



San Joaquin Valley
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT



HEALTHY AIR LIVING™

DEC 1 3 2011

Brenda Moppins
Frito-Lay, Inc
600 Garner Road
Modesto, CA 95357

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct
Project Number: N-1103895

Dear Mr. Moppins:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Frito-Lay, Inc's permit application to increase heat input rate of the tortilla chip ovens under permit N-1919-1 and to increase tortilla chip production for permits N-1919-1 and N-1919-2, at 600 Garner Road, Modesto, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jagmeet Kahlon of Permit Services at (209) 557-6452.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: JK/st

Enclosures

Seyed Sadredin
Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

Northern Region
4800 Enterprise Way
Modesto, CA 95356-8718
Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475

Central Region (Main Office)
1990 E. Gettysburg Avenue
Fresno, CA 93726-0244
Tel: (559) 230-6000 FAX: (559) 230-6061

Southern Region
34946 Flyover Court
Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725
Tel: 661-392-5500 FAX: 661-392-5585



San Joaquin Valley
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT



HEALTHY AIR LIVING™

DEC 13 2011

Mike Tollstrup, Chief
Project Assessment Branch
Stationary Source Division
California Air Resources Board
PO Box 2815
Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct
Project Number: N-1103895

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Frito-Lay, Inc's permit application to increase heat input rate of the tortilla chip ovens under permit N-1919-1 and to increase tortilla chip production for permits N-1919-1 and N-1919-2, at 600 Garner Road, Modesto, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

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San Joaquin Valley
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT



HEALTHY AIR LIVING™

DEC 13 2011

Gerardo C. Rios (AIR 3)
Chief, Permits Office
Air Division
U.S. E.P.A. - Region IX
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct
Project Number: N-1103895

Dear Mr. Rios:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Frito-Lay, Inc's permit application to increase heat input rate of the tortilla chip ovens under permit N-1919-1 and to increase tortilla chip production for permits N-1919-1 and N-1919-2, at 600 Garner Road, Modesto, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jagmeet Kahlon of Permit Services at (209) 557-6452.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: JK/st

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Modesto Bee

**NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION
FOR THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF
AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT PERMITS**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed issuance of Authority to Construct permits to Frito-Lay, Inc to increase heat input rate of the tortilla chip ovens under permit N-1919-1 and to increase tortilla chip production for permits N-1919-1 and N-1919-2, at 600 Garner Road, Modesto, California.

The analysis of the regulatory basis for this proposed action, Project #N-1103895, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. Written comments on this project must be submitted within 30 days of the publication date of this notice to **DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY UNIFIED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 4800 ENTERPRISE WAY, MODESTO, CA 95356.**

**San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District
Authority to Construct
Application Review**

Facility Name: Frito-Lay, Inc
Mailing Address: 600 Garner Rd
Modesto, CA 95357
Contact Person: Brenda Moppins
Telephone: (209) 544-5411
Application #(s): N-1919-1-6, '-2-7
Project #: N-1103895
Deemed Complete: November 15, 2011

Date: December 9, 2011
Engineer: Jagmeet Kahlon
Lead Engineer: Nick Peirce

I. Proposal

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Frito-Lay, Inc has proposed to increase heat input rate of each tortilla chip oven from 1.9 MMBtu/hr to 3.2 MMBtu/hr and tortilla chip production of this line.

N-1919-2-7: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Frito-Lay, Inc has proposed to increase tortilla chip production of this line.

Frito-Lay, Inc is a Major Source for NO_x. They have submitted an application to obtain a Federally Mandated Title V permit, which is being processed under a separate project. This project triggers a public notice under Rule 2201 since the project triggered a Federal Major Modification. Therefore, the project will be published in the local newspaper Modesto Bee for public review and comment. The public comment period will last 30-days from the date of publication.

II. Applicable Rules

Rule 1030 Confidential Information (12/17/92)
Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (4/21/11)
Rule 4101 Visible Emissions (02/17/05)
Rule 4102 Nuisance (12/17/92)
Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration (12/17/92)
Rule 4202 Particulate Matter Emission Rate (12/17/92)
Rule 4301 Fuel Burning Equipment (12/17/92)
Rule 4309 Dryers, Dehydrators, and Ovens (12/15/05)
Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds (12/17/92)
California Health and Safety Code 41700 (Public Nuisance)
California Health and Safety Code 42301.6 (School Notice)

Public Resources Code 21000-21177: California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
 California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3, Sections 15000-15387: CEQA Guidelines

III. Project Location

This facility is located at 600 Garner Rd, Modesto, California. There is no K-12 school within 1,000 feet of this address. Therefore, school notice, under California Health and Safety Code 42301.6, is not required for this project.

IV. Process Description

Frito Lay is in the business of snack food manufacturing. The process description below is representative of each snack chip manufacturing operation (process description is from project N-1030234).

From a steam-heated "pre-cooker", moist corn meal (called "masa") is pumped to a "sheeter", which spreads the masa to the desired thickness and then cuts the desired chip shapes. From the sheeter, the moist chips are conveyed through natural gas-fired baking ovens (direct-fired), which remove some of the moisture and brown both surfaces of the chips. From the baking ovens, the chips are conveyed to a steam-heated cooker (called a "fryer"), which contains a boiling vegetable oil bath. In the cooker, the chips are submerged in boiling vegetable oil to further cook the chips and remove most of the moisture. From the cooker, the chips are conveyed through an ambient air cooler for conditioning. The ambient air cooler is used to further reduce the chips' moisture to desired levels for product quality. The chips are then conveyed to a mechanical seasoner, which applies various seasonings and flavorings, and then to the packaging department. The tortilla chip line #3 conveys product through an ambient air cooler prior to the packaging department. The tortilla chip line #4 transfers product directly from the seasoners to the packaging department.

NO_x, VOC, CO, PM₁₀ and SO_x emissions are generated from the combustion of natural gas and LPG fuel in the tortilla chip ovens. VOC and PM₁₀ emissions are generated from the fryers.

V. Equipment Listing

Pre-Project Equipment Description:

Permit	Equipment Description
N-1933-1-5	LINE #3 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO PERMIT EXEMPT PRE-COOKERS (STEAM-HEATED), TWO 1.9 MMBTU/HR OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED), ONE COOKER (STEAM-HEATED), ONE MECHANICAL SEASONER, AND A HEAT & CONTROL AMBIENT AIR COOLER SERVED BY A HIGH VELOCITY AIR FILTER

Continue...

Permit	Equipment Description
N-1933-2-6	LINE #4 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO STEAM-HEATED PRE-COOKER, TWO 5.48 MMBTU/HR CASA HERRERA MODEL MACH IV XWXL OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED, INDUCED DRAFT), ONE STEAM-HEATED COOKER AND A MECHANICAL SEASONER

Post-Project Equipment Description:

Permit	Equipment Description
N-1933-1-6	LINE #3 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO PERMIT EXEMPT PRE-COOKERS (STEAM-HEATED), TWO 3.2 MMBTU/HR (EACH) OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED), ONE COOKER (STEAM-HEATED), ONE MECHANICAL SEASONER, AND A HEAT & CONTROL AMBIENT AIR COOLER SERVED BY A HIGH VELOCITY AIR FILTER
N-1933-2-7	LINE #4 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO STEAM-HEATED PRE-COOKER, TWO 5.48 MMBTU/HR (EACH) CASA HERRERA MODEL MACH IV XWXL OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED, INDUCED DRAFT), ONE STEAM-HEATED COOKER AND A MECHANICAL SEASONER

VI. Emission Control Technology Evaluation

Frito-Lay is not proposing any changes to the existing emission control techniques. Therefore, no further discussion is necessary.

