



MAR 1 8 2013

Shams Hasan E&B Natural Resources 3000 James Road Bakersfield, CA 93308

Re:

Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct

Project Number: S-1130131

Dear Mr. Hasan:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of E&B Natural Resources's application for an Authority to Construct for a new 85 MMBtu/hr steam generator and for reducing a tank's throughput, at NW/4 of Section 20, Township 30S, Range 22E near McKittrick, CA.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. David Torii of Permit Services at 661-392-5620.

Sincerely,

David Warner

Director of Permit Services

DW:DBT/st

Enclosures

Seyed Sadredin

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer





MAR 1 8 2013

Gerardo C. Rios (AIR 3) Chief, Permits Office Air Division U.S. E.P.A. - Region IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct

Project Number: S-1130131

Dear Mr. Rios:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of E&B Natural Resources's application for an Authority to Construct for a new 85 MMBtu/hr steam generator and for reducing a tank's throughput, at NW/4 of Section 20, Township 30S, Range 22E near McKittrick, CA.

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MAR 1 8 2013

Mike Tollstrup, Chief Project Assessment Branch Stationary Source Division California Air Resources Board PO Box 2815 Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct

Project Number: S-1130131

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of E&B Natural Resources's application for an Authority to Construct for a new 85 MMBtu/hr steam generator and for reducing a tank's throughput, at NW/4 of Section 20, Township 30S, Řange 22E near McKittrick, CA.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

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Sincerely,

David Warner

Director of Permit Services

DW:DBT/st

Enclosure

Seyed Sadredin Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION FOR THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF AN AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed issuance of Authority to Construct to E&B Natural Resources for a new 85 MMBtu/hr steam generator and for reducing a tank's throughput, at NW/4 of Section 20, Township 30S, Range 22E near McKittrick, CA.

The analysis of the regulatory basis for this proposed action, Project #S-1130131, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. Written comments on this project must be submitted by April 23, 2013 to DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY UNIFIED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 34946 FLYOVER COURT, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

Authority to Construct Application Review

New Steam Generator

Facility Name: E&B Natural Resources

Mailing Address: 3000 James Road Engineer: David Torii

Bakersfield, CA 93308 Lead Engineer: Steve Leannerd Aswic Age

MAR 1 1 2013

Contact Person: Shams Hasan

Application #(s): S-1807-16-3 and '69-0

Telephone: 661-616-6446

Project #: 1130131

Deemed Complete: 1/30/13

1. Proposal

E&B Natural Resources (ENR) requests Authorities to Construct (ATCs) for a new 85 MMBtu/hr steam generator and for reducing tank S-1807-16's throughput.

To lower the SSPE2 to be below offset thresholds the applicant proposes implement ATCs S-1807-36-7, '53-3 '56-0 and '56-1. Note that ATC S-1807-56-0 required that PTOs S-1807-1, '2 and '34 be canceled upon its implementation. (see permits in Appendix B)

Disposition of Outstanding ATCs:

ATC S-1807-56-0 has commenced construction.

II. Applicable Rules

Rule 2201	New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (4/21/11)
Rule 2410	Prevention Of Significant Deterioration (11/26/12)
Rule 2520	Federally Mandated Operating Permits (6/21/01)
Rule 4001	New Source Performance Standards (4/14/99)
Rule 4101	Visible Emissions (2/17/05)
Rule 4102	Nuisance (12/17/92)
Rule 4201	Particulate Matter Concentration (12/17/92)
Rule 4301	Fuel Burning Equipment (12/17/92)
Rule 4305	Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters - Phase II (8/21/03)
Rule 4306	Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase III (3/17/05)
Rule 4320	Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators,
	and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr (10/16/08)
Rule 4623	Storage of Organic Liquids (5/19/05)
Rule 4801	Sulfur Compounds (12/17/92)
CH&SC 41700	Health Risk Assessment
CH&SC 42301.6	School Notice
Public Resources C	ode 21000-21177: California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3, Sections 15000-15387: CEQA Guidelines

III. Project Location

The steam generator will be located within the NW/4 of Section 20, Township 30S, Range 22E. (see location in Appendix B) in E&B's Heavy Oil Western stationary source. The equipment is not located within 1,000 feet of the outer boundary of a K-12 school. Therefore, the public notification requirement of California Health and Safety Code 42301.6 is not applicable to this project.

IV. Process Description

E&B operates facilities for the processing of crude oil within their Heavy Oil Western stationary source.

In TEOR operations, steam generators are used to produce steam which is injected into the production zone to reduce the viscosity of the crude oil and pressurize the oil-bearing strata, thereby facilitating oil flow to producing wells. Produced fluids are then piped to surface facilities for processing and temporary storage.

Production from wells initially enters a gas/liquid separator. Liquid from the gas liquid separator enters wash tanks for separation into oil, gas and water. Separated oil is stored in stock tanks prior to custody transfer.

V. Equipment Listing

Pre-Project Equipment Description (see Appendix C):

PTO S-1807-1:	18.5 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STE	AM GENERATOR, DIS#
	OZEGO CO GAMILLANGUEA CE ANTEL ODE LIII	LI FIELDY

27586-66 (WILLIAMS LEASE, ANTELOPE HILL FIELD)

PTO S-1807-2: 18.5 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR, DIS# 27571-66

PTO S-1807-34: 27.0 MMBTU/HR GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR - WILLIAMS LEASE, ANTELOPE HILL FIELD (S/N S8676-1)

PTO S-1807-16-2: 500 BBL FIXED-ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK (NORTH TANK HOPKINS B PROPERTY)

ATC S-1807-36-7: MODIFICATION OF 27.0 MMBTU/HR STRUTHERS NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS/TEOR GAS/PROPANE-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR WITH GIDEON MODEL MGW-31R ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER, PCL DIFFUSER PLATE,

OXYGEN CONTROLLER, AND FGR - (DIS #21049-66) - APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN E&B NATURAL

RESOURCES MANAGEMENT CORPORATION'S HEAVY OIL WESTERN

STATIONARY SOURCE: INCREASE CO EMISSIONS TO 400 PPMV

@3% 02

ATC S-1807-53-3: MODIFICATION OF 22.0 MMBTU/HR C.E. NATCO NATURAL

GAS/LPG/TEOR/FIELD GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#9 DIS# 20827-66) WITH A GIDEON MODEL MGW-25R1 ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND O2 CONTROLLER (REPUBLIC) AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS: TUNE OR REPLACE BURNER WITH A GIDEON ULTRA LOW-NOX BURNER (OR EQUIVALENT)

ATC S-1807-56-0: 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/LPG/WASTE GAS-FIRED STEAM

GENERATOR GIDEON MODEL MGW-85R1 (OR EQUIVALENT) WITH ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND WITH FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR) APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE E&B NATURAL RESOURCES WESTERN

HEAVY OIL STATIONARY SOURCE

ATC S-1807-56-1: MODIFICATION OF 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/LPG/WASTE GAS-

FIRED STEAM GENERATOR GIDEON MODEL MGW-85R1 (OR

EQUIVALENT) WITH ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND WITH FLUE GAS

RECIRCULATION (FGR) APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS
UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE E&B NATURAL RESOURCES
WESTERN HEAVY OIL STATIONARY SOURCE: TUNE OR REPLACE

BURNER WITH A GIDEON ULTRA LOW-NOX BURNER (OR

EQUIVALENT)

Proposed ATC:

S-1807-16-3: MODIFICATION OF 500 BBL FIXED-ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK

(NORTH TANK HOPKINS B PROPERTY): REDUCE DAILY THROUGHPUT AND REMOVE CONDITIONS AUTHORIZING OPERATION AS A DORMANT

EMISSION UNIT

S-1807-69-0: 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/WASTE GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR

WITH A NORTH AMERICAN LE-85 BURNER AND FLUE GAS

RECIRCULATION

Post Project Equipment Description:

S-1807-16-3: 500 BBL FIXED-ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK (NORTH TANK

HOPKINS B PROPERTY)

S-1807-69-0: 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/WASTE GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR

WITH A NORTH AMERICAN LE-85 BURNER AND FLUE GAS

RECIRCULATION

VI. Emission Control Technology Evaluation

Emissions from natural gas-fired steam generators include NO_X, CO, VOC, PM₁₀, and SO_X.

 NO_X is the major pollutant of concern when burning natural gas. NO_X formation is either due to thermal fixation of atmospheric nitrogen in the combustion air (thermal NO_X) or due to conversion

of chemically bound nitrogen in the fuel (fuel NO_X). Due to the low fuel nitrogen content of natural gas, nearly all NO_x emissions are thermal NO_x. Formation of thermal NO_x is affected by four furnace zone factors: (1) nitrogen concentration, (2) oxygen concentration, (3) peak temperature, and (4) time of exposure at peak temperature.

Low-NOx burners reduce NOX formation by producing lower flame temperatures (and longer flames) than conventional burners. Low-NOx burners delay the mixing of fuel and air by introducing the fuel (or sometimes air) in multiple stages. In the first stage, the air-fuel mixture is fuel-rich in which the oxygen is consumed in reactions with the fuel, thereby limiting excess oxygen available to react with nitrogen to produce thermal NOx.

The combustion zones in the secondary and tertiary stages are maintained in a fuel-lean environment. The excess air in these stages helps to reduce the flame temperature, which in turn minimizes the reaction between excess oxygen and nitrogen. The North American burner incorporates patented internal mixing elements that premix the fuel and air prior to combustion in the reaction zone. By completing a majority of the combustion in the burner reaction chamber, the low emissions of the burner are protected from process influences

Flue gas recirculation (FGR) reduces NO_x emissions by recirculating a percentage of the exhaust gas back into the windbox. This reduces the oxygen concentration in the air-fuel mixture and regulates the combustion process, lowering the combustion temperature. The lowered availability of oxygen in conjunction with lowered combustion temperature reduces the formation of NO_x.

The tank is equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief vent valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank. The PV-valve reduces VOC wind-induced emissions from the tank vent.

VII. General Calculations

A. Assumptions

The maximum operating schedule is 24 hours per day, 8,760 hr/year

Steam Generator:

- Maximum heat input rating = 85 MMBtu/hr
- Unit is fired on natural gas with ≤ 5.0 grain-S/100 dscf
- F-Factor for Natural Gas @ 60°F: 8,578 dscf/MMBtu
- Gas Molar Vol 60 oF = 10.7316 psia ft3/lbmol R x 519.67 R/(14.696 psia/atm) = 378.61 ft3/lbmol
- Natural Gas Heating Value: 1,000 Btu/scf

Tank Pre-Project:

- Fluid Throughput: 972 bbl/day (current PTO)
- Maximum TVP: 0.5 psi (current PTO)
- API gravity: <26 degrees (applicant)

Tank Post-Project:

Fluid Throughput: 500 bbl/day (applicant)

Maximum TVP: 0.5 psi (applicant)
API gravity: <26 degrees (applicant)

B. Emission Factors

Both the daily and annual PE's for the tank will be based on the results from the District's Microsoft Excel spreadsheets for Tank Emissions - Fixed Roof Crude Oil less than 26° API. The spreadsheet for tanks was developed using the equations for fixed-roof tanks from EPA AP-42, Chapter 7.1. See calculations in Appendix D.

Pollutant	Steam⊦Ger Post-Project Emissi	Source	
NO _X	0.0062 lb-NO _X /MMBtu	5 ppmvd NO _X (@ 3%O ₂)	Proposed
SO _X	0.0143 lb SO2/MMBtu*	5.0 gr S/100 scf	Proposed
PM10	0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu		Proposed & AP-42 (07/98) Table 1.4-2
СО	0.037 lb-CO/MMBtu	50 ppmv CO @3% O2	Proposed
VOC	0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu	13 ppmv VOC @3% O2	Proposed & AP-42 (07/98) Table 1.4-2
CO2e	117 lb/MMBtu		CCAR document

^{*(5} grain-S/100scf)(1scf/1000 Btu)(1 lb/7000 grain)(2 lb SO2/lb S)(1,000,000 Btu/MMBtu) = 0.0143 lb-SOx/MMBtu

C. Calculations

1. Pre-Project Potential to Emit (PE1)

Since the steam generator is a new emissions unit, PE1 = 0 for all pollutants.

