate; the density of wells, horizontal collectors, surface collectors, or other gas extraction devices determined using the procedures specified in 40 CFR 60.759(a)(1); the average combustion temperature measured at least every 15 minutes and averaged over the same time period of the performance test; the percent reduction of NMOC determined as specified in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(B) achieved by the control device; up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the equipment operating parameters specified to be monitored as well as up-to-date, readily accessible records for periods of operation during which the parameter boundaries established during the most recent performance test are exceeded. [40 CFR 60.758(b), (c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. The following constitute exceedances that shall be recorded and reported under 40 CFR 60.757(f): all 3-hour periods of operation during which the average combustion temperature was more than 28 °C below the average combustion temperature during the most recent performance test (flare source test). [40 CFR 60.758(c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT LINE REMEMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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- 33. Permittee shall keep up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the indication of flow to the enclosed flare, or the indication of bypass flow, or records of monthly inspections of car-seals or lock-and-key configurations used to seal bypass lines. [40 CFR 60.758(c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. Permittee shall keep, for the life of the collection system, an up-to-date, readily accessible plot map showing each existing and planned collector in the system and providing a unique identification location label for each collector. [40 CFR 60.758(d) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. Permittee shall keep readily accessible documentation of the nature, date of deposition, amount, and location of asbestos-containing or nondegradable waste excluded from collection as well as any nonproductive areas excluded from collection. [40 CFR 60.758(d) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. Permittee shall keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible records of all collection and control system exceedances, the reading in the subsequent month whether or not the second reading is an exceedance, and the location of each exceedance. [40 CFR 60.758(e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. The enclosed flare shall operate with a minimum temperature of 1,400 degrees F. with a minimum retention time of 0.6 seconds. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. The enclosed flare shall be equipped with automatic dampers, an automatic shutdown device, and a flame arrester. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 39. The flare shall be equipped with an LPG fired pilot. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V
- 40. The landfill gas sulfur content shall not exceed 120 ppmv. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 41. The flare shall have a VOC control efficiency of at least 98% by weight. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 42. The landfill non-methane organic compound content shall not exceed 1,051.7 ppmv as hexane. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 43. Emissions shall not exceed any of the following: 0.1 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 0.05 lb-NOx/MMBtu, or 0.2 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 44. VOC destruction efficiency testing shall be conducted annually. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 45. {110} The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]

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## San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** S-3720-2-3

SECTION: NW12 TOWNSHIP: 29S RANGE: 28E

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:** 

1000 GALLON CONDENSATE COLLECTION TANK, WITH INJECTION SYSTEM TO FLARE LISTED ON S-3720-1

### PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

- Condensate shall contain no more than 100 mg of total organic compounds per liter. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Condensate shall be disposed by injection into flare, S-3720-1, such that all condensate is vaporized and organic compounds are incinerated, or disposed of by evaporation at base of flare, and/or be disposed of at a publicly owned treatment works (POTW) facility. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Condensate tank shall not receive more than 500 gallons of liquid per day, based on a monthly average. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Condensate flow to tank shall be measured at least monthly by an accurate method. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Permittee shall maintain accurate records of monthly condensate flow to condensate storage tank and annual records of condensate total organic compound content and shall make such records readily available for District inspection upon request for 5 years. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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Facility Name: CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL SEC 1 AND 12, T 29S, R 28E, BAKERSFIELD, CA

## **ATTACHMENT B**

Previous Title V Operating Permit

## San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: S-3720-0-1 **EXPIRATION DATE: 07/31/2006** 

### **FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS**

- The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; Kern County Rule 111] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; Kern County Rule 111] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (3/21/02). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.12.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by 7. the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL

Location: SEC 1 AND 12, T 29S, R 28E,BAKERSFIELD, CA s-3720-0-1: Aug 12 2010 9:48AM - YOSHIMUJ

- 10. The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 18. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (11/15/01). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and County Rules 401 (in all eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 22. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards of District Rule 4601 (10/31/01) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

- 23. All VOC-containing materials for architectural coatings subject to Rule 4601 (10/31/01) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (10/31/01). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 25. With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in Rule 8021 (11/15/01) unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8021. [District Rule 8021] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 29. Outdoor handling, storage, and transport of any bulk material shall comply with the requirements of Rule 8031 (11/15/01), unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8031. [District Rule 8031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. All operational landfills shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8041 (11/15/01). This condition also applies to closure activities and closed landfill sites when activities are conducted which disturb surface soils covering an area greater than one (1) acre. [District Rule 8041] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Any open area having 3.0 acres or more of disturbed surface area, that has remained undeveloped, unoccupied, unused or vacant for more than seven days shall comply with the requirements of Rule 8051 (11/15/01), unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8051. [District Rule 8051] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Any new or existing public or private paved or unpaved road, road construction project, or road modification project shall implement the control measures and design criteria of, and comply with the requirements of Rule 8061 (11/15/01) unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8061. [District Rule 8061] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area of 1.0 acre or larger shall comply with the requirements of Rule 8071 (11/15/01), unless specifically exempted under section 4.0 of Rule 8071. [District Rule 8071] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

- 37. When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- 39. On June 30, 2002, the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report are based upon this initial permit issuance date, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days of the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520, 9.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

## San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** S-3720-1-4

**EXPIRATION DATE: 07/31/2006** 

.3

#### **EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL, 3.61 MILLION TONS CAPACITY, WITH GAS EXTRACTION WELLS, BLOWER, PIPING AND 11.0 MMBTU/HR ENCLOSED FLARE (117 ACRES)

### PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

- For PSD purposes, the NMOC emission rate shall be estimated and compared to the PSD major source and significance levels in 40 CFR 51.166 or 52.21, using AP-42 or EPA-approved procedures. [40 CFR 60.754(c) and 62.14354] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Each owner or operator shall keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible, on-site records of the maximum design capacity, the current amount of solid waste in-place, and the year-by-year waste acceptance rate. Off-site records may be maintained if they are retrievable within 4 hours. [40 CFR 60.758(a), 62.14355(a) and District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- This operating permit may be cancelled with APCO approval when the landfill is closed, pursuant to the requirements in of this permit, if the landfill is not otherwise subject to the requirements of either 40 CFR part 70 or part 71 and if either 1) it was never subject to the requirement for a control system under 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2); or 2) the owner or operator meets the conditions for control system removal specified in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(v). [40 CFR 60.752(b) and 62.14352(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- If the landfill is permanently closed, a closure notification shall be submitted to the APCO within 30 days of waste disposal cessation. A permanent closure must take place in accordance with 40 CFR 258.60. If a closure report has been submitted, no additional waste may be placed in the landfill without filing a notification of modification to the APCO, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.7(a)(4). [40 CFR 60.752(b)(1)(ii)(B), 60.757(d), 60.34c and 62.14352(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Permittee shall calculate the NMOC emission rate for purposes of determining when the collection and control system can be removed as provided in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(v) by using the equation found in 40 CFR 60.754(b). [40 CFR 60.754(b) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Permittee shall operate the enclosed flare at all times when the collected gas is routed to it. [40 CFR 60.753(e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Permittee shall operate the landfill gas collection system such that gas is collected from each area, cell, or group of cells in the MSW landfill in which solid waste has been in place for: (1) five years or more if active: or (2) two years or more if closed or at final grade. [40 CFR 60.753(a) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Permittee shall operate the landfill gas collection system with negative pressure, with a landfill gas temperature less than 55 °C, with either a nitrogen level less than 20 percent or an oxygen level less than 5 percent at each wellhead. [40 CFR 60.753(b), (c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL Location: SEC 1 AND 12, T 29S, R 28E, BAKERSFIELD, CA s-3720-1-4: Aug 12 2010 9:48AM - YOSHIMUJ