VII. General Calculations

A. Assumptions

- Heating value of LPG is 90,500 Btu/gal (AP-42, Appendix A, page A-6 (same as propane)).
- Combustion emission factors listed in permits N-19191-1-4 and N-1919-2-4 remains same after the proposed modifications.
- Other assumptions will be stated as they are made during this evaluation.

B. Emission Factors

1. Pre-Project Emission Factors (EF1)

N-1919-1-5: Tortilla Chip Line #3
Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

Pollutant	EF _{NG} lb/MMBtu	EF _{LPG} ¹ lb/MMBtu	Source
NO _x	0.1	0.155	PTO N-1919-1-5
SO _x	0.0029	0.005	
PM ₁₀	0.012	0.004	
CO	0.47	0.470	
VOC	0.0053	0.005	

Fryer:

The emission factors can be used to determine the production rate, which is deemed confidential. Therefore, these factors are not listed in this document. Please refer to the confidential application review.

Ambient Air Cooler:

The emission factors can be used to determine the production rate, which is deemed confidential. Therefore, these factors are not listed in this document. Please refer to the confidential application review.

N-1919-2-6: Tortilla Chip Line #4
Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

Pollutant	EF _{NG} lb/MMBtu	EF _{LPG} lb/MMBtu	Source
NO _x	0.1	0.155	PTO N-1919-2-6
SO _x	0.0029	0.005	
PM ₁₀	0.012	0.004	
CO	0.47	0.470	
VOC	0.0053	0.005	

Fryer:

The emission factors can be used to determine the production rate, which is deemed confidential. Therefore, these factors are not listed in this document. Please refer to the confidential application review.

¹LPG combustion emission factors are listed in terms of lb/1,000 gal in the permit to operate N-1919-1-5. These emission factors are converted in lb/MMBtu as follows: (EF lb/1,000 gal)(gal/90,500 Btu)(10⁶ Btu/MMBtu)

2. Post-Project Emission Factors (EF2)

Frito-Lay is not proposing any changes to the emission factors. Therefore, EF2 will stay same as EF1 for each emission unit.

C. Calculations

1. Pre-Project Potential to Emit (PE1)

N-1919-1-5: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

NO_x and SO_x emissions would be maximum should the facility first use LPG fuel for 384 hr/yr and then uses natural gas fuel for the remaining 8,376 hr/yr (8,760 hr/yr – 384 hr/yr). Thus, the potential emissions for these pollutants will be calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{LPG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(1.9 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(24 \text{ hr/day}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/day)} &= \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)}(2 \text{ ovens}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/yr)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{LPG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(1.9 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(384 \text{ hr/yr}) + \\
 &\quad (\text{EF}_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(1.9 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(8,760 - 384 \text{ hr/yr})
 \end{aligned}$$

PM₁₀, VOC and CO emissions would be maximum should the facility use natural gas fuel during a given year. Thus, the potential emissions for these pollutants will be calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(1.9 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(24 \text{ hr/day}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/day)} &= \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)}(2 \text{ ovens}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/yr)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(1.9 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(8,760 \text{ hr/yr})
 \end{aligned}$$

The potential emissions from fuel combustion are summarized in the following table:

Pollutant	EF _{NG} lb/MMBtu	EF _{LPG} lb/MMBtu	PE1 lb/day/oven	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr
NO _x	0.1	0.155	7.1	14.2	3,409
SO _x	0.0029	0.005	0.2	0.4	100
PM ₁₀	0.012	0.004	0.5	1.0	399
CO	0.47	0.470	21.4	42.8	15,645
VOC	0.0053	0.005	0.2	0.4	176

Fryer:

Per PTO N-1919-1-5,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PE1} &= 7.0 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}\text{/day (2,555 lb-PM}_{10}\text{/yr)} \\
 &= 3.1 \text{ lb-VOC/day (1,132 lb-VOC/yr)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ambient Air Cooler:
 Per PTO N-1919-1-5,

PE1 = 4.7 lb-PM₁₀/day (1,716 lb-PM₁₀/yr)

Summary:

Pollutant	Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens		Fryer		Ambient Air Cooler		Total	
	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr	PE1 lb/day	PE1 (lb/yr)
NO _x	14.2	3,409	--	--	--	--	14.2	3,409
SO _x	0.4	100	--	--	--	--	0.4	100
PM ₁₀	1.0	399	7.0	2,555	4.7	1,716	12.7	4,670
CO	42.8	15,645	--	--	--	--	42.8	15,645
VOC	0.4	176	3.1	1,132	--	--	3.5	1,308

N-1919-2-6: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

NO_x and SO_x emissions would be maximum should the facility first use LPG fuel for 384 hr/yr and then uses natural gas fuel for the remaining 8,376 hr/yr (8,760 hr/yr – 384 hr/yr). Thus, the potential emissions for these pollutants will be calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)} &= (EF_{\text{LPG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(5.48 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(24 \text{ hr/day}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/day)} &= \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)}(2 \text{ ovens}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/yr)} &= (EF_{\text{LPG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(5.48 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(384 \text{ hr/yr}) + \\
 &\quad (EF_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(5.2 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(8,760 - 384 \text{ hr/yr})
 \end{aligned}$$

PM₁₀, VOC and CO emissions would be maximum should the facility use natural gas fuel during a given year. Thus, the potential emissions for these pollutants will be calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)} &= (EF_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(5.48 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(24 \text{ hr/day}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/day)} &= \text{PE1 (lb/day/oven)}(2 \text{ ovens}) \\
 \text{PE1 (lb/yr)} &= (EF_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(5.48 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(8,760 \text{ hr/yr})
 \end{aligned}$$

The potential emissions from gaseous fuel combustion are summarized in the following table:

Pollutant	EF _{NG} lb/MMBtu	EF _{LPG} lb/MMBtu	PE1 lb/day/oven	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr
NO _x	0.1	0.155	20.4	40.8	9,832
SO _x	0.0029	0.005	0.7	1.4	287
PM ₁₀	0.012	0.004	1.6	3.2	1,152
CO	0.47	0.470	61.8	123.6	45,125
VOC	0.0053	0.005	0.7	1.4	509

Fryer:
 Per PTO N-1919-2-5,

PE1 = 7.0 lb-PM₁₀/day (2,555 lb-PM₁₀/yr)
 = 3.0 lb-VOC/day (1,095 lb-VOC/yr)

Summary:

Pollutant	Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens		Fryer		Total	
	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr	PE1 lb/day	PE1 lb/yr	PE1 lb/day	PE1 (lb/yr)
NO _x	40.8	9,832	--	--	40.8	9,832
SO _x	1.4	287	--	--	1.4	287
PM ₁₀	3.2	1,152	7.0	2,555	10.2	3,707
CO	123.6	45,125	--	--	123.6	45,125
VOC	1.4	509	3.0	1,095	4.4	1,604

2. Post Project Potential to Emit (PE2)

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

NO_x and SO_x emissions would be maximum should the facility first use LPG fuel for 384 hr/yr and then uses natural gas fuel for the remaining 8,376 hr/yr (8,760 hr/yr – 384 hr/yr). Thus, the potential emissions for these pollutants will be calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{PE2 (lb/day/oven)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{LPG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(3.2 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(24 \text{ hr/day}) \\
 \text{PE2 (lb/day)} &= \text{PE2 (lb/day/oven)}(2 \text{ ovens}) \\
 \text{PE2 (lb/yr)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{LPG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(3.2 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(384 \text{ hr/yr}) + \\
 &\quad (\text{EF}_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(3.2 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(8,760 - 384 \text{ hr/yr})
 \end{aligned}$$