S-18	07-16-2
-VOC - Daily RE4 (Ib/day).	VOC-Annual PE1 (lb/Year)
49.9	18,196

^{*}see emission calculations in Appendix D

2. Post Project Potential to Emit (PE2)

7 (S-18	07/_16_3*
VOC - Daily RE2 (lb/day)	VOC - Annual PE2 (Ib/Year)
26.3	9582

^{*}see emission calculations in Appendix D

The potential to emit for the steam generator is calculated as follows, and summarized in the table below:

$$PE2_{NOx} = (0.0062 \text{ lb/MMBtu}) * (85 \text{ MMBtu/hr}) * (24 \text{ hr/day})$$

= 12.6 lb NOx/day

= (0.0062 lb/MMBtu) * (85 MMBtu/hr) * (24 hr/day) * (365 day/year)

= $4616 lb NO_x/year$

	S-1807-69 PE2) -0
	Daily Emissions (lb/day)	Annual Emissions (lb/year)
NO _X	12.6	4616
SO _X	29.2	10,648
PM ₁₀	15.5	5659
CO	75.5	27,550
VOC	11.2	4095
CO2e		87,118,200

3. Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1)

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, the SSPE1 is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all units with valid Authorities to Construct (ATC) or Permits to Operate (PTO) at the Stationary Source and the quantity of Emission Reduction Credits (ERC) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions (AER) that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit [SSPE1] (lb/year)							
Permit Unit	NO _X	SO _X	PM ₁₀	CO	VOC		
S-1807-1-16	17,016	3565	3727	3241			
S-1807-2-12	17,016	3565	3727	3241			
S-1807-34-3	33113	5203	5440	8278			
S-1807-35-3	1892	3382	544	8278			
S-1807-36-6	4257	3879	1798	8278			
S-1807-37-9	1927	3445	1831	17827			
S-1807-53	6938	179230	13490	14,261	"-		
S-1807-56-0 (ATC)*	8191	12,658	5659	26,806			
S-1807-16-2	0	0	0	´ O	18,196		
Pre-Project SSPE (SSPE1)	23,205	202,594	23,322	75,450	>20,000		

^{*}ATC S-1807-56-0 has commenced construction and requires that PTOs S-1807-1, '2 and '34 be canceled upon implementation of '56-0; therefore, S-1807-1, '2 and '34 are not included in the SSPE calculations. Furthermore, the applicant proposed to cancel S-1807-1, '2 and '34 to mitigate the IPE from S-1807-69-0.

4. Post Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2)

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, the SSPE2 is the PE from all units with valid ATCs or PTOs at the Stationary Source and the quantity of ERCs which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for AER that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

In order for the SSPE2 to be below offset thresholds the applicant proposes to cancel PTOs S-1807-1, '2 and '34 and to implement ATCs S-1807-36-7, '53-3 and '56-1.

Post-Project S	tationary So	ource Poten	tial to Emit	[SSPE2] (lb/	year)
Permit Unit	NOx	SO _X	PM ₁₀	CO	VOC
S-1807-35-3	1892	3382	544	8278	
S-1807-36-7	1892	3879	1798	8278	
S-1807-37-9	1927	5300	1831	17827	
S-1807-53-3	1542	2756	1465	14,261	
S-1807-56-1	6329	12,658	5659	26,806	
S-1807-69-0	4542	10,648	5659	27,550	4095
S-1807-16-3	0	0	0	0	9582
					13677*
Post-Project SSPE (SSPE2)	18,124	38,623	16,956	103,000	>20,000

^{*4095 + 9582 = 13,677}

5. Major Source Determination

Rule 2201 Major Source Determination:

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, a Major Source is a stationary source with a SSPE2 equal to or exceeding one or more of the following threshold values. For the purposes of determining major source status the following shall not be included:

- any ERCs associated with the stationary source
- Emissions from non-road IC engines (i.e. IC engines at a particular site at the facility for less than 12 months)
- Fugitive emissions, except for the specific source categories specified in 40 CFR 51.165

Rule 2201 Major Source Determination (lb/year)							
	NO _x	SO _X	PM ₁₀	со	VOC		
SSPE1	23,205	202,594	23,322	75,450	>20,000		
SSPE2	18,124	38,623	16,956	103,000	>20,000		
Major Source Threshold	20,000	140,000	140,000	200,000	20,000		
Major Source?	· No	No	No	No	yes		

This source is an existing Major Source for VOC emissions and will remain a Major Source for VOC. No change in other pollutants are proposed or expected as a result of this project.

Rule 2410 Major Source Determination:

The facility or the equipment evaluated under this project is listed as one of the categories specified in 40 CFR 52.21 (b)(1)(i). Therefore the following PSD Major Source thresholds are applicable.

PSD Major Source Determination (tons/year)							
	NO2	voc	SO2	co	PM	PM10	CO2e
Estimated Facility PE before Project Increase	t na	na	na	na	na	na	>100,000
PSD Major Source Thresholds	100	100	100	100	100	100	100,000
PSD Major Source ? (Y/N)	na	na	na	na	na	na	yes

As shown above, the facility is an existing major source for PSD for at least one pollutant. Therefore the facility is an existing major source for PSD.

6. Baseline Emissions (BE)

The BE calculation (in lbs/year) is performed pollutant-by-pollutant for each unit within the project to calculate the QNEC, and if applicable, to determine the amount of offsets required.

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, BE = PE1 for:

- Any unit located at a non-Major Source.
- Any Highly-Utilized Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source,
- Any Fully-Offset Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source, or
- Any Clean Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source.

otherwise,

BE = Historic Actual Emissions (HAE), calculated pursuant to District Rule 2201.

S-1807-69-0:

Since this is a new emissions unit, BE = PE1 = 0 for all pollutants.

S-1807-16:

Pursuant to Rule 2201, a Clean Emissions Unit is defined as an emissions unit that is "equipped with an emissions control technology with a minimum control efficiency of at least 95% or is equipped with emission control technology that meets the requirements

for achieved-in-practice BACT as accepted by the APCO during the five years immediately prior to the submission of the complete application.

Tank S-1807-16 is equipped with a PV vent, which meets the requirements for achieved-in-practice BACT. Therefore, it's BE = PE1..

7. SB 288 Major Modification

SB 288 Major Modification is defined in 40 CFR Part 51.165 as "any physical change in or change in the method of operation of a major stationary source that would result in a significant net emissions increase of any pollutant subject to regulation under the Act."

Since this facility is a major source for VOC, the project's PE2 is compared to the SB 288 Major Modification Thresholds in the following table in order to determine if the SB 288 Major Modification calculation is required.

	SB 288 Major Modification Thresholds						
Pollutant	Project PE2 (lb/year)	Threshold (lb/year)	SB 288 Major Modification Calculation Required?				
VOC	13,677	50,000	no				

Since none of the SB 288 Major Modification Thresholds are surpassed with this project, this project does not constitute an SB 288 Major Modification.

8. Federal Major Modification

The determination of Federal Major Modification is based on a two-step test. For the first step, only the emission *increases* are counted. Emission decreases may not cancel out the increases for this determination.

Step 1

For new emissions units, the increase in emissions is equal to the PE2 for each new unit included in this project.

For existing emissions units, the increase in emissions is calculated as follows.

Emission Increase = PAE - BAE - UBC

Where: PAE = Projected Actual Emissions, and

BAE = Baseline Actual Emissions UBC = Unused baseline capacity

If there is no increase in design capacity or potential to emit, the PAE is equal to the annual emission rate at which the unit is projected to emit in any one year, selected by the operator, within 5 years after the unit resumes normal operation (10 years for existing units with an increase in design capacity or potential to emit). If detailed PAE are not provided, the PAE is equal to the PE2 for each permit unit.

The BAE is calculated based on historical emissions and operating records for any 24 month period, selected by the operator, within the previous 10 year period (5 years for electric utility steam generating units). The BAE must be adjusted to exclude any non-compliant operation emissions and emissions that are no longer allowed due to lower applicable emission limits that were in effect when this application was deemed complete.

Since this project does not result in an increase in design capacity or potential to emit, and it does not impact the ability of the emission unit to operate at a higher utilization rate, the UBC is the portion of PAE that the emission units could have accommodated during the baseline period.

The applicant has provided the required historical and projected operation data (see Appendix E).

The project's combined total emission increases are calculated in Appendix E and compared to the Federal Major Modification Thresholds in the following table.

Federal Major Modification Thresholds for Emission Increases						
Pollutant	Total Emissions					
	Increases (lb/yr)	(lb/yr)	Modification?			
NO _x *	na**	0	No			
VOC*	4095	0	Yes			
PM ₁₀	na**	30,000	No			
PM _{2.5}	na**	20,000	No			
SO _x	na**	80,000	No ·			

^{*}If there is any emission increases in NO_x or VOC, this project is a Federal Major Modification and no further analysis is required.

Since there is an increase in VOC emissions, this project constitutes a Federal Major Modification, and no further analysis is required.

9. Rule 2410 - Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Applicability Determination

Rule 2410 applies to pollutants for which the District is in attainment or for unclassified, pollutants. The pollutants addressed in the PSD applicability determination are listed as follows:

- NO2 (as a primary pollutant)
- SO2 (as a primary pollutant)
- CO
- PM
- PM10
- Greenhouse gases (GHG): CO2, N2O, CH4, HFCs, PFCs, and SF6

^{**}not a Major Source

The first step of this PSD evaluation consists of determining whether the facility is an existing PSD Major Source or not (See Section VII.C.5 of this document). In the case the facility is an existing PSD Major Source, the second step of the PSD evaluation is to determine if the project results in a PSD significant increase.

In the case the facility is NOT an existing PSD Major Source but is an existing source, the second step of the PSD evaluation is to determine if the project, by itself, would be a PSD major source.

In the case the facility is new source, the second step of the PSD evaluation is to determine if this new facility will become a new PSD major Source as a result of the project and if so, to determine which pollutant will result in a PSD significant increase.

I. Project Location Relative to Class 1 Area

As demonstrated in the "PSD Major Source Determination" Section above, the facility was determined to be a existing major source for PSD. Because the project is not located within 10 km of a Class 1 area – modeling of the emission increase is not required to determine if the project is subject to the requirements of Rule 2410.

II. Significance of Project Emission Increase Determination

a. Potential to Emit of attainment/unclassified pollutant for New or <u>Modified</u> Emission Units vs PSD Significant Emission Increase Thresholds

As a screening tool, the potential to emit from all new and modified units is compared to the PSD significant emission increase thresholds, and if total potential to emit from all new and modified units is below this threshold, no futher analysis will be needed.

PSD Significant Emission Increase Determination: Potential to Emit (tons/year)							
	NO2	SO2	СО	PM	PM10	CO2e	
Total PE from New and Modified Units	2	5	14	3	3	43,559	
PSD Significant Emission Increase Thresholds	40	40	100	25	15	75,000	
PSD Significant Emission Increase?	n	n	n	n	n	n	

As demonstrated above, because the project has a total potential to emit from all new and modified emission units below the PSD significant emission increase thresholds, this project is not subject to the requirements of Rule 2410 due to a significant emission increase and no further discussion is required.

10. Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The QNEC is calculated solely to establish emissions that are used to complete the District's PAS emissions profile screen. Detailed QNEC calculations are included in Appendix A.