- 9. The collection system shall be operated so that the methane concentration is less than 500 parts per million above background at the surface of the landfill, and such that all collected gases are vented to a control system designed and operated in compliance with § 60.752(b)(2)(iii). In the event the collection or control system is inoperable, the gas mover system shall be shut down and all valves in the collection and control system contributing to venting of the gas to the atmosphere shall be closed within 1 hour. [40 CFR 60.753(d), (e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 10. If monitoring demonstrates that the operational requirements are not met, corrective action shall be taken as specified in 40 CFR 60.755(a)(3 5) or (c). [40 CFR 60.753(g) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. Each wellhead shall have a sampling port and a thermometer, other temperature measuring device, or an access port for temperature measurements. [40 CFR 60.756(a) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. The enclosed flare shall be equipped with an accurate temperature indicator/recorder that continuously measures and records the operating temperature. [District Rule 2201; 40 CFR 60.756(b)(1) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. The enclosed flare shall be equipped with either a device that records flow to the control device at least every 15 minutes; or secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration of the control device. [40 CFR 60.756(b)(2) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. The nitrogen level shall be determined using Method 3C, the oxygen shall be determined by an oxygen meter using Method 3A or 3C (with exceptions listed in 40 CFR 60.753(c)(2)(i iv), unless an alternative test method is established as allowed by 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(i). [40 CFR 60.753(c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. The background concentration shall be determined by moving the probe inlet upwind and downwind outside the boundary of the landfill at a distance of at least 30 meters from the perimeter wells. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(2) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. Surface emission monitoring shall be performed in accordance with Method 21, section 4.3.1 (except that the probe inlet shall be placed within 5 to 10 centimeters of the ground). Monitoring shall be performed during typical meteorological conditions. Any reading of 500 parts per million or more above background at any location shall be recorded as a monitored exceedance and the actions specified in 40 CFR 60.755(c)(4)(i-v) shall be taken. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(3), (4) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. Control system VOC emissions shall be determined by Method 25, 25C, or Method 18. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081; 40 CFR 60.754(d) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 18. Permittee shall conduct surface testing around the perimeter of the collection area and along a pattern that traverses the landfill at 30-meter intervals (or a site-specific established spacing) and where visual observations indicate elevated concentrations of landfill gas, such as distressed vegetation and cracks or seeps in the cover. The owner or operator may establish an alternative traversing pattern that ensures equivalent coverage. [40 CFR 60.753(d); 60.755(c)(1) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. Surface testing shall be performed on a quarterly basis using an organic vapor analyzer, flame ionization detector, or other portable monitor meeting the specifications provided in 40 CFR 60.755(d). [40 CFR 60.755(c)(1) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. Permittee shall implement a program to monitor for cover integrity and implement cover repairs as necessary on a monthly basis. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(5) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. The portable analyzer shall meet the instrument specifications of Method 21, section 3 (except that "methane" shall replace all references to VOC). The calibration gas shall be methane, diluted to a nominal concentration of 500 parts per million in air. To meet the performance evaluation requirements of Method 21, section 3.1.3, the instrument evaluation procedures of Method 21, section 4.4. The calibration procedures provided in Method 21, section 4.2 shall be followed immediately before commencing a surface monitoring survey. The provisions of this condition apply at all times, except during periods of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction (as defined in 40 CFR 60.755(e)). [40 CFR 60.755(d), (e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

- 22. Operator shall measure the gauge pressure in the gas collection header on a monthly basis as provided in § 60.755(a)(3); and monitor nitrogen or oxygen concentration in the landfill gas on a monthly basis as provided in § 60.755(a)(5); and monitor temperature of the landfill gas on a monthly basis as provided in § 60.755(a)(5). [40 CFR 60.756(a) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. If a bypass line is present, a visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and that the gas flow is not diverted through the bypass line. [40 CFR 60.756(b)(2) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. Any closed landfill that has demonstrated compliance in three consecutive quarterly monitoring periods may perform annual monitoring. Quarterly monitoring shall resume if any methane reading of 500 ppm or more above background are detected during annual monitoring. [40 CFR 60.756(f) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 25. Permittee shall submit an equipment removal report to the District 30 days prior to removal or cessation of operation of the control equipment. The report shall conform to the requirements of 40 CFR 60.757(e)(1). [40 CFR 60.757(e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. Permittee shall submit to the District annual reports of the recorded information in 40 CFR 60.757(f)(1-6). [40 CFR 60.757(f) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. The initial annual report shall be submitted within 180 days of installation and start-up of the collection and control system, and shall include the initial performance test report required under 40 CFR 60.8. The initial report shall include information specified in 40 CFR 60.757(g)(1-6). [40 CFR 60.757(f), (g) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Permittee shall keep the following records: the maximum expected gas generation flow rate; the density of wells, horizontal collectors, surface collectors, or other gas extraction devices determined using the procedures specified in 40 CFR 60.759(a)(1); the average combustion temperature measured at least every 15 minutes and averaged over the same time period of the performance test; the percent reduction of NMOC determined as specified in 40 CFR 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(B) achieved by the control device; up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the equipment operating parameters specified to be monitored as well as up-to-date, readily accessible records for periods of operation during which the parameter boundaries established during the most recent performance test are exceeded. [40 CFR 60.758(b), (c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 29. The following constitute exceedances that shall be recorded and reported under 40 CFR 60.757(f): all 3-hour periods of operation during which the average combustion temperature was more than 28 °C below the average combustion temperature during the most recent performance test (flare source test). [40 CFR 60.758(c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. Permittee shall keep up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the indication of flow to the enclosed flare, or the indication of bypass flow, or records of monthly inspections of car-seals or lock-and-key configurations used to seal bypass lines. [40 CFR 60.758(c) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Permittee shall keep, for the life of the collection system, an up-to-date, readily accessible plot map showing each existing and planned collector in the system and providing a unique identification location label for each collector. [40 CFR 60.758(d) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Permittee shall keep readily accessible documentation of the nature, date of deposition, amount, and location of asbestos-containing or nondegradable waste excluded from collection as well as any nonproductive areas excluded from collection. [40 CFR 60.758(d) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. Permittee shall keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible records of all collection and control system exceedances, the reading in the subsequent month whether or not the second reading is an exceedance, and the location of each exceedance. [40 CFR 60.758(e) and 60.34c] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. The enclosed flare shall operate with a minimum temperature of 1,400 degrees F. with a minimum retention time of 0.6 seconds. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. The enclosed flare shall be equipped with automatic dampers, an automatic shutdown device, and a flame arrester. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

- 36. The flare shall be equipped with an LPG fired pilot. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. The landfill gas sulfur content shall not exceed 120 ppmv. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. The flare shall have a VOC control efficiency of at least 98% by weight. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 39. The landfill non-methane organic compound content shall not exceed 1,051.7 ppmv as hexane. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 40. Emissions shall not exceed any of the following: 0.1 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 0.05 lb-NOx/MMBtu, or 0.2 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 41. VOC destruction efficiency testing shall be conducted annually. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 42. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** S-3720-2-2 **EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2006

SECTION: NW12 TOWNSHIP: 29S RANGE: 28E

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:** 

1000 GALLON CONDENSATE COLLECTION TANK, WITH INJECTION SYSTEM TO FLARE LISTED ON S-3720-1

### PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Condensate shall contain no more than 100 mg of total organic compounds per liter. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 2. Condensate shall be disposed by injection into flare, S-3720-1, such that all condensate is vaporized and organic compounds are incinerated, or disposed of by evaporation at base of flare, and/or be disposed of at a publicly owned treatment works (POTW) facility. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 3. Condensate tank shall not receive more than 500 gallons of liquid per day, based on a monthly average. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 4. Condensate flow to tank shall be measured at least monthly by an accurate method. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 5. Permittee shall maintain accurate records of monthly condensate flow to condensate storage tank and annual records of condensate total organic compound content and shall make such records readily available for District inspection upon request for 5 years. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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## ATTACHMENT C