PM₁₀, VOC and CO emissions would be maximum should the facility use natural gas fuel throughout a given year. Thus, the potential emissions for these pollutants will be calculated using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{PE2 (lb/day/oven)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(3.2 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(24 \text{ hr/day}) \\ \text{PE2 (lb/day)} &= \text{PE2 (lb/day/oven)}(2 \text{ ovens}) \\ \text{PE2 (lb/yr)} &= (\text{EF}_{\text{NG}} \text{ lb/MMBtu})(3.2 \text{ MMBtu/hr})(2 \text{ ovens})(8,760 \text{ hr/yr}) \end{aligned}$$

The potential emissions from gaseous fuel combustion are summarized in the following table:

Pollutant	EF _{NG} lb/MMBtu	EF _{LPG} lb/MMBtu	PE2 lb/day/oven	PE2 lb/day	PE2 lb/yr
NO _x	0.1	0.155	11.9	23.8	5,742
SO _x	0.0029	0.005	0.4	0.8	168
PM ₁₀	0.012	0.004	0.9	1.8	673
CO	0.47	0.470	36.1	72.2	26,350
VOC	0.0053	0.005	0.4	0.8	297

Fryer:

Please refer to the confidential document for detailed calculations.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{PE2} &= 7.7 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{day} (2,811 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{yr}) \\ &= 3.3 \text{ lb-VOC}/\text{day} (1,205 \text{ lb-VOC}/\text{yr}) \end{aligned}$$

Ambient Air Cooler:

Please refer to the confidential document for detailed calculations.

$$\text{PE2} = 5.0 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{day} (1,825 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{yr})$$

Summary:

Pollutant	Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens		Fryer		Ambient Air Cooler		Total	
	PE2 lb/day	PE2 lb/yr	PE2 lb/day	PE2 lb/yr	PE2 lb/day	PE2 lb/yr	PE2 lb/day	PE2 (lb/yr)
NO _x	23.8	5,742	--	--	--	--	23.8	5,742
SO _x	0.8	168	--	--	--	--	0.8	168
PM ₁₀	1.8	673	7.7	2,811	5.0	1,825	14.5	5,309
CO	72.2	26,350	--	--	--	--	72.2	26,350
VOC	0.8	297	3.3	1,205	--	--	4.1	1,502

N-1919-2-6: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

The applicant is not proposing any changes to the ovens; therefore, PE2 will be same as PE1 from the combustion of natural gas/LPG fuels.

Fryer:

Please refer to the confidential document for detailed calculations.

PE2 = 7.4 lb-PM₁₀/day (2,701 lb-PM₁₀/yr)

= 3.2 lb-VOC/day (1,168 lb-VOC/yr)

Summary:

Pollutant	Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens		Fryer		Total	
	PE2 lb/day	PE2 lb/yr	PE2 lb/day	PE2 lb/yr	PE2 lb/day	PE2 (lb/yr)
NO _x	40.8	9,832	--	--	40.8	9,832
SO _x	1.4	287	--	--	1.4	287
PM ₁₀	3.2	1,152	7.4	2,701	10.6	3,853
CO	123.6	45,125	--	--	123.6	45,125
VOC	1.4	509	3.2	1,168	4.6	1,677

3. Quarterly Emissions Changes (QECs)

QEC will be calculated as follows:

$$QEC = (PE2 - PE1)/4$$

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Pollutant	Q1 (lb)	Q2 (lb)	Q3 (lb)	Q4 (lb)
NO _x	583	583	583	584
SO _x	17	17	17	17
PM ₁₀	159	160	160	160
CO	2,676	2,676	2,676	2,677
VOC	48	48	49	49

N-1919-2-7: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Pollutant	Q1 (lb)	Q2 (lb)	Q3 (lb)	Q4 (lb)
NO _x	0	0	0	0
SO _x	0	0	0	0
PM ₁₀	36	36	37	37
CO	0	0	0	0
VOC	18	18	18	19

4. Adjusted Increase in Permitted Emissions (AIPE)

AIPE is used to determine if BACT is required for emission units that are being modified. AIPE is calculated using the equations mentioned in Section 4.3 and 4.4 of Rule 2201.

$$AIPE = PE2 - \left(\frac{EF2}{EF1} \right) (PE1)$$

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

EF1 is same as EF2. Thus, AIPE is equal to the difference of PE2 and PE1.

Pollutant	PE2 lb/day/oven	PE1 lb/day/oven	AIPE lb/day/oven
NO _x	11.9	7.1	4.8
SO _x	0.4	0.2	0.2
PM ₁₀	0.9	0.5	0.4
CO	36.1	21.4	14.7
VOC	0.4	0.2	0.2

Fryer:

EF1 is same as EF2. Thus, AIPE is equal to the difference of PE2 and PE1.

Pollutant	PE2 lb/day	PE1 lb/day	AIPE lb/day
PM ₁₀	7.7	7.0	0.7
VOC	3.3	3.1	0.2

Ambient Air Cooler:

EF1 is same as EF2. Thus, AIPE is equal to the difference of PE2 and PE1.

Pollutant	PE2 lb/day	PE1 lb/day	AIPE lb/day
PM ₁₀	5.0	4.7	0.3

N-1919-2-7: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

EF1 is same as EF2. Thus, AIPE is equal to the difference of PE2 and PE1.

Pollutant	PE2 lb/day/oven	PE1 lb/day/oven	AIPE lb/day/oven
NO _x	20.4	20.4	0.0
SO _x	0.7	0.7	0.0
PM ₁₀	1.6	1.6	0.0
CO	61.8	61.8	0.0
VOC	0.7	0.7	0.0

Fryer:

EF1 is same as EF2. Thus, AIPE is equal to the difference of PE2 and PE1.

Pollutant	PE2 lb/day	PE1 lb/day	AIPE lb/day
PM ₁₀	7.4	7.0	0.4
VOC	3.2	3.0	0.2

D. Facility Emissions

1. Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1)

Pursuant to Section 4.9 of District Rule 2201, the Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1) is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all emission units with valid ATCs or PTOs at the Stationary Source and the quantity of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site. The potential emissions are determined from the existing PTOs.

Permit #	SSPE1 (lb/yr)				
	NO _x	SO _x	PM ₁₀	CO	VOC
N-1919-1-5	3,409	100	4,670	15,645	1,308
N-1919-2-6	9,832	287	3,707	45,125	1,604
N-1919-3-7	0	0	16,571	0	621
N-1919-4-5	0	0	3,249	0	292
N-1919-5-0	0	0	2,701	0	0
N-1919-6-8	3,572	1,261	1,371	32,736	2,787
N-1919-7-5	0	0	3,614	0	1,606
N-1919-8-5	0	0	3,139	0	1,497
N-1919-11-2	0	0	17	0	0
N-1919-12-1	0	0	0	0	0
N-1919-13-2	0	0	183	0	0
N-1919-14-1	0	0	73	0	0
N-1919-16-1	4,314	1,397	3,329	32,412	2,409
Total	21,127	3,045	42,624	125,918	12,124
Major Source Thresholds	20,000	54,750	140,000	200,000	20,000
Major Source	Yes	No	No	No	No