VIII. Compliance

Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

A. Best Available Control Technology (BACT)

1. BACT Applicability

BACT requirements are triggered on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis and on an emissions unit-by-emissions unit basis. Unless specifically exempted by Rule 2201, BACT shall be required for the following actions*:

- a. Any new emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
- b. The relocation from one Stationary Source to another of an existing emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
- c. Modifications to an existing emissions unit with a valid Permit to Operate resulting in an AIPE exceeding two pounds per day, and/or
- d. Any new or modified emissions unit, in a stationary source project, which results in an SB 288 Major Modification or a Federal Major Modification, as defined by the rule.

a. New emissions units - PE > 2 lb/day

As seen in Section VII.C.2 above, the applicant is proposing to install a new steam generator with a PE greater than 2 lb/day for NO_x, SO_x, PM₁₀, CO, and VOC. BACT is triggered for NO_x, SO_x, PM₁₀, and VOC only since the PEs are greater than 2 lbs/day. However BACT is not triggered for CO since the SSPE2 for CO is not greater than 200,000 lbs/year, as demonstrated in Section VII.C.5 above.

b. Relocation of emissions units - PE > 2 lb/day

As discussed in Section I above, there are no emissions units being relocated from one stationary source to another; therefore BACT is not triggered.

c. Modification of emissions units – AIPE > 2 lb/day

AIPE = PE2 - HAPE

Where,

AIPE = Adjusted Increase in Permitted Emissions, (lb/day)

PE2 = Post-Project Potential to Emit, (lb/day)

HAPE = Historically Adjusted Potential to Emit, (lb/day)

^{*}Except for CO emissions from a new or modified emissions unit at a Stationary Source with an SSPE2 of less than 200,000 pounds per year of CO.

 $HAPE = PE1 \times (EF2/EF1)$

Where,

PE1 = The emissions unit's PE prior to modification or relocation, (lb/day)

EF2 = The emissions unit's permitted emission factor for the pollutant after modification or relocation. If EF2 is greater than EF1 then EF2/EF1 shall be set to 1

EF1 = The emissions unit's permitted emission factor for the pollutant before the modification or relocation

AIPE = PE2 - (PE1 * (EF2 / EF1))

Tank S-1807-16:

This project will not result in a change in EF; therefore, AIPE = PE2 - PE1

AIPE = 26.3 - 49.9 = 0 lb-VOC/day

As demonstrated above, the AIPE is not greater than 2.0 lb/day for the tank. Therefore BACT is not triggered.

d. SB 288/Federal Major Modification

As discussed in Section VII.C.7 above, this project does constitute a Federal Major Modification for NO_X and VOC emissions. Therefore BACT is triggered for NOx and VOC for all emissions units in the project for which there is an emission increase. Therefore BACT is triggered for NOx and VOC for the steam generator.

2. BACT Guideline

The District adopted District Rule 4320 on October 16, 2008. The NO_X emission limit requirements in District Rule 4320 are lower than the limits contained within BACT Guideline 1.2.1 which has since been rescinded; therefore a project specific BACT analysis will be performed to determine BACT for this project. District Rule 4320 limits oilfield steam generators with heat input ratings greater than 20 MMBtu/hr to 7 ppmv @ 3% O_2 . Since this emission limit is required by the rule, it will be considered the Achieved in Practice control technology for the BACT analysis. District Rule 4320 also contains an enhanced schedule option that allows applicants additional time to meet the requirements of the rule. The enhanced schedule NO_X emission limit requirement is 5 ppmv @ 3% O_2 . Since this is an enhanced option in the rule, it will be considered the Technologically Feasible control technology for the BACT analysis. (See Appendix F)

3. Top-Down BACT Analysis

Per Permit Services Policies and Procedures for BACT, a Top-Down BACT analysis shall be performed as a part of the application review for each application subject to the BACT requirements pursuant to the District's NSR Rule.

Pursuant to the attached Top-Down BACT Analysis (see Appendix F), BACT has been satisfied with the following:

NO_X: 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2 (0.007 lb/MMBtu)

SO_X: Natural gas fuel with a sulfur content not to exceed 5 gr-S/100 scf PM₁₀: Natural gas fuel with a sulfur content not to exceed 5 gr-S/100 scf

VOC: Natural gas fuel

B. Offsets

1. Offset Applicability

Offset requirements shall be triggered on a pollutant by pollutant basis and shall be required if the SSPE2 equals to or exceeds the offset threshold levels in Table 4-1 of Rule 2201.

The SSPE2 is compared to the offset thresholds in the following table.

Offset Determination (lb/year)						
	NO _X	SO _X	PM ₁₀	CO	VOC	
SSPE2	18,124	38,623	16,956	103,000	>20,000	
Offset Thresholds	20,000	54,750	29,200	200,000	20,000	
Offsets triggered?	No	No	No	No	yes	

2. Quantity of Offsets Required

As seen above, the facility is an existing Major Source for VOC and the SSPE2 is greater than the offset thresholds. Therefore offset calculations will be required for this project.

The quantity of offsets in pounds per year for VOC is calculated as follows for sources with an SSPE1 greater than the offset threshold levels before implementing the project being evaluated.

Offsets Required (lb/year) = $(\Sigma[PE2 - BE] + ICCE) \times DOR$, for all new or modified emissions units in the project,

Where,

PE2 = Post Project Potential to Emit, (lb/year)

BE = Baseline Emissions, (lb/year)

ICCE = Increase in Cargo Carrier Emissions, (lb/year)

DOR = Distance Offset Ratio, determined pursuant to Section 4.8

BE = PE1 for:

- Any unit located at a non-Major Source,
- Any Highly-Utilized Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source,
- · Any Fully-Offset Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source, or
- Any Clean Emissions Unit, Located at a Major Source.

otherwise,

BE = HAE

As calculated in Section VII.C.6 above, the BE for S-1807-16 equal to the PE1 since the unit is a Clean Emissions Unit.

S-1807-69 is a new emissions unit; therefore BE = 0

Also, there are no increases in cargo carrier emissions. Therefore offsets can be determined as follows:

Offsets Required (lb/year) = ([PE2 – BE] + ICCE) x DOR

PE2 (VOC) = 13,677 lb/year BE (VOC) = 18,196 lb/year ICCE = 0 lb/year

Offsets Required (lb/year) = 13,677 - 18,196 = 0 lb VOC/year

As demonstrated in the calculation above, the amount of offsets is zero. Therefore, offsets will not be required for this project.

C. Public Notification

1. Applicability

Public noticing is required for:

- a. New Major Sources, Federal Major Modifications, and SB 288 Major Modifications,
- b. Any new emissions unit with a Potential to Emit greater than 100 pounds during any one day for any one pollutant,
- c. Any project which results in the offset thresholds being surpassed, and/or
- d. Any project with an SSIPE of greater than 20,000 lb/year for any pollutant.

a. New Major Sources, Federal Major Modifications, and SB 288 Major Modifications

New Major Sources are new facilities, which are also Major Sources. Since this is not a new facility, public noticing is not required for this project for New Major Source purposes.

As demonstrated in VII.C.7, this project is a Federal Major Modification. Therefore, public noticing for Federal Major Modification purposes is required.

b. PE > 100 lb/day

Applications which include a new emissions unit with a PE greater than 100 pounds during any one day for any pollutant will trigger public noticing requirements. As seen in Section VII.C.2 above, this project does not include a new emissions unit

which has daily emissions greater than 100 lb/day for any pollutant, therefore public noticing for PE > 100 lb/day purposes is not required.

c. Offset Threshold

The SSPE1 and SSPE2 are compared to the offset thresholds in the following table.

	Offset Thresholds					
Pollutant	SSPE1 (lb/year)	SSPE2 (lb/year)	Offset Threshold	Public Notice Required?		
NO _X	23,205	18,124	20,000 lb/year	No		
SO _X	202,594	38,623	54,750 lb/year	No		
PM ₁₀	23,322	16,956	29,200 lb/year	No		
CO	75,450	103,000	200,000 lb/year	No		
VOC	>20,000	>20,000	20,000 lb/year	No		

As detailed above, there were no thresholds surpassed with this project; therefore public noticing is not required for offset purposes.

d. SSIPE > 20,000 lb/year

Public notification is required for any permitting action that results in a SSIPE of more than 20,000 lb/year of any affected pollutant. According to District policy, the SSIPE = SSPE2 - SSPE1. The SSIPE is compared to the SSIPE Public Notice thresholds in the following table.

SSIPE Public Notice Thresholds						
Pollutant	SSPE1	SSPE2	SSIPE	SSIPE Public	Public Notice	
Pollularit	(lb/year)	(lb/year)	(lb/year)	Notice Threshold	Required?	
NO _x	23,205	18,124	0	20,000 lb/year	No	
SO _x	202,594	38,623	0	20,000 lb/year	. No	
PM ₁₀	23,322	16,956	0	20,000 lb/year	No	
CO	75,450	103,000	27,550	20,000 lb/year	Yes	
VOC	>SSPE2		0	20,000 lb/year	No	

As demonstrated above, the SSIPE for CO was greater than 20,000 lb/year; therefore public noticing for SSIPE purposes is required.

2. Public Notice Action

As discussed above, public noticing is required for this project for SSIPE and Federal Major Modification purposes. Therefore, public notice documents will be submitted to the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and a public notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation prior to the issuance of the ATC for this equipment.

D. Daily Emission Limits (DELs)

DELs and other enforceable conditions are required by Rule 2201 to restrict a unit's maximum daily emissions, to a level at or below the emissions associated with the maximum design capacity. The DEL must be contained in the latest ATC and contained in or enforced by the latest PTO and enforceable, in a practicable manner, on a daily basis. DELs are also required to enforce the applicability of BACT.

Proposed Rule 2201 (DEL) Conditions:

S-1807-16-3:

- Crude oil throughput shall not exceed 500 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] N
- This tank shall only store, place, or hold organic liquid with a true vapor pressure (TVP) of less than 0.5 psia under all storage conditions. [District Rules 2201 and 4623]

S-1807-69-0:

Emission rates shall not exceed any of the following: NOx (as NOx): 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.0061 lb/MMBtu; SOx:0.0143 lb/MMBtu; PM10: 0.0076 lb/MMBtu; CO: 50 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.0370 lb-CO/MMBtu; or VOC: 0.0055 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] N

E. Compliance Assurance

1. Source Testing

Pursuant to District Policy APR 1705, source testing is not required for S-1807-16 to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

S-1807-69 is subject to District Rule 4305, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters, Phase II, District Rule 4306, Phase III, and pending new Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr. Source testing requirements, in accordance with District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320 will be discussed in Section VIII, District Rules 4305, 4306, 4320 of this evaluation.

2. Monitoring

As required by District Rule 4305, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters, Phase II, District Rule 4306, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters, Phase III, and pending new Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr, the units are subject to monitoring requirements. Monitoring requirements, in accordance with District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320 will be discussed in Section VIII, District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320 of this evaluation.

3. Recordkeeping

Recordkeeping is required to demonstrate compliance with the offset, public notification and daily emission limit requirements of Rule 2201. The following condition(s) are listed on the permit to operate:

S-1807-16-3:

- {2912} Permittee shall submit the records of TVP and API gravity testing to the APCO within 45 days after the date of testing. The records shall include the tank identification number, Permit to Operate number, type of stored organic liquid, TVP and API gravity of the organic liquid, test methods used, and a copy of the test results. [District Rule 4623] N
- The permittee shall keep accurate records of each organic liquid stored in the tank, including its storage temperature, TVP, and API gravity. [District Rule 4623] N
- {2490} All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a
 period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection
 upon request. [District Rule 4623] N

S-1807-69-0:

 As required by District Rule 4305, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters, Phase II, District Rule 4306, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters, Phase III, and pending new Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr, these units are subject to recordkeeping requirements. Recordkeeping requirements, in accordance with District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320 will be discussed in Section VIII, District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320, of this evaluation.

4. Reporting

No reporting is required to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

F. Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA)

An AAQA shall be conducted for the purpose of determining whether a new or modified Stationary Source will cause or make worse a violation of an air quality standard. The District's Technical Services Division conducted the required analysis. Refer to Appendix G of this document for the AAQA summary sheet.

The proposed location is in an attainment area for NO_X , CO, and SO_X . As shown by the AAQA summary sheet the proposed equipment will not cause a violation of an air quality standard for NO_X , CO, or SO_X .