Stringency Analysis for District Rule 4601

# Stringency Comparison of District Rule 4601 Non-SIP Version (12/17/09) to Current SIP Version (10/31/01)

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
2.0 Applicability	This rule is applicable to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures any architectural coating for use within the District.	This rule is applicable to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures, blends or repackages any architectural coating for use within the District.	No change in the applicability, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
4.0 Exemptions	The provisions of this rule shall not apply to:  4.1 Any architectural coating that is sold or manufactured for use outside of the District or for shipment to other manufacturers for reformulation or repackaging.  4.2 Any architectural coating that is sold in a containers with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less.  4.3 Any aerosol coating product.	4.1 The provisions of this rule shall not apply to:  4.1.1 Any architectural coating that is supplied, sold, offered for sale, or manufactured for use outside of the District or for shipment to other manufacturers for reformulation or repackaging.  4.1.2 Any aerosol coating product.  4.2 With the exception of Section 6.2, the provisions of this rule shall not apply to any architectural coating that is sold in a container with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less.	The only change is to require reporting requirements as discussed in Section 6.2 of the non-SIP approved version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
5.0 Requirements	tables are included as Attachment X. 5.1 VOC Content Limits: Except as provided	of Standards, Table of Standards 1, and Table  5.1 VOC Content Limits: Except as provided	Sections 5.8 and 8.0 of
	in Sections 5.2, 5.3, 5.8 and 8.0, no person shall; 5.1.1 manufacture, blend, or repackage for sale within the District; 5.1.2 supply, sell, or offer for sale within the district; 5.1.3 solicit for application or apply within the District any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards, after the specified effective date in the Table of Standards.	in Sections 5.2 and 5.3, no person shall: manufacture, blend, or repackage for use within the District; or supply, sell, or offer for sale within the District; or solicit for application or apply within the District any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, after the specified effective date in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2. Limits are expressed as VOC Regulatory, thinned to the manufacturer's maximum thinning recommendation, excluding any colorant added to tint bases.	the SIP version are not included in the non-SIP version. As discussed in corresponding sections the non-SIP version is more stringent. The Table of Standards and Table of Standards 1 have the same VOC limits. Table of Standard 2 is more stringent as discussed below. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
	5.2 Most Restrictive VOC Limit: If anywhere on the container of any architectural coating, or any label or sticker affixed to the container, or in any sales, advertising, or technical literature supplied by a manufacturer or anyone acting on their behalf, any representation is made that indicates that the coating meets the definition of or is recommended for use for more than one of the coating categories listed in the Table of Standards, then the most restrictive VOC content limit shall apply. This provision does not apply to the following coating categories:  5.2.1 Lacquer coatings (including lacquer sanding sealers)  5.2.2 Metallic pigmented coatings 5.2.3 Shellacs 5.2.4 Fire-retardant coatings	5.2 Most Restrictive VOC Limit: If a coating meets the definition in Section 3.0 for one or more specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, then that coating is not required to meet the VOC limits for Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss coatings, but is required to meet the VOC limit for the applicable specialty coating listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2. 5.2.1 Effective until December 31, 2010, with the exception of the specialty coating categories specified in Section 5.2.3.1 through 5.2.3.15, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 1, the most restrictive (or lowest) VOC content	The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
	5.2.5 Pretreatment wash primers 5.2.6 Industrial maintenance coatings 5.2.7 Low-solids coatings	timit shall apply. 5.2.2 Effective on and after January 1, 2011, with the exception of the	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
Category	5.2.8 Wood preservatives 5.2.9 High temperature coatings 5.2.10 Temperature-indicator safety coatings 5.2.11 Antenna coatings 5.2.12 Antifouling coatings 5.2.13 Flow coatings 5.2.14 Bituminous roof primers 5.2.15 Specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters	specialty coating categories specified in Sections 5.2.3.2, 5.2.3.3, 5.2.3.5 through 5.2.3.9, and 5.2.3.14 through 5.2.3.18, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 2, the most restrictive (or lowest) VOC content limit shall apply.  5.2.3 This requirement applies to: usage recommendations that appear anywhere on the coating container, anywhere on any label or sticker affixed to the container, or in any sales, advertising, or technical literature supplied by a manufacturer or anyone acting on their behalf.  5.2.3.1 Lacquer coatings (including lacquer sanding sealers)  5.2.3.2 Metallic pigmented coatings 5.2.3.3 Shellacs 5.2.3.4 Fire-retardant coatings 5.2.3.5 Pretreatment wash primers 5.2.3.6 Industrial maintenance coatings 5.2.3.7 Low-solids coatings 5.2.3.8 Wood preservatives 5.2.3.9 High temperature coatings 5.2.3.10 Temperature-indicator safety coatings 5.2.3.11 Antenna coatings 5.2.3.12 Antifouling coatings 5.2.3.14 Bituminous roof primers 5.2.3.15 Specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters	
		5.2.3.16 Aluminum roof coatings 5.2.3.17 Zinc-rich primers 5.2.3.18 Wood Coatings	
	5.3 Sell-Through of Coatings: 5.3.1 A coating manufactured prior to the January 1, 2003 or January 1, 2004 effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the specified effective date. In addition, a coating manufactured before the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards may be applied at any time, both before and after the specified effective date, so long as the coating complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured. This Section 5.3 does not apply to any coating that does not display the date or date-code required by Section 6.1.1. 5.3.2 A coating included in an approved Averaging Program that does not comply with the specified limit in the	5.3 Sell-Through of Coatings: A coating manufactured prior to the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, and that complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured, may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the specified effective date. In addition, a coating manufactured before the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 may be applied at any time, both before and after the specified effective date, so long as the coating complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured. This Section 5.3 does not apply to any coating that does not display the date or date-code required by Section 6.1.1.	The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Section 5.3.2 was removed it is no longer applicable in the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	Table of Standards may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the end of the compliance period specified in the approved Averaging Program. In addition, such a coating may be applied at any time, both during and after the compliance period. This Section 5.3.2 does not apply to any coating that does not display on the container either the statement: "This product is subject to architectural coatings averaging provisions in California" or a substitute symbol specified by the Executive Officer of the California Air Resources Board (ARB). This Section 5.3.2 shall remain in effect until January 1, 2008.	5.4 Painting Practices: All architectural	No change in the
	coating containers used to apply the contents therein to a surface directly from the container by pouring, siphoning, brushing, rolling, padding, ragging or other means, shall be closed when not in use. These architectural coating containers include, but are not limited to, drums, buckets, cans, pails, trays or other application containers. Containers of any VOC containing materials used for thinning and cleanup shall also be closed when not in use.	coating containers used to apply the contents therein to a surface directly from the container by pouring, siphoning, brushing, rolling, padding, ragging or other means, shall be closed when not in use. These architectural coating containers include, but are not limited to, drums, buckets, cans, pails, trays or other application containers. Containers of any VOC-containing materials used for thinning and cleanup shall also be closed when not in use.	requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
	5.5 Thinning: No person who applies or solicits the application of any architectural coating shall apply a coating that is thinned to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards.	5.5 Thinning: No person who applies or solicits the application of any architectural coating shall apply a coating that is thinned to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2.	The VOC limit of the non- SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
	5.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective January 1, 2004, no person shall apply or solicit the application of any rust preventative coating for industrial use, unless such a rust preventative coating complies with the industrial maintenance coating VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards.	5.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective through December 31, 2010, no person shall apply or solicit the application of any rust preventative coating for industrial use, unless such a rust preventative coating complies with the industrial maintenance coating VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1.	The VOC limit of the non- SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
	5.7 Coatings Not Listed in the Table of Standards: For any coating that does not meet any of the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in the Table of Standards, the VOC content limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as a flat coating or a nonflat coating, based on its gloss, as defined in Sections 3.21, 3.36 and 3.37 and the corresponding flat or nonflat VOC limit shall apply.	5.7 Coatings Not Listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2: For any coating that does not meet any of the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, the VOC content limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as a Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss coating, based on its gloss, and the corresponding Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss VOC limit in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 shall apply.	The VOC limit of the non- SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
	5.8 Lacquers: Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.1, a person or facility may add up to 10 percent by volume of VOC to a lacquer to avoid blushing of the finish during days with relative humidity greater		This section has been removed. The operation is required to meet the lacquer VOC limit regardless of

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	than 70 percent and temperature below 65°F, at the time of application, provided that the coating contains acetone and no more than 550 grams of VOC per liter of coating, less water and exempt compounds, prior to the addition of VOC.	, , ,	temperature and humidity. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version
	5.9 Averaging Compliance Option: On or after January 1, 2003, in lieu of compliance with the specified limits in The Table of Standards for floor coatings; industrial maintenance coatings; primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry enamels; roof coatings; bituminous roof coatings; rust preventative coatings; stains; waterproofing sealers, as well as flats and non-flats (excluding recycled coatings), manufacturers may average designated coatings such that their actual cumulative emissions from the averaged coatings are less than or equal to the cumulative emissions that would have been allowed under those limits over a compliance period not to exceed one year. Such manufacturers must also comply with the averaging provisions contained in Section 8.0, as well as maintain and make available for inspection records for at least three years after the end of the compliance period. This Section 5.9 and Section 8.0 shall cease to be effective on January 1, 2005, after which averaging will no longer be allowed.		This section is removed from the non-SIP version, it is no longer applicable. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
		5.8 Prior to January 1, 2011, any coating that meets a definition in Section 3.0 for a coating category listed in the Table of Standards 2 and complies with the applicable VOC limit in the Table of Standards 2 and with Sections 5.2 and 6.1 (including those provision of Section 6.1 otherwise effective on January 1, 2011) shall be considered in compliance with this rule.	Table of Standards 2 is more stringent than the VOC limits of Table of Standards in the SIP-Approved version. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
	Table of Standards (See Attachment X for Table)	Table of Standards 1 (Effective through 12/31/10) (See Attachment X for Table)	The non-SIP rule requirements are the same as the Table of Standards in the SIP approved rule, except Table of Standards 1 expires at which time Table of Standards 2 is in effect. As discussed below these standards are more stringent. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
		Table of Standards 2 (Effective on and after 1/1/11) (See Attachment X for Table)	The requirements of Table of Standards 2 are more stringent than the Table of Standards in the SIP rule. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
Administrative	6.1 Labeling Requirements: Each manufacturer of any architectural coating subject to this rule shall display the information listed in Sections	6.1 Labeling Requirements: Each manufacturer of any architectural coating subject to this rule shall display the	The non-SIP approved rule contain sections listed in the SIP rule plus