2. Post-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2)

Pursuant to Section 4.10 of District Rule 2201, the Post Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2) is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all units with valid Authorities to Construct (ATC) or Permits to Operate (PTO) at the Stationary Source and the quantity of emission reduction credits (ERC) which

have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

SSPE2 (lb/yr)					
Permit #	NO _x	SO _x	PM ₁₀	CO	VOC
N-1919-1-6	5,742	168	5,309	26,350	1,502
N-1919-2-7	9,832	287	3,853	45,125	1,677
N-1919-3-7	0	0	16,571	0	621
N-1919-4-5	0	0	3,249	0	292
N-1919-5-0	0	0	2,701	0	0
N-1919-6-8	3,572	1,261	1,371	32,736	2,787
N-1919-7-5	0	0	3,614	0	1,606
N-1919-8-5	0	0	3,139	0	1,497
N-1919-11-2	0	0	17	0	0
N-1919-12-1	0	0	0	0	0
N-1919-13-2	0	0	183	0	0
N-1919-14-1	0	0	73	0	0
N-1919-16-1	4,314	1,397	3,329	32,412	2,409
Total	23,460	3,113	43,409	136,623	12,391
Offset Thresholds	20,000	54,750	29,200	200,000	20,000
Offsets Triggered?	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Major Source Thresholds	20,000	54,750	140,000	200,000	20,000
Major Source	Yes	No	No	No	No

3. Stationary Source Increase in Potential Emissions (SSIPE)

SSIPE is the difference of SSPE2 and SSPE1.

Pollutant	SSPE2 lb/yr	SSPE1 lb/yr	SSIPE lb/yr
NO _x	23,460	21,127	2,333
SO _x	3,113	3,045	68
PM ₁₀	43,409	42,624	785
CO	136,623	125,918	10,705
VOC	12,391	12,124	267

4. SB-288 Major Modification

The purpose of Major Modification calculations is to determine the following:

- A. If Best Available Control Technology (BACT) is triggered for a new or modified emission unit that results in a Major Modification (District Rule 2201, Section 4.1.3); and
- B. If a public notification is triggered (District Rule 2201, Section 5.4.1).
- C. If a Federal Major Modification is triggered (District Rule 2201, Section 3.17)

Per section VII.D.2 of this document, this facility is a Major Source for NO_x. To determine whether a Major Modification can be triggered, the Net Emissions Increase (NEI) is calculated, and is compared with the Major Modification threshold limit, which is 50,000 lb/year for NO_x.

$$NEI = \Sigma(PE2 - HE)$$

The NEI would be highest if HE is set equal to zero. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} NEI^2 &= \Sigma PE2 \\ &= PE2_{N-1919-1-6} \\ &= 5,742 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{yr} \end{aligned}$$

Since NEI is less than 50,000 lb/year, the proposed project will not trigger an SB-288 Major Modification.

5. Federal Major Modification

District Rule 2201, Section 3.17 states that Federal Major Modifications are the same as "Major Modification" as defined in 40 CFR 51.165 and part D of Title I of the CAA. SB 288 Major Modifications are not Federal Major Modifications if they meet the criteria of the "Less-Than-Significant Emissions Increase" exclusion.

A Less-Than-Significant Emissions Increase exclusion is for an emissions increase for the project, or a Net Emissions Increase for the project (as defined in 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(2)(ii)(B) through (D), and (F)), that is not significant for a given regulated NSR pollutant, and therefore is not a Federal Major Modification for that pollutant.

²The ovens under permit N-1919-2 are not being modified. Therefore, NO_x emissions from this permit are not included in the NEI calculations.

- To determine the post-project projected actual emissions from existing units, the provisions of 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(xxviii) shall be used.
- To determine the pre-project baseline actual emissions, the provisions of 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(xxxv)(A) through (D) shall be used.
- If the project is determined not to be a Federal Major Modification pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(2)(ii)(B), but there is a reasonable possibility that the project may result in a significant emissions increase, the owner or operator shall comply with all of the provisions of 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(6) and (a)(7).
- Emissions increases calculated pursuant to this section are significant if they exceed the significance thresholds specified in the table below.

Pollutant	Threshold (lb/year)
VOC	0
NO _x	0
PM ₁₀	30,000
SO _x	80,000

The Net Emissions Increases (NEIs) for purposes of determination of a "Less-Than-Significant Emissions Increase" exclusion will be calculated below to determine if this project qualifies for such an exclusion.

Net Emission Decrease for Existing Units (NEI_E)

Per 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(xxviii) and 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(2)(ii)(C) for all existing units,

$$NEI_E = PAE - BAE - \text{unused baseline capacity}$$

Where,

BAE = Baseline Actual Emissions which are the actual emissions created by the project during the baseline period. The BAE are calculated pursuant to 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(xxxv)(A) through (D).

PAE = Projected Actual Emissions which are the post-project projected actual emissions of the existing units in this project pursuant to 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(xxviii).

Pursuant to 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(B)xxvii(4), the units' Potential to Emit (PE) is used as the Projected Actual Emissions (PAE):

$$PAE = PE = 5,742 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{year}$$

Pursuant to 40 CFR 51.165 (a)(1)(B)xxvii(3), the unused baseline capacity is that portion of the units' emissions following the project that the existing units could have accommodated during the consecutive 24-month period used to establish the baseline actual emissions under paragraph (a)(1)(xxxv) of this

section and that are also unrelated to the particular project, including any increased utilization due to product demand growth. The fuel use in the baseline period is taken from emissions inventory report, which is deemed confidential. Therefore, unused baseline calculations not shown here. Please refer to the confidential document.

$$NEI_E = 2,333 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{yr}$$

NEI is greater than zero pounds per year threshold. Therefore, the proposed project is a Federal Major Modification for NO_x emissions.

VIII. Compliance

Rule 1030 Confidential Information

Frito-Lay, Inc has proposed to keep the production rate of each tortilla chip production line in a confidential file. Therefore, this non-confidential document is prepared for public review and comment.

Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

1. Best Available Control Technology (BACT)

For this project, BACT would trigger if the AIPE exceeds 2.0 pounds per day or if the project triggers an SB-288 or Federal Major Modification for any pollutant.

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

Per section VII.C.4 of this document, AIPE for NO_x and CO exceeds 2.0 pounds per day. However, facility's total CO emissions are less than 200,000 pounds per year. Thus, BACT is triggered for NO_x emissions from each oven on AIPE basis.

This project also triggers Federal Major Modification for NO_x. Thus, BACT analysis is required for each NO_x emitting unit involved in this project.

BACT Guideline 1.6.2 for tortilla chip ovens requires the use of natural gas with an optional LPG as backup fuel to reduce NO_x emissions. Frito-Lay is using natural gas in these ovens. Therefore, BACT requirements are satisfied.

Please refer to the Top-Down BACT Analysis in Appendix II of this document.

Fryer:

Per section VII.C.4 of this document, AIPE for VOC and PM₁₀ is not greater than 2.0 pounds per day. Thus, BACT is not triggered for VOC or PM₁₀ emissions on AIPE basis.

Furthermore, this project is not a Major Modification for VOC or PM₁₀ emissions. Thus, BACT is not triggered for VOC or PM₁₀ emissions and no further discussion is necessary.

Ambient Air Cooler:

Per section VII.C.3 of this document, AIPE for PM₁₀ is not greater than 2.0 pounds per day. Thus, BACT is not triggered for PM₁₀ emissions on AIPE basis.

Furthermore, this project is not a Major Modification for PM₁₀ emissions. Thus, BACT is not triggered for PM₁₀ emissions and no further discussion is necessary.

N-1919-2-6: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

Per section VII.C.4 of this document, AIPE for NO_x and CO is not greater than 2.0 pounds per day. However, this project is a Federal Major Modification for NO_x emissions. Thus, BACT is triggered for NO_x emissions.