Criteria Pollutant Modeling Results*

Γ	Unit 69-0	1 Hour	3 Hours	8 Hours	24 Hours	Annual
Γ	CO	Pass	X	Pass	Х	X
Γ	NO _x	: Pass	X	Χ	Х	Pass
Γ	\$O _x	Pass	Pass	Χ	Pass-	Pass
I	PM ₁₀	X	X	Х	Pass ²	Pass ²
Γ	PM _{2.5}	X	X	Х	Pass ²	Pass ²

^{*}Results were taken from the attached PSD spreadsheet.

G. Compliance Certification

Section 4.15.2 of this Rule requires the owner of a new Major Source or a source undergoing a Title I Modification to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the District that all other Major Sources owned by such person and operating in California are in compliance or are on a schedule for compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards. As discussed in Section VIII above, this facility is a new major source and this project does constitute a Title I modification, therefore this requirement is applicable. E&B's compliance certification is included in Appendix H.

H. Alternate Siting Analysis

The current project occurs at an existing facility. The applicant proposes to install a steam generator.

Since the project will provide steam to be used at the same location, the existing site will result in the least possible impact from the project. Alternative sites would involve the relocation and/or construction of various support structures on a much greater scale, and would therefore result in a much greater impact.

Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

Since this facility's emissions exceed the major source thresholds of District Rule 2201, this facility is a major source. However, this facility has elected to comply with Rule 2530, exempts it from the requirements of Rule 2520.

Rule 2530 Federally Enforceable Potential to Emit

The purpose of this rule is to restrict the emissions of a stationary source so that the source may elect to be exempt from the requirements of Rule 2520. Pursuant to Rule 2530, since this facility has elected exemption from the requirements of Rule 2520 by ensuring actual emissions from the stationary source in every 12-month periods to not exceed the following: ½ the major source thresholds for NOx, VOCs, CO, and PM₁₀; 50 tons per year SO2; 5 tons per year of a single HAP; 12.5 tons per year of any combination of HAPs; 50 percent of any lesser threshold for a single HAP as the EPA may establish by rule; and 50 percent of the major source threshold for any other regulated air pollutant not listed in Rule 2530.

¹The project was compared to the 1-hour NO2 National Ambient Air Quality Standard that became effective on April 12, 2010 using the District's approved procedures.

²The criteria pollutants are below EPA's level of significance as found in 40 CFR Part 51.165 (b)(2).

Rule 4001 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)

This rule incorporates the New Source Performance Standards from 40 CFR Part 60. 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts, K, Ka and Kb could potentially apply to the storage tanks located at this facility. However, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.110 (b), 60.110(a) (b), and 60.110(b) (b), these subparts do not apply to storage vessels less than 10,000 bbls, used for petroleum or condensate, that is stored, processed, and/or treated at a drilling and production facility prior to custody transfer. Therefore, the requirements of this subpart are not applicable to this project.

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc Small Industrial-Commercial-Industrial Steam Generators between 10 MMBtu/hr and 100 MMBtu/hr (post-6/9/89 construction, modification or, reconstruction).

The subject steam generator has a rating of 85 MMBtu/hr and is gas fired. Subpart Dc has no standards for gas-fired steam generators. Therefore the subject steam generators are not affected facilities and subpart Dc does not apply.

Rule 4101 Visible Emissions

District Rule 4101, Section 5.0, indicates that no air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour, which is dark or darker than Ringlemann 1 or equivalent to 20% opacity.

Natural gas-fired equipment typically operates without visible emissions.

As long as the tank is properly maintained and operated, compliance with visible emissions limits is expected under normal operating conditions.

Compliance with District Rule 4101 is expected.

Rule 4102 Nuisance

Rule 4102 prohibits discharge of air contaminants which could cause injury, detriment, nuisance or annoyance to the public. Public nuisance conditions are not expected as a result of these operations, provided the equipment is well maintained. Therefore, compliance with this rule is expected.

California Health & Safety Code 41700 (Health Risk Assessment)

District Policy APR 1905 – *Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources* specifies that for an increase in emissions associated with a proposed new source or modification, the District perform an analysis to determine the possible impact to the nearest resident or worksite.

An HRA is not required for a project with a total facility prioritization score of less than or equal to one. According to the Technical Services Memo for this project (**Appendix G**), the total facility prioritization score including this project was less than or equal to one. Therefore, no future analysis is required to determine the impact from this project and compliance with the District's Risk Management Policy is expected.

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the following permit conditions must be included for:

Unit # 69-0

{1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap, roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102] N

Discussion of T-BACT

BACT for toxic emission control (T-BACT) is required if the cancer risk exceeds one in one million. As demonstrated above, T-BACT is not required for this project because the HRA indicates that the risk is not above the District's thresholds for triggering T-BACT requirements; therefore, compliance with the District's Risk Management Policy is expected.

Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration

Section 3.1 prohibits discharge of dust, fumes, or total particulate matter into the atmosphere from any single source operation in excess of 0.1 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

F-Factor for NG:

8.578 dscf/MMBtu at 60 °F

PM₁₀ Emission Factor:

0.0076 lb-PM₁₀/MMBtu

Percentage of PM as PM₁₀ in Exhaust: 100% Exhaust Oxygen (O₂) Concentration:

3%

Excess Air Correction to F Factor =

$$GL = \left(\frac{0.0076 \ lb - PM}{MMBtu} \times \frac{7,000 \ grain}{lb - PM}\right) / \left(\frac{8,578 \ ft^3}{MMBtu} \times 1.17\right)$$

 $GL = 0.0053 \ grain/dscf < 0.1 \ grain/dscf$

Therefore, compliance with District Rule 4201 requirements is expected.

District Rule 4301 Fuel Burning Equipment

This rule specifies maximum emission rates in lb/hr for SO₂, NO₂, and combustion contaminants (defined as total PM in Rule 1020). This rule also limits combustion contaminants to ≤ 0.1 gr/scf. According to AP 42 (Table 1.4-2, footnote c), all PM emissions from natural gas combustion are less than 1 µm in diameter.

	District Rule 430	01 Limits	
Pollutant	NO ₂	Total PM	SO ₂
S-1807-69-0	0.5	0.6	1.2
Rule Limit (lb/hr)	140	10	200

The above table indicates compliance with the maximum lb/hr emissions in this rule; therefore, compliance is expected.

Rule 4305 Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters - Phase 2

Pursuant to Rule 4305, Section 2.0, the proposed new unit will be subject to Rule 4305. Also, the proposed new unit will also be subject to Rule 4306. Since emissions limits of Rule 4306 and all other requirements are equivalent to or more stringent than Rule 4305 requirements, compliance with Rule 4320 requirements will satisfy requirements of Rule 4305.

Rule 4306 Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase 3

Pursuant to Rule 4306, Section 2.0, the proposed unit will be subject to Rule 4306. Also, the proposed unit will also be subject to Rule 4320. Since emissions limits of Rule 4320 and all other requirements are equivalent to or more stringent than Rule 4306 requirements, compliance with Rule 4320 requirements will satisfy requirements of Rule 4306.

Rule 4320 Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr

This rule limits NOx, CO, SO2 and PM10 emissions from boilers, steam generators and process heaters rated greater than 5 MMBtu/hr. This rule also provides a compliance option of payment of fees in proportion to the actual amount of NOx emitted over the previous year.

The steam generator is rated at greater than 5 MMBtu/hr heat input. Therefore this rule applies.

Section 5.1 NOx Emission Limits

Section 5.1 states that an operator of a unit(s) subject to this rule shall comply with all applicable requirements of the rule and one of the following, on a unit-by-unit basis:

- Operate the unit to comply with the emission limits specified in Sections 5.2 and 5.4; or
- Pay an annual emissions fee to the District as specified in Section 5.3 and comply with the control requirements specified in Section 5.4; or
- Comply with the applicable Low-use Unit requirements of Section 5.5.

Section 5.2.1 states that on and after the indicated Compliance Deadline units shall not be operated in a manner which exceeds the applicable NO_x limit specified in Table 1 of this rule.

The units have a maximum heat input of 85.0 MMBtu/hr; therefore, the applicable emission limit category Section 5.2, Table 1, Category C.2 from District Rule 4320 applies as follows:

C. Oilfield Steam Generators					
Category	NO _X Limit	Authority to Construct	Compliance Deadline		
	a) Standard Schedule 7 ppmv or 0.008 lb/MMBtu; or	July 1, 2009	July 1, 2010		
2. Units with a total rated heat input >20.0 MMBtu/hr	b) Staged Enhanced Schedule Initial Limit 9 ppmv or 0.011 lb/MMBtu; and	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2012		
	Final Limit 5 ppmv or 0.0062 lb/MMBtu	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2014		

ENR has proposed to comply with Rule 4320 by limiting the burner to 5 ppm-NO $_X$ @ 3% O $_2$ (or 0.0062 lb-NO $_X$ /MMBtu). The following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

Emission rates shall not exceed any of the following: NOx (as NOx): 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.0061 lb/MMBtu; SOx:0.0143 lb/MMBtu; PM10: 0.0076 lb/MMBtu; CO: 50 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.0370 lb-CO/MMBtu; or VOC: 0.0055 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] N

Section 5.4 Particulate Matter Control Requirements

- 5.4.1 To limit particulate matter emissions, an operator shall comply with one of the following requirements:
 - 5.4.1.1 On and after the applicable NOx Compliance Deadline specified in Section 5.2 Table 1, operators shall fire units exclusively on PUC-quality natural gas, commercial propane, butane, or liquefied petroleum gas, or a combination of such gases;
 - 5.4.1.2 On and after the applicable NOx Compliance Deadline specified in Section 5.2 Table 1, operators shall limit fuel sulfur content to no more than five (5) grains of total sulfur per one hundred (100) standard cubic feet; or
 - 5.4.1.3 On and after the applicable NOx Compliance Deadline specified in Section 5.2 Table 1, operators shall install and properly operate an emission control system that reduces SO₂ emissions by at least 95% by weight; or limit exhaust SO₂ to less than or equal to 9 ppmv corrected to 3.0% O2.
 - 5.4.1.4 Notwithstanding the compliance deadlines indicated in Sections 5.4.1.1 through 5.4.1.3, refinery units, which require modification of refinery equipment to reduce sulfur emissions, shall be in compliance with the applicable requirement in Section 5.4.1 no later than July 1, 2013.

ENR has addressed the particulate matter requirement by proposing to fire the unit on fuel with a sulfur content to no more than five (5) grains of total sulfur per one hundred (100) standard cubic feet.

The unit shall only be fired on natural gas with a maximum sulfur content of 5.0 gr S/100 scf.
 [District Rules 2201 and 4320] N

Compliance with section 5.4 is expected.

Section 5.6 Startup and Shutdown Provisions

Section 5.6 states that on and after the full compliance deadline specified in Section 5.0, the applicable emission limits of Sections 5.2 Table 1 and 5.5.2 shall not apply during start-up or shutdown provided an operator complies with the requirements specified in Sections 5.6.1 through 5.6.5.

Emissions during start-up and shutdown will not be subject to the emission limits in Sections 5.2 and 5.2.2. The following conditions will be listed on the ATC:

 ENR is not proposing low use status and does not request addition of startup or shutdown provisions.

Section 5.7 Monitoring Provisions

Section 5.7.1 requires that permit units subject to District Rule 4320, Section 5.2 shall both install and maintain an operational APCO approved Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS) for NO_X, CO and O₂, or implement an APCO-approved alternate monitoring.

ENR proposes to use Alternate Monitoring Scheme A (pursuant to District Policy SSP-1105), which requires that monitoring of NO_X , CO, and O_2 exhaust concentrations shall be conducted at least once per month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable analyzer. The following conditions will be incorporated into the ATC to ensure compliance with the requirements of the proposed alternate monitoring plan:

- {4063} The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOX, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable analyzer that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- {4064} If either the NOX or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been reestablished, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- {4065} All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-

operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]

• {4066} The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOX, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent by volume and the measured NOX and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]

Section 5.7.6 requires operators complying with Sections 5.4.1.1 or 5.4.1.2 to provide an annual fuel analysis to the District unless a more frequent sampling and reporting period is included in the Permit to Operate. Sulfur analysis shall be performed in accordance with the test methods in Section 6.2.