Requirement	SIP Version of Rule 4601	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601	Conclusion
Category	(10/31/01)	(12/17/09)	
	6.1.1 through 6.1.9 on the coating container (or label) in which the coating is sold or distributed.	information listed in Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.14 on the coating container (or label) in which the coating is sold or distributed.	additional requirements not found in the SIP version. Therefore, non-
	6.1.1 Date Code: The date the coating was manufactured, or a date code representing the date, shall be indicated	6.1.1 Date Code: The date the coating was manufactured, or a date code	SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
	on the label, lid or bottom of the container. If the manufacturer uses a date code for any coating, the	representing the date, shall be indicated on the label, lid or bottom of the container. If the manufacture	
	manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the Executive Officer of the ARB.	uses a date code for any coating, the manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the Executive Officer of the ARB.	
	6.1.2 Thinning Recommendations: A statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning of the coating shall be indicated on the label	6.1.2 Thinning Recommendations: A statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning	
	or lid of the container. This requirement does not apply to the thinning of architectural coatings with water. If	of the coating shall be indicated on the label or lid of the container. This requirement does not apply to the	
	thinning of the coating prior to use is not necessary, the recommendation must specify that the coating is to be applied without thinning.	thinning of architectural coatings with water. If thinning of the coating prior to use is not necessary, the recommendation must specify that	
	6.1.3 VOC Content: Each container of any coating subject to this rule shall display either the maximum or actual VOC	the coating is to be applied without thinning. 6.1.3 VOC Content: Each container of any	
	content of the coating, as supplied, including the maximum thinning as recommended by the manufacturer. VOC	coating subject to this rule shall display one of the following values, in grams of VOC per liter of coating:	
	content shall be displayed in grams of VOC per liter of coating. VOC content displayed shall be calculated using product formulation data, or shall be	6.1.3.1 Maximum VOC Content, as determined from all potential product formulations; or 6.1.3.2 VOC Content, as	
	determined using the test methods in Section 6.3.1. The equations in Sections 3.25 or 3.26,	determined from actual formulation data; or 6.1.3.3 VOC Content, as	
	as appropriate, shall be used to calculate VOC content. 6.1.4 Industrial Maintenance Coatings: In	determined using the test methods in Section 6.3.2. If the manufacturer does not	
	addition to the information specified in Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2 and 6.1.3, each manufacturer of any industrial maintenance coating subject to this rule	recommend thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the container	
	shall display on the label or lid of the container in which the coating is sold or distributed one or more of the following	must display the VOC Content, including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the	
	descriptions listed in Section 6.1.4.1 through 6.1.4.3. 6.1.4.1 "For industrial use only" 6.1.4.2 "For professional use only"	manufacturer. If the coating is a multicomponent product, the container must display the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed. If the	
	6.1.4.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use" 6.1.5 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Effective	coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOCs during the	
	January 1, 2003, the labels of all clear brushing lacquers shall prominently display the statements "For brush application only," and "This product must	curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.  6.1.4 Faux Finishing Coatings: Effective	
	not be thinned or sprayed."  6.1.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all rust	January 1, 2011, the labels of all clear topcoat Faux Finishing coatings shall prominently display the	
	preventative coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Metal Substrates Only"	statement "This product can only be sold or used as part of a Faux Finishing coating system".	
	6.1.7 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall prominently	6.1.5 Industrial Maintenance Coatings: Each manufacturer of any industrial maintenance coating subject to this rule shall display on the label or lid of	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
Category	display one or more of the descriptions listed in Section 6.1.7.1 through 6.1.7.5. 6.1.7.1 For blocking stains. 6.1.7.2 For fire-damaged substrates. 6.1.7.3 For smoke-damaged substrates. 6.1.7.4 For water-damaged substrates. 6.1.7.5 For excessively chalky substrates. 6.1.8 Quick Dry Enamels: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all quick dry enamels shall prominently display the words "Quick Dry" and the dry hard time. 6.1.9 Non-flat – High Gloss Coatings: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all non-flat – high gloss coatings shall prominently display the words "High Gloss".	the container in which the coating is sold or distributed one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.5.1 through 6.1.5.3. 6.1.5.1 "For industrial use only" 6.1.5.2 "For professional use only" 6.1.5.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use" all clear brushing lacquers shall prominently display the statements "For brush application only," and "This product must not be thinned or sprayed." (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.) 6.1.7 Rust Preventative Coatings: The labels of all rust preventative coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Metal Substrates Only". 6.1.8 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Effective until December 31, 2010, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Section 6.1.8.1 through 6.1.8.5 Effective on and after January 1, 2011, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers, and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Sections 6.1.8.1 through 6.1.8.3. On and after January 1, 2011, Sections 6.1.8.4 and 6.1.8.5 will be no longer effective. 6.1.8.1 For fire-damaged substrates. 6.1.8.2 For smoke-damaged substrates. 6.1.8.3 For water-damaged substrates. 6.1.8.4 For excessively chalky substrates. 6.1.8.5 For blocking stains. 6.1.9 Quick Dry Enamels: The labels of all quick dry enamels shall prominently display the words "Quick Dry" and the dry hard time. (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all reactive Penetrating Sealers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Reactive Penetrating Sealers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Stone Consolidants: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Stone Consolidants: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Stone Consolidants: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Stone Consolidants shall prominently display the statement "Stone Consolidant - For Professional Use Only." 6.1.12 Nonflat—High Gloss Coatings: The lab	

Requirement	SIP Version of Rule 4601	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601	Conclusion
Category	(10/31/01)	(12/17/09)	00//0//00/01/
		6.1.13 Wood Coatings: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Wood Coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Wood Substrates Only." 6.1.14 Zinc Rich Primers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Zinc Rich Primers shall prominently display one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.14.1 through 6.1.14.3. 6.1.14.1 "For industrial use only" 6.1.14.2 "For professional use only" 6.1.14.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use"	
	6.2 Reporting Requirements	6.2 Reporting Requirements	Until December 31, 2010
	6.2.1 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Each manufacturer of clear brushing lacquers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of clear brushing lacquers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales. 6.2.2 Rust Preventative Coatings: Each manufacturer of rust preventative coatings shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of rust preventative coatings sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales. 6.2.3 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Each manufacturer of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales. 6.2.4 Toxic Exempt Compounds: For each architectural coating that contains perchloroethylene or methylene chloride, the manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB the following information for products sold in the State during the preceding year: 6.2.4.1 the product brand name and a copy of the product label with	The reporting requirements specified in Sections 6.2.1 through 6.2.6 shall apply until December 31, 2010.  6.2.1 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Each manufacturer of clear brushing lacquers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of clear brushing lacquers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales. 6.2.2 Rust Preventative Coatings: Each manufacturer of rust preventative coatings shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of rust preventative coatings sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales. 6.2.3 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Each manufacturer of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales. 6.2.4 Toxic Exempt Compounds: For each architectural coating that contains perchloroethylene or methylene chloride, the manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year	both versions of the rule have the same reporting requirements. After that date the non-SIP approved rule includes very specific information to be kept and is required for all architectural coatings. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.

Requirement	SIP Version of Rule 4601	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601	Conclusion
Category	(10/31/01)	(12/17/09)	Concidation
	6.2.4.2 the product category listed in	annual report to the Executive Officer	
	the Table of Standards to which	of the ARB the following information	
'	the coating belongs;	for products sold in the State during	
	6.2.4.3 the total sales in California	the preceding year:	
	during the calendar year to the	6.2.4.1 the product brand name	
	nearest gallon;	and a copy of the product   label with legible usage	
	6.2.4.4 the volume percent, to the nearest 0.10 percent, of	instructions;	
	perchloroethylene and methylene	6.2.4.2 the product category listed	
	chloride in the coating.	in the Table of Standards 1 or	
	6.2.5 Recycled Coatings: Manufacturers of	the Table of Standards 2 to	
	recycled coatings must submit a letter to	which the coating belongs;	
	the Executive Officer of the ARB	6.2.4.3 the total sales in California	
	certifying their status as a Recycled Paint	during the calendar year to	
	Manufacturer. The manufacturer shall, on	the nearest gallon; 6.2.4.4 the volume percent, to the	
	or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning with the year 2004; submit an	nearest 0.10 percent, of	
	annual report to the Executive Officer of	perchloroethylene and	
	the ARB. The report shall include, for all	methylene chloride in the	
	recycled coatings, the total number of	coating.	
	gallons distributed in the State during the	6.2.5 Recycled Coatings: Manufacturers of	
	preceding year, and shall describe the	recycled coatings must submit a letter	
	method used by the manufacturer to	to the Executive Officer of the ARB	
	calculate State distribution.	certifying their status as a Recycled Paint Manufacturer. The	
	6.2.6 Bituminous Coatings: Each	manufacturer shall, on or before April	
	manufacturer of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers shall, on or	1 of each calendar year beginning	
	before April 1 of each calendar year	with the year 2004, submit an annual	
	beginning with the year 2004, submit an	report to the Executive Officer of the	
	annual report to the Executive Officer of	ARB. The report shall include, for all	
	ARB. The report shall specify the number	recycled coatings, the total number of	
	of gallons of bituminous roof coatings or	gallons distributed in the State during	
	bituminous roof primers sold in the State	the preceding year, and shall describe the method used by the	
	during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the	manufacturer to calculate State	
	manufacturer to calculate State sales.	distribution.	
	Thanalactaror to barbarate oracle of	6.2.6 Bituminous Coatings: Each	
	·	manufacturer of bituminous roof	
		coatings or bituminous roof primers	
		shall, on or before April 1 of each	
		calendar year beginning with the year	
		2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of ARB. The report	
		shall specify the number of gallons of	
		bituminous roof coatings or	
		bituminous roof primers sold in the	
·		State during the preceding calendar	
		year, and shall describe the method	
		used by the manufacturer to calculate	
		state sales. 6.2.7 Effective on and after January 1,	
		2011, Sales Data: All sales data listed	
		in Sections 6.2.7.1 to 6.2.7.14 shall	
		be maintained on-site by the	
		responsible official for a minimum of	
		three years. A responsible official	
		from each manufacturer shall upon	
		request of the Executive Officer of the ARB, or his or her delegate, provide	
		data concerning the distribution and	
		sales of architectural coatings. Sales	
		data submitted by the responsible	
		official to the Executive Officer of the	
		ARB may be claimed as confidential,	
		and such information shall be	
		handled in accordance with the	
		procedures specified in Title 17,	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
		California Code of Regulations	
		Sections 91000-91022. The responsible official shall within 180	
		days provide information, including,	
		but not limited to the data listed in	
		Sections 6.2.7.1 through 6.2.7.14:	
		6.2.7.1 the name and mailing	
		address of the manufacturer;	
		6.2.7.2 the name, address and telephone number of a	
		contact person;	
		6.2.7.3 the name of the coating	
		product as it appears on the	
		label and the applicable	
		coating category; 6.2.7.4 whether the product is	
		marketed for interior or	
		exterior use or both;	
		6.2.7.5 the number of gallons sold	
		in California in containers	
		greater than one liter (1.057	
		quart) and equal to or less than one liter (1.057 quart);	
		6.2.7.6 the VOC Actual content	
		and VOC Regulatory content	
		in grams per liter. If thinning is	
		recommended, list the VOC	
		Actual content and VOC Regulatory content after	
		Regulatory content after maximum recommended	
		thinning. If containers less	
		than one liter have a different	
1		VOC content than containers	
		greater than one liter, list	
		separately. If the coating is a multi-component product,	
		provide the VOC content as	
ĺ		mixed or catalyzed;	
		6.2.7.7 the names and CAS	
		numbers of the VOC	
		constituents in the product;	
ĺ		6.2.7.8 the names and CAS numbers of any compounds in	
		the product specifically	
ļ		exempted from the VOC	
		definition;	
		6.2.7.9 whether the product is	
		marketed as solvent-borne, waterborne, or 100% solids;	
		6.2.7.10 description of resin or	
		binder in the product;	
		6.2.7.11 whether the coating is a	
		single-component or multi-	
		component product;	
		6.2.7.12 the density of the product in pounds per gallon;	
		6.2.7.13 the percent by weight of:	
		solids, all volatile materials,	
		water, and any compounds in	
		the product specifically	
		exempted from the VOC	
		definition; and 6.2.7.14 the percent by volume of:	
•		solids, water, and any	
		compounds in the product	
		specifically exempted from	
		the VOC definition.	