BACT Guideline 1.6.2 for tortilla chip ovens requires the use of natural gas with an optional LPG as backup fuel to reduce NO_x emissions. Frito-Lay is using natural gas in these ovens. Therefore, BACT requirements are satisfied.

Please refer to the Top-Down BACT Analysis in Appendix I! of this document.

Fryer:

Per section VII.C.3 of this document, AIPE for VOC and PM₁₀ is not greater than 2.0 pounds per day. Thus, BACT is not triggered for VOC or PM₁₀ emissions on AIPE basis.

Furthermore, this project is not a Major Modification for VOC or PM₁₀ emissions. Thus, BACT is not triggered for VOC or PM₁₀ emissions and no further discussion is necessary.

2. Offsets

Per section VII.D.2 of this document, facility's total NO_x and PM₁₀ emissions are above the offset threshold. Therefore, offset calculations are required for this project.

Section 4.7.1 states that for pollutants with SSPE1 greater than the emission offset threshold levels, emission offsets shall be provided for all increases in Stationary Source emissions, calculated as the differences of post-project Potential to Emit (PE2) and the Baseline Emissions (BE) of all new and modified emissions units, plus all increases in Cargo Carrier emissions. Thus,

$EOQ = \Sigma(PE2 - BE) + ICCE$, where

PE2 = Post-Project Potential to Emit
 BE = Baseline Emissions
 ICCE = Increase in Cargo Carrier emissions

There is no increase in Cargo Carrier emissions from this project. Thus,

$$EOQ = \Sigma(PE2 - BE)$$

NO_x:

The ovens under permit N-1919-1 are Clean Emission Units (Section 3.13.2 of Rule 2201). Therefore, BE is set equal to PE1 for these units.

$$\begin{aligned} EOQ^3 &= PE2_{N-1919-1-6} - PE1_{N-1919-1-5} \\ &= 5,742 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{yr} - 3,409 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{yr} \\ &= 2,333 \text{ lb-NO}_x/\text{yr} \text{ (583.25 lb/qtr)} \end{aligned}$$

Frito-Lay has identified ERC S-3425-2 to offset NO_x emissions increase from the project. The following table shows that this certificate has sufficient credits to mitigate the NO_x emissions increase.

Category	Q1 (lb)	Q2 (lb)	Q3 (lb)	Q4 (lb)
ERC S-3425-2 total amount	1,162	1,317	1,057	929
EOQ	583	583	583	584
EOQ using offset ratio of 1.5:1 for Federal Major Mods	875	875	875	876
ERC reserved for other projects	0	0	0	0
Total amount left in ERC S-3425-2	287	442	182	53

PM₁₀:

Pursuant to section 3.8 of Rule 2201, BE is set equal to PE1 since this facility is not a Major Source for PM₁₀ emissions. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} EOQ^4 &= PE2_{N-1919-1-6} - PE1_{N-1919-1-5} \\ &= 5,309 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{yr} - 4,670 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{yr} \\ &= 639 \text{ lb-PM}_{10}/\text{yr} \text{ (159.75 lb/qtr)} \end{aligned}$$

Frito-Lay has identified ERC C-1070-4 to offset PM₁₀ emissions increase from the project. The following table shows that this certificate has sufficient credits to mitigate the PM₁₀ emissions increase.

³The natural gas/LPG fuel fired ovens under permit N-1919-2 are not being modified. Therefore, NO_x emissions from this permit will not be included in the above calculations.

⁴PM₁₀ emissions increase from the permit unit N-1919-2 is 0.4 pounds per day. The District policy (APR-1130 (4/28/09)) is to consider an increase in permitted emissions of less than or equal to 0.5 lb/day to be rounded to zero for the purposes of triggering NSR requirements; therefore this permit unit is not included in the above calculations.

Category	Q1 (lb)	Q2 (lb)	Q3 (lb)	Q4 (lb)
ERC C-1070-4 total amount	0	0	0	1,658
ERC distributed among quarter 1, 2, 3 (per section 4.13.7 ⁵ of Rule 2201)	239	240	240	939
EOQ	159	160	160	160
Using offset ratio of 1.5:1 since the reduction occurred at more than 15 miles from the Frito-Lay's Modesto plant	239	240	240	240
ERC reserved for other projects	0	0	0	0
Credits left in ERC C-1070-4	0	0	0	699

3. Public Notification

District Rule 2201, section 5.4, requires a public notification for the affected pollutants from the following types of projects:

- New Major Sources
- Major Modifications (SB -288, Federal)
- New emission units with a PE>100 lb/day of any one pollutant
- Modifications with SSPE1 below an Offset threshold and SSPE2 above an Offset threshold on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis
- New stationary sources with SSPE2 exceeding Offset thresholds
- Any permitting action with a SSPE exceeding 20,000 lb/yr for any one pollutant

Per section VII.D.5 of this document, this project is a Federal Major Modification. Therefore, public notice is required for this project.

4. Daily Emission Limits

Daily Emissions Limitations (DELs) and other enforceable conditions are required by Section 3.17 to restrict a unit's maximum daily emissions. The following DELs will be included in the permits:

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

- Emissions from natural gas combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 0.1 lb-NO_x/MMBtu, 0.0029 lb-SO_x/MMBtu, 0.012 lb-PM₁₀/MMBtu, 0.47 lb-CO/MMBtu, and 0.0053 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]

⁵Section 4.13.7 states that the actual emission reductions (AER) for PM that occurred from October through March, inclusive, may be used to offset increases in PM during any period of the year.

- Emissions from LPG fuel combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 14 lb-NO_x/1,000 gal, 0.45 lb-SO_x/1,000 gal, 0.40 lb-PM₁₀/1,000 gal, 42.535 lb-CO/1,000 gal, and 0.47 lb-VOC/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]

Fryer:

- PM₁₀ emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 7.7 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
- VOC emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 3.3 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]

Ambient Air Cooler:

- PM₁₀ emissions from the ambient air cooler shall not exceed 5.0 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]

N-1919-2-6: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

- Emissions from natural gas combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 0.1 lb-NO_x/MMBtu, 0.0029 lb-SO_x/MMBtu, 0.012 lb-PM₁₀/MMBtu, 0.47 lb-CO/MMBtu, and 0.0053 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
- Emissions from LPG fuel combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 14 lb-NO_x/1,000 gal, 0.45 lb-SO_x/1,000 gal, 0.40 lb-PM₁₀/1,000 gal, 42.535 lb-CO/1,000 gal, and 0.47 lb-VOC/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]

Fryer:

- PM₁₀ emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 7.4 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
- VOC emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 3.2 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]

5. Compliance Assurance

Source Testing

Frito-Lay is not proposing any changes to the existing emission factors for natural gas/LPG fired ovens, fryers or ambient air cooler. Therefore, source testing is not required.

Monitoring

No monitoring is required.

Recordkeeping

Frito-Lay is required to maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each daily emission limit. These records shall contain calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. All records shall be retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request.

Reporting

Reporting is not required.

6. Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA)

Section 4.14.1 requires an AAQA to be performed for projects that trigger public notice. The following table shows the summary of AAQA:

Criteria Pollutant Modeling Results*

Pollutant	1 Hour	3 Hours	8 Hours	24 Hours	Annual
CO	Pass	X	Pass	X	X
NO _x	Pass ¹	X	X	X	Pass
SO _x	Pass	Pass	X	Pass	Pass
PM ₁₀	X	X	X	Pass ²	Pass ²
PM _{2.5}	X	X	X	Pass ²	Pass ²

*Results were taken from the PSD spreadsheets.