• When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, permittee shall demonstrate compliance at least annually. [District Rule 4320]

The following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance with the reporting section of this requirement:

• All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320]

Section 5.8 Compliance Determination

Section 5.8.1 requires that the operator of any unit shall have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu), emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.2. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling).

Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC as follows:

• {2976} The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]

Section 5.8.2 requires that all emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.

Therefore, the following permit condition will be listed on the ATC as follows:

• {2972} All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. Unless otherwise specified in the Permit to Operate, no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0. For the purposes of permittee-performed alternate monitoring, emissions measurements may be performed at any time

after the unit reaches conditions representative of normal operation. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]

Section 5.8.4 requires that for emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.7.1 and 6.3.1 using a portable NO_X analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period.

Therefore, the following permit condition will be listed on the ATC as follows:

• {4065} All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]

Section 5.8.5 requires that for emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. Therefore, the following permit condition will be listed on the permit as follows:

• {2980} For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]

Section 6.1 Recordkeeping

Section 6.1 requires that the records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.5 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO and EPA upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.

A permit condition will be listed on the permit as follows:

 All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320]

Section 6.2, Test Methods

Section 6.2 identifies the following test methods as District-approved source testing methods for the pollutants listed:

Pollutant	Units	Test Method Required.
NO _X	ppmv	EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100
NO _X	lb/MMBtu	EPA Method 19
СО	ppmv	EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100
Stack Gas O ₂	%	EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100
Stack Gas Velocities	ft/min	EPA Method 2
Stack Gas Moisture Content	%	EPA Method 4
Oxides of sulfur		EPA Method 6C, EPA Method 8, or ARB Method 100
Total Sulfur as Hydrogen Sulfide (H ₂ S) Content		EPA Method 11 or EPA Method 15, as appropriate.
Sulfur Content of Liquid Fuel		ASTM D 6920-03 or ASTM D 5453-99

The following permit condition will be listed on the permit as follows:

The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) - EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities - EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content - EPA Method 4; SOx - EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content - EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) - ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rule 2201, 4305, 4306, 4320] N

Section 6.3, Compliance Testing

Section 6.3.1 requires that this unit be tested to determine compliance with the applicable requirements of section 5.1 and 5.2.3 not less than once every 12 months. Upon demonstrating compliance on two consecutive compliance source tests, the following source test may be deferred for up to thirty-six months.

The following permit conditions will be listed on the ATC:

- A source test to demonstrate compliance with NOx and CO emission limits shall be performed within 60 days of startup of this unit. [District Rules 220, 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months (no more than 30 days before or after the required annual source test date). After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months (no more than 30 days before or after the required 36-month source test date). If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]

Section 7.0, Compliance Schedule

Section 7.0 identifies the dates by which the operator shall submit an application for an ATC and the date by which the owner shall demonstrate compliance with this rule.

The unit will be in compliance with the emissions limits listed in Table 1, Section 5.2 of this rule, and periodic monitoring and source testing as required by District Rule 4320. Therefore, requirements of the compliance schedule, as listed in Section 7.0 of District Rule 4320, are satisfied. No further discussion is required.

Conclusion

Conditions will be incorporated into the permit in order to ensure compliance with each section of this rule. Therefore, compliance with District Rule 4320 requirements is expected.

Rule 4351 Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters - Phase 1

This rule applies to boilers, steam generators, and process heaters at NO_x Major Sources that are not located west of Interstate 5 in Fresno, Kings, or Kern counties. The steam generator is located west of Interstate five. Therefore this rule does not apply.

Rule 4623, Storage of Organic Liquids

This rule applies to any tank with a capacity of 1,100 gallons or greater in which any organic liquid is placed, held, or stored.

According to Section 4.4, tanks exclusively receiving and or storing organic liquids with a TVP less than 0.5 psia are exempt from this Rule except for complying with Sections 6.2, 6.3.6, 6.4 and 7.2. Therefore, the following condition shall be placed on the ATC:

- {2480} This tank shall only store, place, or hold organic liquid with a true vapor pressure (TVP) of less than 0.5 psia under all storage conditions. [District Rule 4623] N
- {2910} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid stored in this tank at least once every 24 months during summer (July - September), and/or whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank in order to maintain exemption from the rule. [District Rule 4623] N
- {2482} The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM Method D 287 e1 "Standard Test Method for API Gravity of Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products (Hydrometer Method). Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM Method D 4057 "Standard Practices for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products." [District Rule 4623] N
- {2483} For crude oil with an API gravity of 26 degrees or less, the TVP shall be
 determined using the latest version of the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory "test
 Method for Vapor pressure of Reactive Organic Compounds in Heavy Crude Oil Using
 Gas Chromatograph", as approved by ARB and EPA. [District Rule 4623] N

- {2911} The TVP testing shall be conducted at actual storage temperature of the organic liquid in the tank. The permittee shall also conduct an API gravity testing. [District Rule 4623] N
- Instead of testing each uncontrolled fixed roof tank, the permittee may conduct a TVP test of the organic liquid stored in a representative tank provided the requirements of Sections 6.2.1.1.1 through 6.2.1.1.5 of Rule 4623 are met. [District Rule 4623] N
- {2912} Permittee shall submit the records of TVP and API gravity testing to the APCO within 45 days after the date of testing. The records shall include the tank identification number, Permit to Operate number, type of stored organic liquid, TVP and API gravity of the organic liquid, test methods used, and a copy of the test results. [District Rule 4623] N
- {2913} The permittee shall keep accurate records of each organic liquid stored in the tank, including its storage temperature, TVP, and API gravity. [District Rule 4623] N
- {2490} All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a
 period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection
 upon request. [District Rule 4623] N

Compliance with the requirements of this rule is expected.

Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds

A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere sulfur compounds, which would exist as a liquid or gas at standard conditions, exceeding in concentration at the point of discharge: 0.2 % by volume calculated as SO₂, on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes. As the combustion equipment associated with this project will be fired on natural gas, continued compliance with the requirements of this rule is expected.

California Health & Safety Code 42301.6 (School Notice)

The District has verified that this site is not located within 1,000 feet of a school. Therefore, pursuant to California Health and Safety Code 42301.6, a school notice is not required.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

CEQA requires each public agency to adopt objectives, criteria, and specific procedures consistent with CEQA Statutes and the CEQA Guidelines for administering its responsibilities under CEQA, including the orderly evaluation of projects and preparation of environmental documents. The District adopted its *Environmental Review Guidelines* (ERG) in 2001. The basic purposes of CEQA are to:

- Inform governmental decision-makers and the public about the potential, significant environmental effects of proposed activities;
- Identify the ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced;

- Prevent significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes in projects through the use of alternatives or mitigation measures when the governmental agency finds the changes to be feasible; and
- Disclose to the public the reasons why a governmental agency approved the project in the manner the agency chose if significant environmental effects are involved.

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Significance Determination

It is determined that no other agency has or will prepare an environmental review document for the project. Thus the District is the Lead Agency for this project.

Project specific impacts on global climate change were evaluated consistent with the adopted District policy – Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for Stationary Source Projects Under CEQA When Serving as the Lead Agency. The District's engineering evaluation (this document – Appendix I) demonstrates that the project includes Best Performance Standards (BPS) for each class and category of greenhouse gas emissions unit. The District therefore concludes that the project would have a less than cumulatively significant impact on global climate change.

District CEQA Findings

The District is a Responsible Agency for the project because of its discretionary approval power over the project via its Permits Rule (Rule 2010) and New Source Review Rule (Rule 2201), (CEQA Guidelines §15381). The District's engineering evaluation of the project (this document) demonstrates that compliance with District rules and permit conditions would reduce Stationary Source emissions from the project to levels below the District's significance thresholds for criteria pollutants. The District has determined that no additional findings are required (CEQA Guidelines §15096(h)).

IX. Recommendation

Compliance with all applicable rules and regulations is expected. Pending a successful NSR Public Noticing period, issue ATCs S-1807-16-3 and '69-0 subject to the permit conditions on the attached draft ATCs in **Appendix J**.

X. Billing Information

		Annual Permit Fees	S	
Permit Number	Fee Schedule	Fee Description		Annual Fee
S-1807-16-3	3020-05S-C	21,000 GALLONS		\$63
S-1807-69-0	3020-02-H	85 MMBtu/hr		\$1030

APPENDIX A Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The Quarterly Net Emissions Change is used to complete the emission profile screen for the District's PAS database. The QNEC shall be calculated as follows:

QNEC = PE2 - PE1, where:

QNEC = Quarterly Net Emissions Change for each emissions unit, lb/qtr.

PE2 = Post Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr.

PE1 = Pre-Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr.

Using the values in Sections VII.C.2 and VII.C.6 in the evaluation above, quarterly PE2 and quarterly PE1 can be calculated as follows:

	VOCG	S-1807-16-3 luarterly NEC [QNEC]	
PE2 (lb/yr)	PE2 (lb/qtr)	PE1 (lb/yr)	PE1 (lb/qtr)	QNEC (lb/qtr)
9582	2396	18,196	4549	-2153

		S Quarte] () () () () () () () () () (
	PE2 (lb/yr)	PE2 (lb/qtr)	PE1 (lb/yr)	PE1 (lb/qtr)	QNEC (lb/qtr)
NO _X	4616	1,154	0	0	1,154
SOX	10,648	2,662	0	0	2,662
PM ₁₀	5659	1,415	0	0	1,415
CO	27,550	6,888	. 0	0	6,888
VOC	4095	1,024	0	0	1,024

Permit #: S-1807-16-3

Last Updated

Facility: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

03/06/2013 TORID

uipment Pre-Baselined: NO	NOX	SOX	PM10	<u>co</u>	voc
Potential to Emit (lb/Yr):	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9582.0
Daily Emis. Limit (lb/Day)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.3
Quarterly Net Emissions Change (lb/Qtr)				•	
Q1:				·	-2153.0
Q2:					-2153.0
Q3:					-2153.0
Q4:					-2153.0
Check if offsets are triggered but exemption applies	N	N	N	N	N
Offset Ratio	_				
Quarterly Offset Amounts (lb/Qtr)					
Q1:					
Q2:					
Q3:		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Q4:					

Permit #: S-1807-69-0

Last Updated

Facility: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

03/06/2013 TORID

ipment Pre-Baselined: NO	NOX	sox	PM10	co	voc
Potential to Emit (lb/Yr):	4616.0	10648.0	5659.0	27550.0	4095.0
Daily Emis. Limit (lb/Day)	12.6	29.2	15.5	75.5	11.2
Quarterly Net Emissions Change (lb/Qtr)					
Q1:	1154.0	2662.0	1415.0	6888.0	1024.0
Q2:	1154.0	2662.0	1415.0	6888.0	1024.0
Q3:	1154.0	2662.0	1415.0	6888.0	1024.0
Q4:	1154.0	2662.0	1415.0	6888.0	1024.0
Check if offsets are triggered but exemption applies	N	N	N	N	N
Offset Ratio					
Quarterly Offset Amounts (lb/Qtr)					
Q1:					
Q2:	**************************************				
Q3:				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Q4:					

APPENDIX B Steam Generator Location

S-1807-69 LOCATIONS



Fenceiine Distances:

- North 1,800 ft
- East 1,400 ft
- South 1,200 ft
- West 800 ft

APPENDIX C
PTOs S-1807-1, '2 and '34 and ATCs S-1807-36-7, '53-3 and '56-1

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1807-1-16

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2017

SECTION: SW06 TOWNSHIP: 28S RANGE: 20E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

18.5 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR, DIS# 27586-66 (WILLIAMS LEASE, ANTELOPE HILL

FIELD)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

Facilities S-1807 and S-6826 are part of the same stationary source. [District Rule 2201] 1.