Requirement	SIP Version of Rule 4601	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601	0
Category			Conclusion
Requirement	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)  6.3 Test Methods  6.3.1 VOC Content of Coatings: To determine the physical properties of a coating in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.26 and 3.27, the reference method for VOC content is U.S. EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.2 and 6.3.15. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised February 1996), incorporated by reference in Section 6.3.14. The exempt compounds content shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised August 1996), incorporated by reference in Section 6.3.12. To determine the VOC content of a coating, the manufacturer may use U.S. EPA Method 24, or an alternative method as provided in Section 6.3.2, formulation data, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, recordkeeping). However, if there are any inconsistencies between the results of a Method 24 test and any other means for determining VOC content, the Method 24 test results will govern, except when an alternative method is approved as specified in Section 6.3.2. The District Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO) may require the manufacturer to conduct a Method 24 analysis.  6.3.2 Alternative Test Methods: Other test methods demonstrated to provide results that are acceptable for purposes of determining compliance with Section 6.3.1, after review and approved in writing by the staffs of the District, the ARB and the U.S. EPA, may also be used. 6.3.3 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: Analysis of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)  6.3 Test Methods  The test methods listed below shall be used to demonstrate compliance with this rule. Alternate equivalent test methods may be used provided the test methods have been approved by the APCO and EPA.  6.3.1 Calculation of VOC Content: For the purpose of determining compliance with the VOC content limits in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, the VOC content of a coating shall be determined as defined in Section 3.77, 3.78, or 3.79 as appropriate. The VOC content of a tint base shall be determined without colorant that is added after the tint base is manufactured. If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated for the product as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multicomponent product, the VOC content must be calculated as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOC during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.  6.3.2 VOC Content of Coatings: To determine the physical properties of a coating in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.77 and 3.79, the reference method for VOC content is EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.3 and 6.3.16. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised February 1996). The exempt	Conclusion  The non-SIP version includes all the requirements of the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
·	Control Officer (APCO) may require the manufacturer to conduct a Method 24 analysis.  6.3.2 Alternative Test Methods: Other test methods demonstrated to provide results that are acceptable for purposes of determining compliance with Section 6.3.1, after review and approved in writing by the staffs of the District, the ARB and the U.S. EPA, may also be used. 6.3.3 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: Analysis of methacrylate multicomponent coatings	other VOC during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.  6.3.2 VOC Content of Coatings: To determine the physical properties of a coating in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.77 and 3.79, the reference method for VOC content is EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.3 and 6.3.16. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised	·
	be conducted according to a modification of U.S. EPA Method 24 (40 CFR 59, subpart D, Appendix A), incorporated by reference in Section 6.3.15. This method has not been approved for methacrylate multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than as traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings. 6.3.4 Flame Spread Index: The flame spread index of a fire-retardant coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation E 84-99, "Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building	compounds content shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1993), BAAQMD Method 43 (Revised 1996), or BAAQMD Method 41 (Revised 1995), as applicable. To determine the VOC content of a coating, the manufacturer may use EPA Method 24, or an alternative method as provided in Section 6.3.3, formulation data, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, recordkeeping). However, if there are any inconsistencies between the	
	Materials"(see Section 3, Fire- Retardant Coating). 6.3.5 Fire Resistance Rating: The fire	results of EPA Method 24 test and any other means for determining VOC content, the EPA Method 24	