¹The project was compared to the 1-hour NO₂ National Ambient Air Quality Standard that became effective on April 12, 2010 using the District's approved procedures.

²The criteria pollutants are below EPA's level of significance as found in 40 CFR Part 51.165 (b)(2).

The criteria modeling runs indicate that the emissions will not cause or significantly contribute to a violation of the State or National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

7. Additional Requirements for new Major Sources and Federal Major Modifications

Per Section 4.15 of Rule 2201, "Compliance Certification" and "Alternative Siting Analysis" is required for any project, which constitutes a New Major Source or a Federal Major Modification.

Compliance Certification

The owner of a new Major Source or a source undergoing a Federal Major Modification to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the District that all other Major Sources owned by such person and operating in California are in compliance or are on a schedule for compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards. The compliance certification from the facility is included in Appendix IV of this document.

Alternative Siting Analysis

The proposed project will occur at an existing facility which has several other emission units beside these tortilla chip making lines. The proposed modifications

are expected to result in the least possible impact to the environment. Alternative sites would involve the relocation and/or construction of various support structures and facilities on a much greater scale, and would therefore, result in a much greater impact to the environment.

Compliance is expected with this rule.

Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

This facility is in-process of obtaining a Title V permit under separate project. Therefore, no further discussion is necessary.

Rule 4102 Nuisance

Section 4.0 prohibits discharge of air contaminants, which could cause injury, detriment, nuisance or annoyance to the public. Public nuisance conditions are not expected as a result of these operations provided the equipment is well maintained. Therefore, compliance with this rule is expected. The following condition will be placed on the permit.

- No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere, which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

California Health & Safety Code 41700

District Policy APR 1905 – Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources specifies that for an increase in emissions associated with a proposed new source or modification, the District perform an analysis to determine the possible impact to the nearest resident or worksite. The risk management review (RMR) results are summarized in the following table:

Category	Tortilla Chip Line (Unit 1-6)	Tortilla Chip Line (Unit 2-7)	Project Total	Facility Total
Prioritization Score	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.54
Acute Hazard Index	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A
Chronic Hazard Index	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A
Maximum Individual Cancer Risk	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A
T-BACT Required?	No	No		
Special Conditions Required?	No	No		

¹This project passes on prioritization with a score of less than 1.0; therefore, no further discussion is necessary.

The prioritization score is less than 1.0. In accordance with the District's Risk Management Policy, the project is approved without Toxic Best Available Control Technology (T-BACT).

Compliance is expected with this Rule.

Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration

Section 3.0 prohibits discharge of dust, fumes, or total particulate matter into the atmosphere from any single source operation in excess of 0.1 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

The ovens are fired on natural gas/LPG fuel. Therefore, compliance is expected with the limit in this rule.

Fryer:

PM₁₀ emissions: 7.7 lb-PM₁₀/day
 PM₁₀ fraction: 1.0 lb-PM₁₀/lb-PM (assumed)
 Airflow rate: 704 cfm
 Operating Schedule: 24 hr/day (1,440 min/day)

$$PM \left(\frac{\text{gr}}{\text{dscf}} \right) = \frac{\left(7.7 \frac{\text{lb} - \text{PM}_{10}}{\text{day}} \right) \left(7,000 \frac{\text{gr} - \text{PM}}{\text{lb} - \text{PM}} \right)}{\left(704 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} \right) \left(1,440 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{day}} \right) \left(1.0 \frac{\text{lb} - \text{PM}_{10}}{\text{lb} - \text{PM}} \right)} = 0.053 \frac{\text{gr} - \text{PM}}{\text{dscf}}$$

The grain loading factor (gr-PM/dscf) is not above 0.1 lb-PM/dscf limit. Therefore, it is concluded that fryer will be operated in compliance with this Rule.

Ambient Air Cooler:

PM₁₀ emissions: 5.0 lb-PM₁₀/day
 PM₁₀ fraction: 1.0 lb-PM₁₀/lb-PM (assumed)
 Airflow rate: 4,700 cfm
 Operating Schedule: 24 hr/day (1,440 min/day)

$$PM \left(\frac{\text{gr}}{\text{dscf}} \right) = \frac{\left(5.0 \frac{\text{lb} - \text{PM}_{10}}{\text{day}} \right) \left(7,000 \frac{\text{gr} - \text{PM}}{\text{lb} - \text{PM}} \right)}{\left(4,700 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} \right) \left(1,440 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{day}} \right) \left(1.0 \frac{\text{lb} - \text{PM}_{10}}{\text{lb} - \text{PM}} \right)} = 0.005 \frac{\text{gr} - \text{PM}}{\text{dscf}}$$

The grain loading factor (gr-PM/dscf) is not above 0.1 lb-PM/dscf limit. Therefore, it is concluded that ambient air cooler will be operated in compliance with this Rule.

N-1919-2-7: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Natural Gas/LPG Combustion in Ovens:

The ovens are fired on natural gas/LPG fuel. Therefore, compliance is expected with the limit in this rule.

Fryer:

PM₁₀ emissions: 7.4 lb-PM₁₀/day
 PM₁₀ fraction: 1.0 lb-PM₁₀/lb-PM (assumed)
 Airflow rate: 704 cfm
 Operating Schedule: 24 hr/day (1,440 min/day)

$$PM \left(\frac{gr}{dscf} \right) = \frac{\left(7.4 \frac{lb - PM_{10}}{day} \right) \left(7,000 \frac{gr - PM}{lb - PM} \right)}{\left(704 \frac{ft^3}{min} \right) \left(1,440 \frac{min}{day} \right) \left(1.0 \frac{lb - PM_{10}}{lb - PM} \right)} = 0.051 \frac{gr - PM}{dscf}$$

The grain loading factor (gr-PM/dscf) is not above 0.1 lb-PM/dscf limit. Therefore, it is concluded that fryer will be operated in compliance with this Rule.

Rule 4202 Particulate Matter - Emission Rate

Section 4.0 of this rule, a person shall not discharge into the atmosphere PM emissions in excess of the maximum allowable limit determined the equations specified in this Rule.

Based on the calculations in the confidential document, the emission units under each permit are expected to comply with the requirements of this Rule.

Rule 4301 Fuel Burning Equipment

Section 3.1 defines Fuel Burning Equipment as any furnace, boiler, apparatus, stack, and all appurtenances thereto, used in the process of burning fuel for the primary purpose of producing heat or power by indirect heat transfer.

Heat from LPG/natural gas combustion is directly transferred to tortilla chips; therefore, these ovens are not subject to the requirements of this rule.

Rule 4309 Dryers, Dehydrators, and Ovens

This rule applies to any dryer, dehydrator, or oven that is fired on gaseous fuel, liquid fuel, or is fired on gaseous and liquid fuel sequentially, and the total rated heat input for the unit is 5.0 MMBtu/hr or greater.

N-1919-1-6: Tortilla Chip Line #3

Heat input rate of each oven will be 3.2 MMBtu/hr after the proposed modification; therefore, these ovens are not subject to the requirements of this rule.