- The permittee shall not emit more than one half of the major source threshold based on a rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- The permittee shall maintain a record of the rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions from permitted operations. 3. This record shall be kept on site and made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- In accordance with the provisions of Rule 4305 Section 7.4, amended 12/19/96, this unit may only be operated after the permittee has submitted an application for Authority to Construct for any modification necessary to comply with Rule 4305. [District Rule 4305]
- No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- If continuous operation oxygen analyzer/controller is utilized, excess O2 shall be maintained between 0.5 and 3.0%. If not utilized, excess air shall be maintained at no less than 15%. [District Rule 2201]
- All wells producing from strata steamed by this unit shall be connected to a District-approved emissions control system, have District-approved closed casing vents or be District-approved uncontrolled cyclic wells. [District Rule 44011
- 9. No less than 1.65 miles of roadway shall be paved and maintained in good repair. Only asphalt concrete shall be used as road paving material. Caltrans standard specifications for paving and materials shall be fully satisfied. [District Rule 22011
- 10. Compliance with particulate matter offset requirements shall be demonstrated by District inspection of roads annually. [District Rule 1070]
- 11. The permittee shall maintain records of fuel type, quantity, permitted emission factors and emissions for each unit for each day of operation, in the format approved by the District, [District Rule 2201]
- 12. Records required by this permit shall be retained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
- 13. Total daily emissions of each air contaminant, and total daily fuel used, for each unit subject to the SLC and for each day of the month, shall be submitted to the District quarterly, if no SLC violations occurred in the previous six months. [District Rule 2201]
- 14. Reports of daily emissions and fuel usage, as required by this permit for units in the SLC, shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2201]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP Location: HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE,CA 9-1807-1-16: Mar 6 2013 12:37PM - TORIO

- 15. The operator shall apply to revise each Permit to Operate subject to the SLC when any unit subject to the SLC has a District-authorized change in daily emission rate, or Permit to Operate is surrendered or sold. [District Rule 2201]
- 16. Compliance testing shall be conducted annually as required by the District-approved plan. [District Rule 1081]
- 17. Compliance source testing shall be conducted under conditions representative of normal operation. [District Rule 1081]
- 18. For units equipped with continuous emissions monitors (CEMs), CEM records shall be used in place of calculated emissions. [District Rule 2201]
- 19. If on any day CEM or fuel use determination provisions fail, the permit holder shall meet the requirements of Rule 1100 as specified for continuous monitoring equipment. [District Rule 1100]
- 20. Should source testing indicate an emission factor higher than that approved, the operator shall comply with Rule 1100 and, if necessary, submit an application for Authority to Construct to incorporate the higher emission factor into the SLC. [District Rule 2201]
- 21. Testing of TEOR gas sulfur content shall be conducted at least monthly whenever TEOR gas is being combusted. [District Rule 2201]
- 22. Emission rates shall not exceed PM10: 0.023 lb/MMBtu, SOx (as SO2): 0.022 lb/MMBtu, NOx (as NO2): 0.105 lb/MMBtu, VOC: 0.004 lb/MMBtu, and CO: 0.020 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
- 23. Emission rate for all units subject to SLC shall not exceed PM10: 45.0 lb/day, SOx (as SO2): 47.9 lb/day, NOx (as NO2): 225.4 lb/day, VOC: 7.0 lb/day, and CO: 70.5 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
- 24. Emissions assessed to the SLC plan for this unit are: PM10: 6.4 lb/day, SOx (as SO2): 6.3 lb/day, NOx (as NO2): 28.6 lb/day, VOC: 1.1 lb/day, and CO: 5.7 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
- 25. To maintain status as a small producer, permittee's crude oil production shall average less than 6000 bbl/day from all operations within Kern County and permittee shall not engage in refining, transporting, or marketing of refined petroleum products. [District Rule 2201]

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1807-2-12

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2017

SECTION: SW06 TOWNSHIP: 28S RANGE: 20E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

18.5 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR, DIS# 27571-66

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Facilities S-1807 and S-6826 are part of the same stationary source. [District Rule 2201]
- 2. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- 3. To maintain status as a small producer, permittee's crude oil production shall average less than 6000 bbl/day from all operations within Kern County and permittee shall not engage in refining, transporting, or marketing of refined petroleum products. [District Rules 3020 & 4623]
- 4. The permittee shall not emit more than one half of the major source threshold based on a rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 5. The permittee shall maintain a record of the rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions from permitted operations. This record shall be kept on site and made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 6. In accordance with the provisions of Rule 4305 Section 7.4, amended 12/19/96, this unit may only be operated after the permittee has submitted an application for Authority to Construct for any modification necessary to comply with Rule 4305. [District Rule 4305]
- 7. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- 8. If continuous operation oxygen analyzer/controller is utilized, excess O2 shall be maintained between 0.5 and 3.0%. If not utilized, excess air shall be maintained at no less than 15%. [District Rule 2201]
- 9. All wells producing from strata steamed by this unit shall be connected to a District-approved emissions control system, have District-approved closed casing vents or be District-approved uncontrolled cyclic wells. [District Rule 4401]
- 10. No less than 1.65 miles of roadway shall be paved and maintained in good repair. Only asphalt concrete shall be used as road paving material. Caltrans standard specifications for paving and materials shall be fully satisfied. [District Rule 2201]
- 11. Compliance with particulate matter offset requirements shall be demonstrated by District inspection of roads annually. [District Rule 1070]
- 12. The permittee shall maintain records of fuel type, quantity, permitted emission factors and emissions for each unit for each day of operation, in the format approved by the District. [District Rule 2201]
- 13. Records required by this permit shall be retained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]

Facility Name: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP Location: HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE,CA 9-1807-2-12: Mar 6 2013 12:37PM - TORID

- 14. Total daily emissions of each air contaminant, and total daily fuel used, for each unit subject to the SLC and for each day of the month, shall be submitted to the District quarterly, if no SLC violations occurred in the previous six months. [District Rule 2201]
- 15. Reports of daily emissions and fuel usage, as required by this permit for units in the SLC, shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2201]
- 16. The operator shall apply to revise each Permit to Operate subject to the SLC when any unit subject to the SLC has a District-authorized change in daily emission rate, or Permit to Operate is surrendered or sold. [District Rule 2201]
- 17. Compliance testing shall be conducted annually as required by the District-approved plan. [District Rule 1081]
- 18. Compliance source testing shall be conducted under conditions representative of normal operation. [District Rule 1081]
- 19. For units equipped with continuous emissions monitors (CEMs), CEM records shall be used in place of calculated emissions. [District Rule 2201]
- 20. If on any day CEM or fuel use determination provisions fail, the permit holder shall meet the requirements of Rule 1100 as specified for continuous monitoring equipment. [District Rule 1100]
- 21. Should source testing indicate an emission factor higher than that approved, the operator shall comply with Rule 1100 and, if necessary, submit an application for Authority to Construct to incorporate the higher emission factor into the SLC. [District Rule 2201]
- 22. Testing of TEOR gas sulfur content shall be conducted at least monthly whenever TEOR gas is being combusted. [District Rule 2201]
- 23. Emission rates shall not exceed PM10: 0.023 lb/MMBtu, SOx (as SO2): 0.022 lb/MMBtu, NOx (as NO2): 0.105 lb/MMBtu, VOC: 0.004 lb/MMBtu, and CO: 0.020 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
- 24. Emission rate for all units subject to SLC shall not exceed PM10: 45.0 lb/day, SOx (as SO2): 47.9 lb/day, NOx (as NO2): 225.4 lb/day, VOC: 7.0 lb/day, and CO: 70.5 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
- 25. Emissions assessed to the SLC plan for this unit are: PM10: 6.4 lb/day, SOx (as SO2): 6.3 lb/day, NOx (as NO2): 28.6 lb/day, VOC: 1.1 lb/day, and CO: 5.7 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-1807-34-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 05/31/2017

SECTION: SW06 TOWNSHIP: 28S RANGE: 20E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

27.0 MMBTU/HR GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR - WILLIAMS LEASE, ANTELOPE HILL FIELD (S/N S8676-1)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Facilities S-1807 and S-6826 are part of the same stationary source. [District Rule 2201]
- 2. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- 3. To maintain status as a small producer, permittee's crude oil production shall average less than 6000 bbl/day from all operations within Kern County and permittee shall not engage in refining, transporting, or marketing of refined petroleum products. [District Rules 3020 & 4623]
- 4. The permittee shall not emit more than one half of the major source threshold based on a rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 5. The permittee shall maintain a record of the rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions from permitted operations. This record shall be kept on site and made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 6. In accordance with the provisions of Rule 4305 Section 7.4, amended 12/19/96, this unit may only be operated after the permittee has submitted an application for Authority to Construct for any modification necessary to comply with Rule 4305. [District Rule 4305]
- 7. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- 8. If continuous operation oxygen analyzer/controller is utilized, excess O2 shall be maintained between 0.5 and 3.0%. If not utilized, excess air shall be maintained at no less than 15%. [District Rule 2201]
- 9. All wells producing from strata steamed by this unit shall be connected to a District-approved emissions control system, have District-approved closed casing vents or be District-approved uncontrolled cyclic wells. [District Rule 4401]
- 10. The permittee shall maintain records of fuel type, quantity, permitted emission factors and emissions for each unit for each day of operation, in the format approved by the District. [District Rule 2201]
- 11. Records required by this permit shall be retained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
- 12. Total daily emissions of each air contaminant, and total daily fuel used, for each unit subject to the SLC and for each day of the month, shall be submitted to the District quarterly, if no SLC violations occurred in the previous six months. [District Rule 2201]
- 13. Reports of daily emissions and fuel usage, as required by this permit for units in the SLC, shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2201]
- 14. The operator shall apply to revise each Permit to Operate subject to the SLC when any unit subject to the SLC has a District-authorized change in daily emission rate, or Permit to Operate is surrendered or sold. [District Rule 2201]

- 15. Compliance testing shall be conducted annually as required by the District-approved plan. [District Rule 1081]
- 16. Compliance source testing shall be conducted under conditions representative of normal operation. [District Rule 1081]
- 17. For units equipped with continuous emissions monitors (CEMs), CEM records shall be used in place of calculated emissions. [District Rule 2201]
- 18. If on any day CEM or fuel use determination provisions fail, the permit holder shall meet the requirements of Rule 1100 as specified for continuous monitoring equipment. [District Rule 1100]
- 19. Should source testing indicate an emission factor higher than that approved, the operator shall comply with Rule 1100 and, if necessary, submit an application for Authority to Construct to incorporate the higher emission factor into the SLC. [District Rule 2201]
- 20. Testing of TEOR gas sulfur content shall be conducted at least monthly whenever TEOR gas is being combusted. [District NSR Rule]
- 21. Emission rates shall not exceed PM10: 0.023 lb/MMBtu, SOx (as SO2): 0.022 lb/MMBtu, NOx (as NO2): 0.14 lb/MMBtu, VOC: 0.0028 lb/MMBtu, and CO: 0.035 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
- 22. Emission rate for all units subject to SLC shall not exceed PM10: 45.0 lb/day, SOx (as SO2): 47.9 lb/day, NOx (as NO2): 225.4 lb/day, VOC: 7.0 lb/day, and CO: 70.5 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
- 23. Emissions assessed to the SLC plan for this unit are: PM10: 9.4 lb/day, SOx (as SO2): 9.2 lb/day, NOx (as NO2): 55.7 lb/day, VOC: 1.2 lb/day, and CO: 14.5 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]





PERMIT NO: S-1807-36-7 **ISSUANCE DATE: 11/26/2012**

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

MAILING ADDRESS:

3000 JAMES ROAD

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

MODIFICATION OF 27.0 MMBTU/HR STRUTHERS NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS/TEOR GAS/PROPANE-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR WITH GIDEON MODEL MGW-31R ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER, PCL DIFFUSER PLATE, OXYGEN CONTROLLER, AND FGR - (DIS #21049-66) - APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT CORPORATION'S HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE: INCREASE CO EMISSIONS TO 400 PPMV @3% O2