resistance rating of a firer-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM Methods for Fire Tests of Studieng Construction Materials' (see Section 3, Fire-Resistive Coating).  6.3 S Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Construction Materials' (see Section 3, Fire-Resistive Coating).  7. Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss' (see Section 4, Fire La Coating).  8. Sandard Test Method for Specular Gloss' (see Section 4, Fire La Coating).  8. Sandard Content of Coatings. The determined by Sandard Method Silve Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAGMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis of Enforcement Plant Content of Coatings. The acid content of a coating shall be determined by SATM Designation D 1613-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Fire Formation of Weight Percent Items of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Fire Formation of Urganic Coatings at Room Temperature (see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.1 Burgh Times The self-old-ord-phase of Coatings and Room Temperature (see Section 4) Primer's Saler and Undercoater) The tack-fee time of a quickdy-namel coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Fire Formation of Urganic Coatings at Room Temperature (see Section 4) Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chaking of Exterior Primer's Selfer and Undercoater) the tack-fee time of a quickdy-namel coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chaking of Exterior Primer's Selfer and Undercoater) the ack-fee time of a quickdy-namel coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chaking of Exterior Primer's Selfer and Undercoater) the ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chaking of Exterior Primer's Selfer and	Requirement	SIP Version of Rule 4601	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601	Conclusion
coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation E 119-98, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials (see Section 3. 6.3 of Gloss Determination The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 523-89 (1999). "Standard Test Method for Spocular Gloss" (see Section 3, Flat Coating, Northal Coating, Socially Designation, SCA(2MD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCA(2MD Laboratory Coating), Socially Laboratory Coating, Socially	Category	(10/31/01)	(12/17/09)	Conclusion
Designation E 119-98, 'Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials' (see Section 3, Fire Resistive Coaling), 16.3 6 Gioss Determination: The gloss of a Chespitation O 23-88 (1999), 'Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss' (see Section 3, Fist Coaling), Nonfiat Coating, Nonfiat-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dy Finamel).  3.7 Metal Content of Coatings: The determined by Scholl Method 31 st. 195, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, ScAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metaliac Pigmeted Coating).  3.3 Coating in Validitie Solvents and Chemical Intermedates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Precipitation of a Coating and the determined by X-STM Designation D 1640-99, 'Standard Test Method for Originic Coatings of Arom Prograture' (see Coatings, 1878 Designation D 1640-99, 'Standard Test Methods for Originic Coatings of Arom Prograture' (see Coatings, 1878 Designation D 1640-99, 'Standard Test Methods for Originic Coatings of Arom Prograture' (see Coatings, 1878 Designation D 1640-99, 'Standard Test Methods for Originic Coatings and Room Prograture' (see Coatings, 1878, "Determination of Organic Coatings and Room Prograture' (see Coatings, 1878, "Determination of Violatile Methylsioxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, 1878, "Determination of Violatile Methylsioxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, 1878, "Determination of Violatile Methylsioxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, 1878, and Related Methods (see Section 3, O. Ventile Content of Coatings, 1879, "Determination of Violatile Methylsioxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, 1878, and Related Methods (see Section 3, O. Ventile Content of Coatings, 1879, "Determination of Violatile Methylsioxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, 1878, and Related Methods (see Section 3, O. Ventile Content of Coatings, 1879, "Determination of Violatile Methylsioxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, 1878, and Related Methods (see Section 3, O. Ventile Content of C		resistance rating of a fire-resistive	test results will govern, except when	
Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials (see Section 3, Fire Resistive Coating).  3. 3. Glosso Determination: The gloss of a coaling shall be determined by ASTM Disgrand Coating, Northal Coati			<u> </u>	
Construction Materials' (see Section 3, Fire-Resistive Coaling), 6.3.6 Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coaling shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 123-86 (See Section 3, File Coaling, Closs' (see Section 3, File Coaling, Nonfala Coaling, Nonfala-High Gloss Coaling, and Quick-Dy-Finamel), 6.3.7 Metal Content of Coalings, The metallic content of a coaling shall be determined by SCAGMD Method 318-Elemental Metal in Coalings by ARM Designation D 1640-95, 19.3.8 Acid Content of Coalings by ARM Designation D 1640-95, 'Slandard Test Method for Acidity in Volaties Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Percentage), Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volaties Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Percentage), Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volaties Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Percentage), Standard Test Method for Origanic Coalings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Diacoccited Coalings, 1882), Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coalings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Diacoccited Coaling), Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coalings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Diacoccite), Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coalings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Diacoccite), Paint Films' (see Section 3, Specially Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Compounds that are cyclic, and the product of the Coaling Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coalings, Alman (See Section 3, Specially Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Standard Test Methods for Primer See Section 3, Specially Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Standard Test Methods of Primer See Section 3, Specially Primer, Sealer and Undercoat				
6.3 of Goiso Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D.23-28-8(1999), Standard Fest Method for Specular Oxidation and Quick-Dry Enranel). 6.3.7 Metal Content of Coatings. The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAOMID Method 318-99, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAOMID Method 318-99, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAOMID Method 318-99, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAOMID Method 318-99, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAOMID Endorsity of the Weight of Coatings and Coating and Coat				l
6. 3.6 Gloss Determination. The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 523-89 (1999), "Standard Test Methods Conting, Membra Coating, Stephermination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAGMO Method 318-99, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAGMO Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallac Coatings and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varinsh, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Presentement Wash Primer).  6. 3.6 Act Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95. "Standard Test Methods for Dyring, Curing, or Filin Formation of Organic Coatings and Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Opy Finnes, Seater and Qu			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D523-89 (1999), "Standard Test Method for Specular Glose's (see Section 3, Flat Coating, Nonflat Coating, Nonflat-High Gloss Coating and Guick-Dy Feamel).  6.3.7 Metal Content of Coatings: The abd determined by CASOMM Method 31-8-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAQMO Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  7.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation of Acidity in Volatils Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat imes of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation Difference of the Standard Test Methods for Drying. Coatings af Room Emperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Frimer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamed coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation DI 241-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation DI 241-96.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation DI 241-96.  6.3.11 Exempl Compounds that are cyclic, branched, of intear completely methylated siloxanes in Solvents. Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, of intear completely methylated siloxanes in Solvents. Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, of intear completely methylated siloxanes in Solvents. Materials: "BaACMO Method 37, Determination of Voalitile Methylatoxanes in Solvents. Materials: "BaACMO Method 37, Determination of Voalitile Methylatoxanes in Solvents. Materials: "BaACMO Method 37, Section 3, Sec				
Designation to 523-89 (1999).  "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss' (see Section 3, Flat Coating, Nonflat Coating, Standard Coating, 1999.  6.3 Part Method Scale Coating, 1999.  Diffraction, SCAGMO Method 318-1999. Diffraction, SCAGMO Laboratory, Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  6.3 A ded Content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96. "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatils Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varrish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Metallic Products (see Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Metallic Products (see Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Metallic Products (see Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Metallic Products (see Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Metallic Products (see Section 3, Presentiation of Section 3, Metallic Products (see Section 3, Metallic Products) (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Frimer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamed coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95. "Standard Test Methods for Dryling Course, or Section 3, Specially Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) (Section 3, Specially Primer, Sealer and Undercoater). Section 3, Se				
Standard Test Method for Specular Giose/see Section 3, Plat Costing, Nonflat Coating, Nonflat-High Gioss Coating and Quick-Dip Fanmel).  6.37 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCARW Method 318 be determined Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-59, "Standard Fest Method for Acid Method 318 be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-55," Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Filin Formation of Organic Content of ASTM Designation D 1640-55," Standard Test Methods for Dying, Curing, or Filin Formation of Organic Coating Shall be determined by NETM Designation D 1640-59.  5.3 Filing Residence of the Standard Sta				
Gloss*(see Section 3, Flat Coating, Nonflat Coating, Nonflat Coating Nonflat Coating Section Coatings and Quick-Dy Enamel).  6.3.7 Methal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAOMD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Samples (see Section 3, Metalsic Pigmented Coating).  6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings Sy X-Ray and Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metalsic Pigmented Coating).  6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings. The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.1 Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dy Primer) sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickfory enamel coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dy Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickfory enamel coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coating, and Designation Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Method of ASTM Coati				
Nonfial Coating, Nonfial-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dy Famen). 6.3.7 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAOMD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAOMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating). 6.3.8 Amount of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-36, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Per-Treatment Wash Primer). 6.3.9 Dyring Times: The set-to-fuoch, dry-hard, dry-to-to-uch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Dyring, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Dutick-Dy-Berth Michael Coating), ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Dyring, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Datick-Dy-Berth Methods for Septiment of Section 3, Defice Resistance Rating: The fire resistance rating of a fire-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.11 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.10 Surface Chalking of Exterior Paint Film's (see Section 3, Defice Resistive Coating), Nonfial Coating, Nonfial Dedermined by ASTM Designation of Volatilia Methyloikovanes in Solving Nonfial Coating, N			l	
be used.  be used as traffic marking coatings shall be conducted according to a modification of EPA Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings. The acid content of a coating shall be determined by the acid to the coating shall be determined by the method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.9 Dyring Times: The set-to-touch, dy-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, 'Standard Test Methods for Dyring, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Pannel and Quick-Dry Pannel and Quick-Dry Enamel an				
metallic content of a coaling shall be determined by SCAMDM Method 318-39, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-99, Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products (see Section 3, Present Coating).  6.3.9 Dying Times: The set-to-touch, dry-hard, dry-to-bouch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Farmer In eack-free time of a quickdry enamed coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Sloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, methylated silonares, shall be nanlyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAOMD Method 43 'Determination of Volatile Methylsioloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials', See Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6,3.1).		Coating and Quick-Dry Enamel).	the District, ARB and EPA, may also	
determined by SCAQMD Method 318- 95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  5.38 Acid Content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products (see Section 3, Pre- Treatment Wash Primer).  5.39 Drying Times. The set-to-fouch, dry- hard, dry-to-fouch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dy Farmet and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The lack-free him of a quickory enamed coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95, Standard Test Methods for Evaluating ASTM Designation D 1214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating ASTM Designation D 1414-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Extentor Paint Films'(see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), Films' (See Section 3, Specialty		6.3.7 Metal Content of Coatings: The		
95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating), 6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings S-The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D1613-96, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products ("see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer). 6.3.9 Drying Times: The sel-to-louch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95. "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings al Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Enamel and Ourk-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.10 Surface Chalikiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1640-95. 6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Slioxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAOMD Method 43, 'Determination of Volatile Methylstoloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials, 'BAAOMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6, 3, 1).				
Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).  6.38 Acid Content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products (see Section 3, Pre- Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-fouch, dry- hard, dry-to-fouch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings al Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Farmel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The lack-free time of a quick-dry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95, Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Extenor Paint Films' (see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) 6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes; Expert compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAOMD Method 43, 'Determination of Volatile Methylsiotoanes in Solvent- Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials', BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted, 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1).  Free Tests of Building products of the Coating, Shall be determined by Primer Sealer and Undercoater) for the Coating and Faux Finish. 6.3.9 Acid Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by Primer Sealer and Undercoater) for the Coating Shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAOMD Method 43, 'Determination of Volatile Methylsiotoanes in Solvent- Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials', BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted, 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1).  Free				
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Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Method 28 (40 CFR 59, subpart 0, Appendix A). This method has not been approved for methacyste multicomponent coatings was not been approved for methacyste multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than a traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than a traffic marking coatings or for other purposes than a traffic marking coatings or for other purposes than a traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than a traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than a traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings as that the determined by ASTM Designation of Chap-95.  15.3 Drying Times. The sel-to-louch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D (40-95, "Standard Test Method for Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3.0, Fire Resistance Rating. The fire resistance rating of a fire-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D (140-95, "Standard Test Method for Organic Coatings and Coating, shall be determined by the Method of ASTM Designation D (140-98, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3.0, Fire Resistive Coating, Nonflat Post Method of ASTM Designation D (140-98, "Standard Test Method for Chalking of Exterior Paint Films" (see Section 3, Speciaty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater).  15.3 The Exempt Compounds—Sitoxanes: Exempt Compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated sitoxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6, 3.1).  15.3 Opposed to the primary of the prima				
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Figmented Coating).  6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products (see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dryhard, dryto-touch and dryto-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dy Parimer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materiais" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materiais" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materiais" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materiais" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materiais" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materiais" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3, Option 197, "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section				
6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96; Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products (see Section 3, Pretraction Programs).  6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dryhard, dry-to-houch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Famel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1741-98.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 1741-98.  6.3.10 Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes: Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes, Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films' See Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater)  6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes: Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes: Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes: Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes: Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes Shall be determined by ASTM Designation of Vollatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials: "Sat AQAMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted, 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6, 3.1).				
coalings used for other purposes than determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96. "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products' (see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-louch, dry-hard, dry-to-louch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature' (see Section 3, Quick-Dy Enamel and Quick-Dy Enamel and Quick-Dy Enamel and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D 2714-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films' (see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater).  6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Sioxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, 'Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes is Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials', 'BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted, 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Olatile Organic Compound, and Section 6, 3, 1).				
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Treatment Wash Primer).  6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dryhard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95. "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Finmer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films" (see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater).  6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt Compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6, 3, 1). Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6, 3, 1). Pre-Tireatment Wash				
6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dryhard, dry-to-louch and dry-to-record times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films" (see Section 3, Spicially Primer, Sealer and Undercoater). 6.3.11 Exempt Compounds Hat are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1). Netallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Metallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Metallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Metallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Metallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Metallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Metallic Primented Coating, shall be determined by ASTM D1613-06, "Standard Test Method for Sciding shall be determined by SCAQMD Laboratory Metho		i.		
times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Pramer and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films" (see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater).  6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes:  Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes:  Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes:  Exempt Compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatilie Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatilie Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1). The Teather of the primary can be determined by ASTM Enters the Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials* (see Section 3.0, Fisat Coating, Nonflat Coatings, Nonflat-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dry Enamel).  6.3.10 Exempt Compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatilie Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatilie Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1). Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.10. Pre-Treatment Wash				
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by ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95.  6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films" (see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater).  6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Menual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1).  by ASTM Designation of Organic coating shall be determined by ASTM E119-07, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials' see Section 3.0. Fire Resistive Coating).  6.3.7 Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D523-89 (1999), "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3.0, Flat Coating, Nonflat-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dry Enamel).  6.3.8 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D1613-06, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products" (see Section 3.0, Pre-Treatment Wash)				
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6.3.1). Section 3.0, Pre-Treatment Wash				
a.a. a manipi admirativa		6.3.12 Exempt Compounds—	Primer).	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	Parachlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF): The exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 41, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Solvent Based Coatings and Related Materials Containing Parachlorobenzotriflouride," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 12/20/95 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1). 6.3.13 Exempt Compounds: The content of compounds under U.S. EPA Method 24 shall be analyzed by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Exempt Compounds," SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1). 6.3.14 VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of a coating shall be determined by U.S. EPA Method 24 as it exists in appendix A of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 60, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings" (see Section 6.3.1). 6.3.15 Alternative VOC content of coatings: The VOC content of Coatings: The VOC content of Coatings: The VOC content of coatings may be analyzed either by U.S. EPA Method 24 or SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials," SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 6.3.1). 6.3.16 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: The VOC content of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be analyzed by the procedures in 40 CFR part 59, subpart D, appendix A, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content of Methacrylate Multicomponent Coatings Used as Traffic Marking Coatings" (September 11, 1998) (see Section 6.3.3).	6.3.10 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3.0, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quick-dry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM D1640-95, (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.) 6.3.11 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films" (see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater), (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.) 6.3.12 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2). 6.3.13 Exempt Compounds—Parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, The exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, Shall be analyzed as an exempt compound for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 41, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Related Materials Containing Parachlorobenzotrifluoride," BAAQMD Manual of Procedures, Volume III, adopted 12/20/95 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compounds, "SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compounds," SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion	
	(12.2.0.0)	Federal Regulations (CFR) part 60, "Determination of Volatile Matter		
		Content, Water Content, Density,		
		Volume Solids and Weight Solids of		
		Surface Coatings" (see Section		
		6.3.2).		
		6.3.16 Alternative VOC Content of		
		Coatings: The VOC content of		
		coatings may be analyzed either by U.S. EPA Method 24 or SCAQMD		
		Method 304-91 (Revised 1996),		
		"Determination of Volatile Organic		
		Compounds (VOC) in Various		
		Materials," SCAQMD Laboratory		
		Methods of Analysis for Enforcement		
		Samples.		
		6.3.17 Methacrylate Traffic Marking		
		Coatings: The VOC content of		
		methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking		
		coatings used as traine marking coatings shall be analyzed by the		
		procedures in 40 CFR part 59,		
		subpart D, appendix A,		
		"Determination of Volatile Matter		
		Content of Methacrylate		
		Multicomponent Coatings Used as		
		Traffic Marking Coatings" (September		
		11, 1998).	•	
		6.3.18 Hydrostatic Pressure for Basement Specialty Coatings: The hydrostatic		
		pressure resistance for basement		
		specialty coatings shall be analyzed		
		using ASTM D7088-04, "Standard		
	•	Practice for Resistance to Hydrostatic		
		Pressure for Coatings Used in Below		
		Grade Applications Applied to		
		Masonry".  6.3.19 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating		
1		Adhesion: The adhesion of tub and		
		tile coating shall be determined by		
		ASTM D4585-99, "Standard Practice		
		for Testing Water Resistance of		
		Coatings Using Controlled	•	
		Condensation" and ASTM D3359-02,		
		"Standard Test Methods for		
		Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test".		
		6.3.20 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Hardness: The hardness of tub and		
		tile refinish coating shall be		
		determined by ASTM D3363-05,		
		"Standard Test Method for Film		
	·	Hardness by Pencil Test".		
	•	6.3.21 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating		
		Abrasion Resistance: Abrasion		
		resistance of tub and tile refinish		
		coating shall be analyzed by ASTM D4060-07, "Standard Test Methods		
		for Abrasion Resistance of Organic	•	
		Coatings by the Taber Abraser".		
		6.3.22 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating	•	
		Water Resistance: Water resistance		
		of tub and tile refinish coatings shall		
	•	be determined by ASTM D4585-99,		
		"Standard Practice for Testing Water		
		Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM		
		D714-02e1, "Standard Test Method		