N-1919-2-7: Tortilla Chip Line #4

Per Section 4.1.4 of this rule, units used to bake or fry food for human consumption are exempt from the requirements of this rule. These ovens are used to bake or fry food for human consumption and are exempt from the requirements of this rule.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires each public agency to adopt objectives, criteria, and specific procedures consistent with CEQA Statutes and the CEQA Guidelines for administering its responsibilities under CEQA, including the orderly evaluation of projects and preparation of environmental documents. The San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (District) adopted its *Environmental Review Guidelines* (ERG) in 2001. The basic purposes of CEQA are to:

- Inform governmental decision-makers and the public about the potential, significant environmental effects of proposed activities.
- Identify the ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced.
- Prevent significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes in projects through the use of alternatives or mitigation measures when the governmental agency finds the changes to be feasible.
- Disclose to the public the reasons why a governmental agency approved the project in the manner the agency chose if significant environmental effects are involved.

Greenhouse Gas Significance Determination

It is determined that no other agency has or will prepare an environmental review document for the project. Thus, the District is the Lead Agency for this project.

This project results in an increase in GHG emissions from permit N-1919-1-6, which are estimated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{GHG Increase}_{\text{N-1919-1-6}} &= 2 \text{ ovens} \times (3.2 - 1.9) \text{ MMBtu/hr} \times 117 \text{ lb-} \\ &\text{CO}_2\text{e/MMBtu} \times 8,760 \text{ hr/yr} + 2,205 \text{ lb-CO}_2\text{e/mton-CO}_2\text{e} \\ &= 1,209 \text{ mtons-CO}_2\text{e/yr} \end{aligned}$$

GHG Increase $N-1919-2-7 = 0$ mtons-CO_{2e}/yr

Total GHG Increase = GHG Increase $N-1919-1-6$ + GHG Increase $N-1919-2-7$
= 1,209 mtons-CO_{2e}/yr + 0 mtons-CO_{2e}/yr
= 1,209 mtons-CO_{2e}/yr

Per District's policy APR-2005⁶, Frito lay has proposed to reduce GHG by 29% (0.29 x 1,209 mtons-CO_{2e}/yr = 351 mtons-CO_{2e}/yr) by purchasing carbon credits from a District approved source. Thus, the proposed project is presumed to have a less than cumulatively significant impact on global climate change.

The following condition shall be included in permit N-1919-1-6:

- Prior to operating under Authority to Construct N-1919-1-6, the permittee shall surrender 351 metric tons per year of CO₂ equivalent greenhouse gas (GHG) credits, from a District-approved source. An additional 351 metric tons of GHG credits shall then be surrendered each year at least 60 days prior to the anniversary date of first operation, until the permittee supplies permanent GHG reductions, or complies with District established Best Performance Standard (BPS). All credits surrendered shall be demonstrated by the submittal of documentation, on or before the deadlines discussed above, that proves the retirement of the credits. [California Environmental Quality Act]

District CEQA Findings

The District is the Lead Agency for this project because there is no other agency with broader statutory authority over this project. The District performed an Engineering Evaluation (this document) for the proposed project and determined that the activity will occur at an existing facility and the project involves negligible expansion of the existing use. Furthermore, the District determined that the activity will not have a significant effect on the environment. The District finds that the activity is categorically exempt from the provisions of CEQA pursuant to CEQA Guideline § 15031 (Existing Facilities), and finds that the project is exempt per the general rule that CEQA applies only to projects which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment (CEQA Guidelines §15061(b)(3)).

IX. Recommendation

Compliance with all applicable regulations is expected. Therefore, issuance of ATCs is recommended upon addressing comments from the public, EPA, CARB, and the applicant.

⁶ http://www.valleyair.org/policies_per/Policies/APR2005.pdf

X. Billing Information

Permit #	Fee Schedule	Fee Description	Previous Fee Schedule
N-1919-1-6	3020-02G	6.4 MMBtu/hr (total)	3020-02F
N-1919-2-7	3020-02G	10.96 MMBtu/hr (total)	3020-02G

Appendices

- Appendix I: Draft Authority to Construct Permits
- Appendix II: Top-Down BACT Analysis and BACT Guideline
- Appendix III: Permits to Operate
- Appendix IV: Compliance Certification Letter

Appendix I
Draft Authority to Construct Permits

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

ISSUANCE DATE: DRAFT
DRAFT

PERMIT NO: N-1919-1-6

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: FRITO-LAY INC
MAILING ADDRESS: 600 GARNER RD
MODESTO, CA 95357-0514

LOCATION: 600 GARNER RD
MODESTO, CA 95357-0514

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

MODIFICATION OF LINE #3 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO PERMIT EXEMPT PRE-COOKERS (STEAM-HEATED), TWO 1.9 MMBTU/HR OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED), ONE COOKER (STEAM-HEATED), ONE MECHANICAL SEASONER, AND A HEAT & CONTROL AMBIENT AIR COOLER SERVED BY A HIGH VELOCITY AIR FILTER: INCREASE HEAT INPUT RATE OF EACH OVEN FROM 1.9 MMBTU/HR TO 3.2 MMBTU/HR AND INCREASE PM10 AND VOC EMISSION RATES FROM THE FRYER AND THE AMBIENT AIR COOLER

CONDITIONS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. {15} No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
3. {14} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
4. The ovens shall be fired primarily on natural gas fuel. LPG fuel shall only be used during periods of natural curtailment, and the use of LPG shall not exceed 384 hours in a calendar year. [District Rule 2201]
5. The combustion equipment shall be equipped with a mass or volumetric fuel flow meter capable of measuring the natural gas and LPG fuel usages. [District Rule 2201]
6. Emissions from natural gas combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 0.1 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.0029 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.012 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 0.47 lb-CO/MMBtu, and 0.0053 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
7. Emissions from LPG fuel combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 14 lb-NOx/1,000 gal, 0.45 lb-SOx/1,000 gal, 0.40 lb-PM10/1,000 gal, 42.535 lb-CO/1,000 gal, and 0.47 lb-VOC/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU **MUST** NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (209) 557-6400 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Seyed Sadredin, Executive Director, APCO

DRAFT

DAVID WARNER, Director of Permit Services

N-1919-1-6 Dec 9 2011 8:22AM - KAHLEHJ : Joint Inspection NOT Required

8. PM10 emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 7.7 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
9. VOC emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 3.3 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
10. PM10 emissions from the ambient air cooler shall not exceed 5.0 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
11. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each daily emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. All records shall be retained for a minimum of five years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and 2201]
12. Prior to operating under Authority to Construct N-1919-1-6, the permittee shall surrender 351 metric tons per year of CO2 equivalent greenhouse gas (GHG) credits, from a District-approved source. An additional 351 metric tons of GHG credits shall then be surrendered each year at least 60 days prior to the anniversary date of first operation, until the permittee supplies permanent GHG reductions, or complies with District established Best Performance Standard (BPS). All credits surrendered shall be demonstrated by the submittal of documentation, on or before the deadlines discussed above, that proves the retirement of the credits. [California Environmental Quality Act]
13. Prior to operating equipment under under this Authority to Construct, the permittee shall mitigate the following quantities of NOx: 1st quarter: 583 lb, 2nd quarter: 583 lb, 3rd quarter: 583 lb, and 4th quarter: 584 lb. Offsets shall be provided at the applicable offset ratio of 1.5:1. [District Rule 2201]
14. NOx ERC S-3425-2 (or a certificate split from any of these certificates) shall be used to supply the required NOx offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District. Following the revisions, this Authority to Construct permit shall be re-issued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to re-issuance of this Authority to Construct permit. [District Rule 2201]
15. Prior to operating equipment under under this Authority to Construct, the permittee shall mitigate the following quantities of PM10: 1st quarter: 159 lb, 2nd quarter: 160 lb, 3rd quarter: 160 lb, and 4th quarter: 160 lb. Offsets shall be provided at the applicable offset ratio of 1.5:1. [District Rule 2201]
16. PM10 ERC C-1070-4 (or a certificate split from any of these certificates) shall be used to supply the required PM10 offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District. Following the revisions, this Authority to Construct permit shall be re-issued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to re-issuance of this Authority to Construct permit. [District Rule 2201]