CONDITIONS

- Permittee shall notify the District Compliance Division of each location at which the unit is located in excess of 24 hours. Such notification shall be made no later than 48 hours after starting operation at the location. [District Rule 2201]
- All equipment shall be maintained in good operating condition and shall be operated in a manner to minimize emissions of air contaminants into the atmosphere. [District Rule 2201]
- No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102] 4.
- Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
- All wells producing from strata steamed by this unit shall be connected to a District-approved emissions control system, have District-approved closed casing vents or be District-approved uncontrolled cyclic wells. [District Rule 44011
- 7. Only PUC quality natural gas, field gas, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), or TEOR gas shall be combusted in this unit. [District Rule 2201]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of Issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

- 8. If the unit is fired on PUC-regulated natural gas, then the permittee shall maintain on file copies of all natural gas bills or fuel throughput records for a period of five years. [District Rule 2201]
- 9. If the unit is not fired on PUC-regulated natural gas, the sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201]
- 10. If the unit is not fired on PUC-regulated natural gas and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072-80, D 3031-81, D 4084-82, D 3246-81 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 2201]
- 11. The sulfur content of fuel combusted shall not exceed 5 grains-S per 100 scf. [District Rule 4320]
- 12. Emissions from the unit shall, except during startup, shutdown or refractory curing, not exceed any of the following limits: 7 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.008 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.0143 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 400 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0.296 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 13. If continuous operation oxygen analyzer/controller is utilized, excess O2 shall be maintained between 0.5 and 3.0%. If not utilized, excess air shall be maintained at no less than 15%. [District Rule 2201]
- 14. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306, 4306, and 4320]
- 15. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 16. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 17. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 18. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit while fired on TEOR gas, natural gas, field gas, and LPG shall be conducted within 60 days of start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 19. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit while fired on TEOR gas, natural gas, field gas, and LPG shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]

- 20. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, the permittee shall notify the District at least seven calendar days prior to the designation of this permit unit as a dormant emissions unit or an active emissions unit. [District Rule 1070]
- 21. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, when designated as a dormant emissions unit the fuel supply line shall be physically disconnected from the emissions unit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 22. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, when designated as a dormant emissions unit, the permittee shall not be required to perform source testing or monitoring requirements otherwise required by this permit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 23. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, a source test to demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO emission limits shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of the dormant emissions unit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 24. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 25. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081]
- 26. NOx emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100 on a ppmv basis, or EPA Method 19 on a heat input basis. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 27. CO emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 28. Stack gas oxygen (O2) shall be determined using EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 29. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 30. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 31. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]
- 32. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 33. ATC shall be implemented concurrently with ATC S-1807-36-5. [District Rule 2201]





PERMIT NO: S-1807-53-3

ISSUANCE DATE: 10/12/2009

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

MAILING ADDRESS:

3000 JAMES ROAD

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

RANGE: SECTION: Var. TOWNSHIP:

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

MODIFICATION OF 22.0 MMBTU/HR C.E. NATCO NATURAL GAS/LPG/TEOR/FIELD GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#9 DIS# 20827-66) WITH A GIDEON MODEL MGW-25R1 ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND O2 CONTROLLER (REPUBLIC) AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS: TUNE OR REPLACE BURNER WITH A GIDEON ULTRA LOW-NOX BURNER (OR EQUIVALENT)

CONDITIONS

- All equipment shall be maintained in good operating condition and shall be operated in a manner to minimize emissions of air contaminants into the atmosphere. [District Rule 2201]
- No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity, [District Rule 4101]
- 4. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
- The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper 5. ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
- The permittee shall notify the District of the compliance method chosen (replacement burner or tuning) and if applicable, the approved burner to be installed prior to implementation of this ATC. [District Rule 2201]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

- 7. The permittee shall obtain written District approval for the use of any equivalent equipment not specifically approved by this ATC. Approval of the equivalent equipment shall be made in writing and only after the District's determination that the submitted design and performance of the proposed alternate equipment is equivalent to the authorized equipment [District Rule 2010]
- 8. The permittee's request for approval of equivalent equipment shall include the make, model, manufacturer's maximum rating, manufacturer's guaranteed emissions rates, equipment drawing(s) and operational characteristics/parameters [District Rule 2010]
- 9. No emission factor and no emission shall be greater for the alternate equipment than for the proposed equipment. No changes in the hours of operation, operating rate, throughput, or firing rate may be authorized for any alternate equipment. [District Rule 2201]
- 10. The equipment shall not operate closer than 350 meters to the nearest receptor. [District Rule 4102]
- 11. The unit shall only be fired on PUC-regulated natural gas, LPG, TEOR gas, or field gas with a sulfur content not to exceed 5 grains/dscf. [District Rule 2201 and 4320]
- 12. Emissions from this steam generator shall not exceed any of the following limits: 7 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.008 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.0143 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 100 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0.074 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.0055 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 13. The gas sulfur content of field gas shall be tested once weekly for eight weeks. Upon successful testing for eight consecutive weeks, testing shall be performed quarterly. If any quarterly test shows an exceedance of the sulfur content allowed in this permit, testing shall revert to weekly. [District Rule 2201]
- 14. The gas sulfur content for field gas shall be determined by using the latest version of ASTM D-1072 (Standard Test Method for Total Sulfur in Fuel Gases by Combustion and Barium Chloride Titration), ASTM D-3246 (Standard Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Gas by Oxidative Microcoulometry), or ASTM D-6228 (Standard Test Method for Determination of Sulfur Compounds in Natural Gas and Gaseous Fuels by Gas Chromatography and Flame Photometric Detection). [District Rule 2201]
- 15. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 16. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 17. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 18. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 19. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081]
- 20. NOx emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100 on a ppmv basis, or EPA Method 19 on a heat input basis. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 21. CO emissions for source test purposes shall be determined using EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 22. Stack gas oxygen (O2) shall be determined using EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]

- 23. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 24. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]
- 25. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, the permittee shall notify the District at least seven calendar days prior to the designation of this permit unit as a dormant emissions unit or an active emissions unit. [District Rule 1070]
- 26. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, when designated as a dormant emissions unit the fuel supply line shall be physically disconnected from the emissions unit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 27. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, when designated as a dormant emissions unit, the permittee shall not be required to perform source testing or monitoring requirements otherwise required by this permit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 28. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, a source test to demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO emission limits shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of the dormant emissions unit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 29. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 30. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than I hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 31. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 32. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 33. The permittee shall notify the District Compliance Division of each location at which the operation is located in excess of 24 hours. Such notification shall be made no later than 48 hours after starting operation at the location. [District Rule 1070]
- 34. The permittee shall maintain records of fuel type and quantity for each day of operation, in the format approved by the District. [District NSR Rule]
- 35. Records required by this permit shall be retained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District NSR Rule]
- 36. ATC S-1624-53-1 shall be implemented prior to or concurrent to this ATC [District Rule 2201]





PERMIT NO: S-1807-56-0

ISSUANCE DATE: 01/28/2009

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

MAILING ADDRESS:

3000 JAMES ROAD BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/LPG/WASTE GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR GIDEON MODEL MGW-85R1 (OR EQUIVALENT) WITH ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND WITH FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR) APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE E&B NATURAL RESOURCES WESTERN HEAVY OIL STATIONARY SOURCE

CONDITIONS

- The permittee shall notify the District Compliance Division of each location at which the operation is located in excess of 24 hours. Such notification shall be made no later than 48 hours after starting operation at the location. [District Rule 10701
- The permittee shall obtain written District approval for the use of any equivalent equipment not specifically approved by this Authority to Construct. Approval of the equivalent equipment shall be made only after the District's determination that the submitted design and performance of the proposed alternate equipment is equivalent to the specifically authorized equipment. [District Rule 2201]
- The permittee's request for approval of equivalent equipment shall include the make, model, manufacturer's maximum rating, manufacturer's guaranteed emission rates, equipment drawing(s), and operational characteristics/parameters. [District Rule 2010]
- 4. Alternate equipment shall be of the same class and category of source as the equipment authorized by the Authority to Construct, [District Rule 2201]
- 5. No emission factor and no emission shall be greater for the alternate equipment than for the proposed equipment. No changes in the hours of operation, operating rate, throughput, or firing rate may be authorized for any alternate equipment. [District Rule 2201]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine If the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

- 6. Flue gas recirculation (FGR) shall be utilized in conjunction with low-NOx burner to maintain ongoing compliance with permitted emission limits. [District Rule 2201]
- 7. Steam generator is authorized to be fired on natural/TEOR/vapor recovery gas and LPG with fuel sulfur content shall not exceed 15.0 grains-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201]
- 8. Emission rates shall not exceed: NOx (as NO2): 9 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.011 lb/MMBtu; or CO: 50 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.037 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 9. Emission rates shall not exceed any of the following: PM10: 0.0076 lb/MMBtu; or VOC: 0.0055 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
- 10. If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, and 2520]
- 11. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested weekly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, weekly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 2520]
- 12. If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 2520]
- 13. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 14. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 15. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 16. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule s 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 17. Compliance demonstration (source testing) shall be by District witnessed, or authorized, sample collection by ARB certified laboratory. [District Rule 1081]

- 18. All required source testing shall conform to the compliance testing procedures described in District Rule 1081 (Amended December 16, 1993). [District Rule 1081, and County Rules 108 (Kings), 108.1 (Fresno, Merced, San Joaquin, Tulare, Kern, and Stanislaus), and 110 (Madera)]
- 19. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 20. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 21. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 22. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19, CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or 10B or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, SOx (lb/MMBtu) ARB Method 8 or 100 or EPA Method 6, 6B, 6C, or 8, or fuel gas sulfur content analysis and EPA Method 19, fuel gas sulfur content ASTM D1072, D3031, D3246, D4084, D4468, D6667 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans performed in laboratory, fuel gas hhv ASTM D1826 or D1945 in conjunction with ASTM D3588. [District Rules 1081, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 24. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 25. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in District Rules 4306 and 4320. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 26. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]
- 27. Copies of all gas purchase contracts, supplier certifications, and test results to determine compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be maintained. The operator shall record daily amount and type(s) of fuel(s) combusted, fuel sources, and all dates on which unit is fired on any noncertified fuel and record specific type of noncertified fuel used. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2]
- 28. PTOs S-1807-1-16, '-2-12, and '-34-2 shall be cancelled upon implementation of ATC. [District Rule 2201]
- 29. ATC shall be implemented concurrently with or subsequent to ATCs S-1807-35-3, '-36-4, '-37-6, '-38-2, and '-53-2. [District Rule 2201]





PERMIT NO: S-1807-56-1 ISSUANCE DATE: 10/12/2009

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

MAILING ADDRESS: 3000 JAMES ROAD

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

LOCATION: HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

MODIFICATION OF 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/LPG/WASTE GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR GIDEON MODEL MGW-85R1 (OR EQUIVALENT) WITH ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND WITH FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION (FGR) APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE E&B NATURAL RESOURCES WESTERN HEAVY OIL STATIONARY SOURCE: TUNE OR REPLACE BURNER WITH A GIDEON ULTRA LOW-NOX BURNER (OR EQUIVALENT)

CONDITIONS

- 1. The permittee shall notify the District Compliance Division of each location at which the operation is located in excess of 24 hours. Such notification shall be made no later than 48 hours after starting operation at the location. [District Rule 1070]
- 2. The permittee shall notify the District of the compliance method chosen (replacement burner or tuning) and if applicable, the approved burner to be installed prior to implementation of this ATC. [District Rule 2201]
- 3. The permittee shall obtain written District approval for the use of any equivalent equipment not specifically approved by this ATC. Approval of the equivalent equipment shall be made in writing and only after the District's determination that the submitted design and performance of the proposed alternate equipment is equivalent to the authorized equipment [District Rule 2010]
- 4. The permittee's request for approval of equivalent equipment shall include the make, model, manufacturer's maximum rating, manufacturer's guaranteed emissions rates, equipment drawing(s) and operational characteristics/parameters [District Rule 2010]
- 5. No emission factor and no emission shall be greater for the alternate equipment than for the proposed equipment. No changes in the hours of operation, operating rate, throughput, or firing rate may be authorized for any alternate equipment. [District Rule 2201]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