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
Catogory	(10/3/101)	for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints".  6.3.23 Waterproofing Membrane: Waterproofing membrane shall be tested by ASTM C836-06, "Standard Specification for High Solids Content, Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane for Use with Separate Wearing Course".  6.3.24 Mold and Mildew Growth for Basement Specialty Coatings: Mold and mildew growth resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be determined by ASTM D3273-00, "Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber" and ASTM D3274-95, "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Surface Disfigurement of Paint Films by Microbial (Fungal or Algal) Growth or Soil and Dirt Accumulation".  6.3.25 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Repellency: Reactive penetrating sealer water repellency shall be analyzed by ASTM C67-07, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile"; or ASTM C97-02, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile"; or ASTM C97-02, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units".  6.3.26 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Vapor Transmission: Reactive penetrating sealer water vapor transmission of Materials".  6.3.27 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Vapor Transmission of Materials".  6.3.28 Stone Consolidants: Stone consolidants shall be tested using ASTM E2167-01, "Standard Guide for Selection and Use of Stone	
7:0 Compliance Schedule	Persons subject to this rule shall be in compliance with this rule by October 31, 2001.	Consolidants".  Persons subject to this rule shall be in compliance with this rule by the dates specified within the rule.	No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
8.0 Averaging Compliance Option	8.1 On or after January 1, 2003, in lieu of compliance with the specified limits in the Table of Standards for floor coatings; industrial maintenance coatings; primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry enamels; roof coatings; rust		No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	preventative coatings; stains; waterproofing sealers, as well as flats and non-flats (excluding recycled coatings), manufacturers may average designated coatings such that their actual cumulative emissions from the averaged coatings are less than or equal to the cumulative emissions that would have been allowed under those limits over a compliance period not to exceed one year. Such manufacturers must also comply with the averaging provisions contained in this Section, as well as maintain and make available for inspection records for at least three years after the end of the compliance period. This Section shall cease to be effective on January 1, 2005, after which averaging will no longer be allowed.  Per Section 8.1, averaging is no longer applicable. Therefore, Section 8.2 through 8.14 are not listed.		

District Rule 4601 was amended (12/17/2009). As analyzed, each amended section of the non-SIP version of the rule is at least as stringent as, or more stringent than the corresponding section of the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, it is concluded that overall the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.