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

ISSUANCE DATE: DRAFT
DRAFT

PERMIT NO: N-1919-2-7

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: FRITO-LAY INC
MAILING ADDRESS: 600 GARNER RD
MODESTO, CA 95357-0514

LOCATION: 600 GARNER RD
MODESTO, CA 95357-0514

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

MODIFICATION OF LINE #4 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO STEAM-HEATED PRE-COOKER, TWO 5.48 MMBTU/HR CASA HERRERA MODEL MACH IV XWXL OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED, INDUCED DRAFT), ONE STEAM-HEATED COOKER AND A MECHANICAL SEASONER: INCREASE PM10 AND VOC EMISSION RATES FROM THE FRYER

CONDITIONS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. {15} No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
3. {14} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
4. The ovens shall be fired primarily on natural gas fuel. LPG fuel shall only be used during periods of natural curtailment, and the use of LPG shall not exceed 384 hours in any calendar year. [District Rule 2201]
5. The combustion equipment shall be equipped with a mass or volumetric fuel flow meter capable of measuring the natural gas and LPG fuel usages. [District Rule 2201]
6. Emissions from natural gas combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 0.1 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.0029 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.012 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 0.47 lb-CO/MMBtu, and 0.0053 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
7. Emissions from LPG fuel combustion in each oven shall not exceed any of the following emission limits: 14 lb-NOx/1,000 gal, 0.45 lb-SOx/1,000 gal, 0.40 lb-PM10/1,000 gal, 42.535 lb-CO/1,000 gal, and 0.47 lb-VOC/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU **MUST** NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (209) 557-6400 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Seyed Sadredin, Executive Director APCO

DAVID WARNER, Director of Permit Services

N-1919-2-7 Dec 9 2011 8:23AM - KAH/LOJ Joint Inspection NOT Required

8. PM10 emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 7.4 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
9. VOC emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 3.2 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201]
10. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit and permit requirement. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. All records shall be retained for a minimum of five years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and 2201]

DRAFT

Appendix II
Top-Down BACT Analysis and BACT Guideline

San Joaquin Valley
Unified Air Pollution Control District

Best Available Control Technology (BACT) Guideline 1.6.2*

Last Update 6/23/2005

Oven - Tortilla, <= 5 MMBtu/hr

Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or contained in the SIP	Technologically Feasible	Alternate Basic Equipment
NOx	natural gas fired with optional LPG as backup fuel		

BACT is the most stringent control technique for the emissions unit and class of source. Control techniques that are not achieved in practice or contained in a state implementation plan must be cost effective as well as feasible. Economic analysis to demonstrate cost effectiveness is required for all determinations that are not achieved in practice or contained in an EPA approved State Implementation Plan.

***This is a Summary Page for this Class of Source**

Top-Down BACT Analysis for NO_x

Step 1 - Identify All Possible Control Technologies:

BACT Guideline 1.6.2 lists the following technology to reduce NO_x emissions from tortilla chip ovens:

1. Use of natural gas with optional LPG as backup fuel (achieved-in-practice)

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options:

The technology listed in Step 1 is feasible for tortilla chip ovens.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness:

1. Use of natural gas with optional LPG as backup fuel (achieved-in-practice)

Step 4 - Cost Effective Analysis:

There is no technologically feasible option for which cost-effectiveness analysis is required.

Step 5 – Select BACT:

The ovens will be required to be fired on natural gas with LPG as backup fuel.

Appendix III
Permits to Operate

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-1919-1-5

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2012

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

LINE #3 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO PERMIT EXEMPT PRE-COOKERS (STEAM-HEATED), TWO 1.9 MMBTU/HR OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED), ONE COOKER (STEAM-HEATED), ONE MECHANICAL SEASONER, AND A HEAT & CONTROL AMBIENT AIR COOLER SERVED BY A HIGH VELOCITY AIR FILTER.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
3. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
4. The ovens shall be fired primarily on natural gas fuel. LPG fuel shall only be used during periods of natural curtailment, and the use of LPG shall not exceed 384 hours in a calendar year. [District Rule 2201]
5. The combustion equipment shall be equipped with a mass or volumetric fuel flow meter capable of measuring the natural gas and LPG fuel usages. [District Rule 2201]
6. NOx emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.1 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
7. VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.0053 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
8. CO emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.47 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
9. PM10 emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.012 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
10. SOx emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.0029 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
11. NOx emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 14 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
12. VOC emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 0.47 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
13. CO emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 42.535 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
14. PM10 emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 0.40 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
15. SOx emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 0.45 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
16. PM10 emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 7.0 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
17. VOC emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 3.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
18. PM10 emissions from the ambient air cooler shall not exceed 4.7 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
19. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each daily emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. All records shall be retained for a minimum of five years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and 2201]

Add Nox and PM10 Credits

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-1919-2-6

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2012

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

LINE #4 (TORTILLA CHIP) CONSISTING OF TWO STEAM-HEATED PRE-COOKER, TWO 5.48 MMBTU/HR CASA HERRERA MODEL MACH IV XWXL OVENS (DIRECT-FIRED, INDUCED DRAFT), ONE STEAM-HEATED COOKER AND A MECHANICAL SEASONER.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
3. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
4. The ovens shall be fired primarily on natural gas fuel. LPG fuel shall only be used during periods of natural curtailment, and the use of LPG shall not exceed 384 hours in any calendar year. [District Rule 2201]
5. The combustion equipment shall be equipped with a mass or volumetric fuel flow meter capable of measuring the natural gas and LPG fuel usages. [District Rule 2201]
6. NOx emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.1 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
7. VOC emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.0053 lb/MMEtu. [District Rule 2201]
8. CO emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.47 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
9. PM10 emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.012 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
10. SOx emissions from the combustion of natural gas shall not exceed 0.0029 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
11. NOx emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 14 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
12. VOC emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 0.47 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
13. CO emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 42.535 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
14. PM10 emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 0.40 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
15. SOx emissions from the combustion of LPG shall not exceed 0.45 lb/1,000 gal. [District Rule 2201]
16. PM10 emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 7.0 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
17. VOC emissions from the fryer shall not exceed 3.0 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
18. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit and permit requirement. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. All records shall be retained for a minimum of five years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and 2201]



These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Appendix IV
Compliance Certification Letter



Frito-Lay, Inc.

November 23, 2011

Mr. Rupi Gill
San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District
4800 Enterprise Way
Modesto CA 95356-8718

RECEIVED

NOV 25 2011

OR

SJVAPCD
NORTHERN REGION

Subject: Compliance Statement for Frito-Lay, Inc. - Modesto

Dear Mr. Gill:

In accordance with Rule 2201, Section 4.15, "Additional Requirements for New Major Sources and Federal Major Modifications," Frito-Lay, Inc. is pleased to provide this compliance statement regarding its tortilla chip oven project N-1103895.

All major stationary sources in California owned or operated by Frito-Lay, Inc. - Modesto, or by any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with Frito-Lay, Inc. - Modesto, and which are subject to emission limitations, are in compliance or on a schedule for compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards. These sources include one or more of the following facilities:

Frito-Lay, Inc.: 600 Garner Road, Modesto, CA 95357

Based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding this certification.

Sincerely,

Bryan Birrell,
Regional Vice President
Frito-Lay Inc., Modesto