### ATTACHMENT D

**Detailed Facility List** 

SJVUAPCD SOUTHERN

11/16/09 3:44 pm

Detailed Facility Report
For Facility=3720
Sorted by Facility Number and Permit Number

CHINA GRADE SANITARY LANDFILL SEC 1 AND 12, T 29S, R 28E BAKERSFIELD, CA			FAC # S 3720 STATUS: A TELEPHONE:				TYPE: TitleV EXPIRE ON: 07/31/2006 TOXIC ID: AREA: 4 / INSP. DATE: 04/10
PERMIT NUMBER	FEE DESCRIPTION	FEE RULE	QTY	FEE AMOUNT	FEE TOTAL	PERMIT STATUS	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
S-3720-1-4	117 ACRES	3020-12 U	117	99.00	2,749.00	A	MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL, 3:61 MILLION TONS CAPACITY, WITH GAS EXTRACTION WELLS, BLOWER, PIPING AND 11.0 MMBTU/HR ENCLOSED FLARE (117 ACRES)
S-3720-2-2	1000 GALLONS	3020-05 A	1	75.00	75.00	Α	1000 GALLON CONDENSATE COLLECTION TANK, WITH INJECTION SYSTEM TO FLARE LISTED ON S-3720-1

Number of Facilities Reported: 1

## ATTACHMENT E

Public Comments/District Response

### Public Comments/District Response

Kern County Waste Management Department (KCWMD) submitted public comments regarding the District's analysis and preliminary decision. A copy of the May 12, 2010 letter containing these comments is available at the District.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #1**

KCWMD has requested that Permit Unit S-3720-2-3 be rescinded and Condition #2 of '-2-3 be incorporated in Permit Unit S-3720-1-5. KCWMD's analysis of the of the condensate reported since the start-up of the system in 2002 has consistently been less than 35 milligrams of VOC and, therefore, meets the criteria for Clean Produced Water per Rule 1020 section 3.10. Therefore, KCWMD requests that the following permit unit be deleted in the final Title V permit.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

Permit unit S-3720-2-3 meets the requirements for Clean Produced Water, as defined in District Rule 1020, Section 3.10. However, permit unit '-2-3 does not meet the requirements of District Exempt Source Categories from District Rule 2020, Section 6.6.1. The exemption applies to production facilities for crude oil and is therefore not applicable. However, if KCWMD would like to discuss the modifications to permits '-1 and '-2, they can be done outside of this renewal project.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #2**

KCWMD has requested that conditions #26, 27 and 34 be deleted from the Facility Wide Permit S-3720-0-2. The landfill has been inactive since 1992 and closure cap construction was completed in 2009. Therefore, KCWMD requests these conditions be removed because they do not apply to a closed landfill.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

The conditions are general Facility Wide template conditions and will not be removed.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #3**

KCWMD has stated that condition #25 of permit unit S-3720-1-5 is redundant in light of conditions #27 and 30. Therefore, KCWMD has requested that condition #25 be deleted.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

Condition #30 will be deleted instead of 25. Furthermore, Condition #25 and #30 will be combined to read as follows:

Condition 25: Surface testing shall be performed on a quarterly basis using an organic vapor analyzer, flame ionization detector, or other portable monitor

meeting the specifications provided in 40 CFR 60.755(d). Any closed landfill that has demonstrated compliance in three consecutive quarterly monitoring periods may perform annual monitoring. Quarterly monitoring shall resume if any methane reading of 500 ppm or more above background are detected during annual monitoring. [40 CFR 60.755(c)(1), 40 CFR 60.756(f), and 60.34c]

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #4**

KCWMD stated that condition 28 of permit unit S-3720-1-5 incompletely recites Section 60.755(a)(3) which could lead to a misinterpretation of the requirement. Therefore, KCWMD requested that the Air District eliminate all individual NSPS (40 CFR Part 60, Subpart WWW) references since the NSPS is globally referenced in conditions #5, 6 and 7 of permit unit S-3720-1-5.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

The District notes that compliance with 40 CFR 70.755 demonstrates compliance with CFR 60.756(a); therefore, condition #28 will be removed as the requirements for CFR 60.756(a) are fulfilled by condition #6. Furthermore, references to CFR 60.755 and 60.756 will be added to condition #6.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #5**

KCWMD requested that condition #33 of S-3720-1-5 be deleted since the condition has been fulfilled and no longer applies

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

The condition has been deleted.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #6**

KCWMD has requested that condition #44 of permit unit S-3720-1-5 be deleted since it is redundant in light of condition #4.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

Condition #44 of permit unit S-3720-1-5 is a NSR rule requirement and is potentially more stringent than condition #4. KCWMD will need to apply for an ATC to remove the condition.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #7**

KCWMD has requested that condition #40 of permit unit S-3720-1-5 be deleted since it is redundant in light of condition #4 and 35.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

Condition #40 of permit unit S-3720-1-5 is a NSR rule. KCWMD will need to apply for an ATC to remove the condition.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #8**

KCWMD has requested an additional condition be added to permit unit S-3720-1-5 to allow the LFG well to be turned on and off as needed as long as compliance with the NSPS provisions is achieved.

#### **DISTRICT RESPONSE**

The addition of the condition stated above would be a relaxation of current procedure. KCWMD will need to apply for an ATC to add a condition allowing the LFG well to be turned on and off.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #9**

KCWMD has requested an additional condition be added to permit unit S-3720-1-5 to allow the addition of wells, bypassing the ATC process, with only notification to the Air District and inclusion in semi-annual reports.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

The addition of the condition stated above would be an increase in the operation and physical design of the facility and requires an ATC per District Rule 2201.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #10**

KCWMD has requested that the breakdown and malfunction reporting required under District rules and the Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) rule for MSW landfills relative to startup, shutdown, and malfunction (SSM) plan requirements are synchronized and combined. This could be accomplished through the use of a single report form that would qualify for both purposes.

#### **DISTRICT RESPONSE**

The District has approved of the proposed SSM and Breakdown/Deviation report form. Therefore, KCWMD shall submit the combined report form following the Title V report submittal schedule.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #11**

KCWMD has requested a statement be added which indicates that the equipment description for each permit unit is not an enforceable condition and is only for informational purposes.

#### DISTRICT RESPONSE

The equipment description is enforceable and a statement will not be included.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENT #12**

KCWMD has requested that the contact name for this permit should be listed as Douglas E. Landon, Director, Kern County Waste Management Department.

#### **DISTRICT RESPONSE**

The contact name has been changed to Douglas E. Landon.

### SSM & BREAKDOWN / DEVIATION REPORT FORM

Facility Name

Facility	ID:
----------	-----

Facility Address:								
Section 1 - All events								
Type of Event (check all that apply)	☐ Startup	Shutdown	Malfunction (complete section 2)	Breakdown (complete section 3)	Deviation (complete section 3)			
2. Beginning of Event: Date:		Time:						
3. Event Discovered*: Date:		Time:						
4. Start of Corrective Action*: Date:		Time:						
5. End of Event: Date:		Time:						
6. Duration of Event (hours):								
7. Event Code (from list below):								
8. SOP* Followed?	☐ Yes	□ No**						
9. Name and Title (please print):				•	•			
10. Signature:	11. Dat	e:						
<ul> <li>If Breakdown Event</li> <li>Standard Operational Procedure (SOP) for GCCS Startups &amp; Shu</li> </ul>		utomatic) are provided i	n the SSM Plan					
"If SOP in SSM Plan was not followed, notify personnel on 'Contact Section 2 - Malfunction Events	t List'							
				Procedure	Not			
Step Corrective Action F  Determine if the malfunction is causing an unsa			andfill or nining	Completed	Applicable			
smoking, vibrating, or other problem, that may be equipment.	narm people, the	environment, or the	landfill gas control					
Determine if untreated landfill gas is being relead detected flow of gas.								
If unsafe operating condition(s) exist or landfill g possible)	If unsafe operating condition(s) exist or landfill gas is being released to the air, stop landfill gas flow (if							
4 If untreated landfill gas is being released to the								
If control device or other system component is s above.	shutdown, follow	Shutdown SOP and	complete Section 1					
6 Start malfunction diagnosis.								
7 Determine if other personnel/resource (qualified for malfunction diagnosis.	I technician, elec	rician, consultant o	r other) are needed					
8 If additional personnel are needed, notify qualific below.	ed personnel and	record contact na	me, date and time					
Determine if other resources are needed to fix the consultant or other).	Determine if other resources are needed to fix the malfunction (qualified technician, electrician,							
10 If additional resources are needed, notify qualific below.	If additional resources are needed, notify qualified personnel and record contact name, date and time							
11 Fix the malfunction.								
12 Once the malfunction is fixed, re-start the system	m (if necessary) p	er SOP and comp	ete Section 1.					
List repairs or procedure used to re-start the sys malfunctions in the future in the space below.	stem and/or any p	procedures to elimin	nate similar					
				•	<u>.                                    </u>			
NOTES:								
·								
CODES: BF = Blower Fail	ロアー・レー・マ	mnorot:	Titl=03-	ete Tent I				
ES = Emergency Stop Actuated	HT = High Ter	•	TLH = Condens PF = Power Fail	ate Tank Level High				
FF = Flame Fail	LP = Low Air I	Pressure		Shutdown & Startup				
FFW = Flame Fail (Weather Related) HF = High Flow	LT = Low Ten MS = Manuali	perature y Shut Off for Main	enance					

Section	on 3 - Deviation/Breakdown Information							
1	Permit Unit and Condition Number:							
2	Decription of Permit Condition:							
3	Decription of Deviation:							
4	Probable Cause of Deviation							
5	Measures Taken to Correct This Occurance and Prevent it's Reccurence:							
6	Equipment Involved:							
7	Photographs Attached:	Yes 🔲	No					
of proof	any additional information necessary to establish the to the source operator seeking exemption from leg.  Notification: Reported by	al action. An exception	cannot b	e granted for an	occurrence th	at was the res		
initiai		<i>y</i> :				Date:		
	IFICATION:	of the state of Calif				Time:	formed of	
	are, under penalty of perjury under the laws y, all information provided in this reporting p							
	Signature of Responsible Official			Date				
	Name of Responsible Official (please print)	_						
	Title of Responsible Official (please print)	_						

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