- 6. Flue gas recirculation (FGR) shall be utilized in conjunction with low-NOx burner to maintain ongoing compliance with permitted emission limits. [District Rule 2201]
- 7. Steam generator is authorized to be fired on natural/TEOR/vapor recovery gas and LPG with fuel sulfur content shall not exceed 5.0 grains-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201 and 4320]
- 8. Emission rates shall not exceed: NOx (as NO2): 7 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.008 lb/MMBtu; or CO: 50 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.037 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 9. Emission rates shall not exceed any of the following: PM10: 0.0076 lb/MMBtu; or VOC: 0.0055 lb/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201]
- 10. If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, and 2520]
- 11. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested weekly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, weekly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 2520]
- 12. If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 2520]
- 13. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 14. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 15. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 16. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule s 2520, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 17. Compliance demonstration (source testing) shall be by District witnessed, or authorized, sample collection by ARB certified laboratory. [District Rule 1081]

- 18. All required source testing shall conform to the compliance testing procedures described in District Rule 1081 (Amended December 16, 1993). [District Rule 1081, and County Rules 108 (Kings), 108.1 (Fresno, Merced, San Joaquin, Tulare, Kern, and Stanislaus), and 110 (Madera)]
- 19. Source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 20. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 21. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 22. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19, CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or 10B or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, SOx (lb/MMBtu) ARB Method 8 or 100 or EPA Method 6, 6B, 6C, or 8, or fuel gas sulfur content analysis and EPA Method 19, fuel gas sulfur content ASTM D1072, D3031, D3246, D4084, D4468, D6667 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans performed in laboratory, fuel gas hhv ASTM D1826 or D1945 in conjunction with ASTM D3588. [District Rules 1081, 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 24. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 25. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in District Rules 4306 and 4320. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 26. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]
- 27. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, the permittee shall notify the District at least seven calendar days prior to the designation of this permit unit as a dormant emissions unit or an active emissions unit. [District Rule 1070]
- 28. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, when designated as a dormant emissions unit the fuel supply line shall be physically disconnected from the emissions unit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 29. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, when designated as a dormant emissions unit, the permittee shall not be required to perform source testing or monitoring requirements otherwise required by this permit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 30. After the initial source test for Rule 4320, a source test to demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO emission limits shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of the dormant emissions unit. [District Rules 4306 and 4320]
- 31. Copies of all gas purchase contracts, supplier certifications, and test results to determine compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be maintained. The operator shall record daily amount and type(s) of fuel(s) combusted, fuel sources, and all dates on which unit is fired on any noncertified fuel and record specific type of noncertified fuel used. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2]
- 32. ATC S-1807-56-0 shall be implemented prior to or concurrent with this ATC [District Rule 2201]

APPENDIX D Tank Emission Calculations

Tank Input Data	
permit number (S-xxxx-xx-xx)	544 S-1807-16
facility tank I.D.	
nearest city (1: Bakersfield, 2: Fresno, 3: Stockton)	1
tank ROC vapor pressure (psia)	0.5
liquid bulk storage temperature, Tb (°F)	100
is this a constant-level tank? (yes, no)	no
will flashing losses occur in this tank (only if first-line tank)? {yes, no}	no
breather vent pressure setting range (psi)	0.06
diameter of tank (feet)	15
capacity of tank (bbt)	102 E 122 500
conical or dome root? {c, d}	С
shell height of tank (feet)	16
average liquid height (feet)	8
are the roof and shell the same color? {yes,no}	yes
For roof:	
color (1:Spec Al, 2:Diff Al, 3:Light, 4:Med, 5:Red, 6:White)	4
condition (1: Good, 2: Poor)	1
This row only used if shell is different color from roof	4
This row only used if shell is different color from roof	1

Liquid Input Data	A	8 .
maximum daily fluid throughput (bbl)		972
maximum annual fluid throughput (bbf)		354,780
This row only used if flashing losses occur in this tank		972
This row only used if flashing losses occur in this tank		354,780
molecular weight, Mw (lb/lb-mol)		100

Calculated Values	A	В.
daily maximum ambient temperature, Tax (°F)		77.65
daily minimum ambient temperature, Tan (°F)		53.15
daily total solar insulation factor, I (Btu/ft^2-day)		1648.9
atmospheric pressure, Pa (psia)		14.47
(psia)	99.0	0.9259
(psia)	88.2	0.6653
water vapor pressure at average liquid surface temperature (Tla), Pva (psia)	93.6	0.7903
roof outage, Hro (feet)		0.1563
vapor space volume, Vv (cubic feet)		1441.33
paint factor, alpha		0.68
vapor density, Wv (lb/cubic foot)		0.0084
daily vapor temperature range, delta Tv (degrees Rankine)		49.04
vapor space expansion factor, Ke		0.1032

Results	lb/year	lb/day
Standing Storage Loss	457	1.25
Working Loss	17,739	48.60
Flashing Loss	N/A	N/A
Total Uncontrolled Tank VOC Emissions	18,196	. 49.9

Summary Table	
Permit Number	\$-1807-16
Facility Tank I.D.	
Tank capacity (bbl)	500
Tank diameter (ft)	15
Tank shell height (ft)	16
Conical or Dome Roof	Conical
Maximum Daily Fluid Throughput (bbl/day)	972
Maximum Annual Fluid Throughput (bbl/year)	354,780
Maximum Daily Oil Throughput (bbl/day)	972
Maximum Annual Oil Throughput (bbl/year)	
Total Uncontrolled Daily Tank VOC Emissions (lb/day)	49.9
Total Uncontrolled Annual Tank VOC Emissions (lb/year)	18,196

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Tank Input Data	
permit number (S-xxx-xx)	S-1807-16
facility tank I.D.	
nearest city {1: Bakersfield, 2: Fresno, 3: Stockton}	1
tank ROC vapor pressure (psia)	0.5
liquid bulk storage temperature, Tb (°F)	100
is this a constant-level tank? (yes, no)	no
will flashing losses occur in this tank (only if first-line tank)? (yes, no)	no
breather vent pressure setting range (psi)	0.06
diameter of tank (feet)	15
capacity of tank (bbl)	500
conical or dome roof? {c, d}	C
shell height of tank (feet)	16
average liquid height (feet)	8
are the roof and shell the same color? {yes,no}	yes
For roof:	•
color {1:Spec Al, 2:Diff Al, 3:Light, 4:Med, 5:Red, 6:White}	4
condition (1: Good, 2: Poor)	1
—This row only used if shell is different color from roof-—	4
—This row only used if shell is different color from roof—	1

Liquid Input Data	A	8
maximum daily fluid throughput (bbl)		500
maximum annual fluid throughput (bbl)		182,500
This row only used if flashing losses occur in this tank		500
This row only used if flashing losses occur in this tank		182,500
molecular weight, Mw (lb/ib-mol)		100

Calculated Values	Α	В
daily maximum ambient temperature, Tax (°F)		77,65
daily minimum ambient temperature, Tan (°F)		53.15
daily total solar insulation factor, I (Btu/ft^2-day)		1648.9
atmospheric pressure, Pa (psia)		14,47
(psia)	99.0	0,9259
(psia)	88.2	0,6653
water vapor pressure at average liquid surface temperature (Tia), Pva (psia)	93.6	0.7903
roof outage, Hro (feet)		0.1563
vapor space volume, Vv (cubic feet)		1441.33
paint factor, alpha		0.68
vapor density, Wv (lb/cubic foot)		0.0084
daily vapor temperature range, delta Tv (degrees Rankine)		49.04
vapor space expansion factor, Ke		0.1032

Results	lb/year	lb/day
Standing Storage Loss	457	1.25
Working Loss	9,125	25,00
Flashing Loss	N/A	N/A
Total Uncontrolled Tank VOC Emissions	9,582	26.3

Summary Table	
Permit Number	S-1807-16
Facility Tank I.D.	
Tank capacity (bbl)	. 500
Tank dlameter (ft)	15
Tank shell height (ft)	16
Conical or Dome Roof	Conical
Maximum Daily Fluid Throughput (bbl/day)	500
Maximum Annual Fluid Throughput (bbl/year)	182,500
Maximum Daily Oil Throughput (bbl/day)	500
Maximum Annual Oil Throughput (bbl/year)	·
Total Uncontrolled Daily Tank VOC Emissions (lb/day)	26.3
Total Uncontrolled Annual Tank VOC Emissions (Ib/year)	9,582

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APPENDIX E Federal Major Modification Calculations

S-1807-16-3:

Assumptions;

BAE = 0 (per applicant)

PAE = 0 (per applicant)

BAE = 0

Emission Increase = PAE - BAE - UBC

Emission Increase = 0 - 0 - 0 = 0

S-1807-69-0:

Emission Increase = PE2

S-1807-69-0 PE2				
	Emission Increase (lb/year)			
NO _X	4616			
SO _X	10,648			
PM ₁₀	5659			
CO	27,550			
VOC	4095			
CO2e	87,118			

APPENDIX F BACT Analysis

TOP DOWN BACT ANALYSIS

I. BACT Analysis for Steam Generator:

For the steam generator, BACT is required for NOx, SOx, PM10, and VOC.

Top-Down BACT Determination for NO_X Emissions

a. Step 1 - Identify All Possible Control Technologies

The District adopted District Rule 4320 on October 16, 2008. The NO_X emission limits requirements in District Rule 4320 are lower than the limits in BACT Guideline 1.2.1 (Steam Generator ≥ 5 MMBtu/hr, Oilfield), which has been rescinded. Therefore, a project specific BACT analysis will be performed to determine BACT for this project. District Rule 4320 includes a compliance option that limits oilfield steam generators with heat input ratings > 20.0 MMBtu/hr to 7 ppm @ 3% O2. This emission limit will be considered Achieved in Practice control technology for the BACT analysis. District Rule 4320 also contains an enhanced schedule with initial and final limit options that allows applicants additional time to meet the requirements of the rule. The enhanced schedule allows for an initial NO_X emission limit of 9 ppmv @ 3% O2 and a final limit of 5 ppmv @ 3% O2. Since this is an enhanced option in the rule, the final limit of 5 ppmv @ 3% O2 will be considered the Technologically Feasible control technology for the BACT analysis.

The SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse Guideline 1.2.1 has been rescinded. Therefore, a new BACT analysis is required. The following are possible control technologies:

- 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2 Technologically Feasible
- 7 ppmvd @ 3% O2 Achieved in Practice

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

None of the above listed technologies are technologically infeasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

- 1. 5 ppmvd @ 3% O₂ Technologically Feasible
- 2. 7 ppmvd @ 3% O₂ Achieved in Practice

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed to limit the NO_X emissions of the steam generator in this project to 5 ppmv @ 3% O_2 ; therefore a cost effective analysis is not required.

Step 5 - Select BACT

The applicant has proposed to install a steam generator with a NOx limit of 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2; therefore, BACT for NOx emissions is satisfied.

Top Down BACT Analysis for SO_X and PM_{10} Emissions:

Step 1 - Identify all control technologies

The SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse Guideline 1.2.1 (Oilfield Steam Generators ≥ 5 MMBtu/hr) has been rescinded. The District adopted District Rule 4320 on October 16, 2008. Therefore, a project specific BACT analysis will be performed to determine BACT for this project.

Rule 4320 requires SO_X and PM_{10} control by complying with SO_X limits. The rule specified that the sulfur content of the fuel be limited to no more than 5 grains/100 scf, or fire the unit with PUC-quality natural gas, commercial propane, butane, or liquefied petroleum gas, or a combination of such gases, or operate an emissions control system that reduces SO2 emissions by at least 95% by weight or limit exhaust SO2 to less than or equal to 9 ppmv corrected to 3.0% O2. The following can be considered BACT and are technologically possible options:

- 1) PUC Natural gas, commercial propane, butane, or liquefied petroleum gas, or a combination of such gases. (Achieved in Practice).
- 2) Limit sulfur content of the fuel to no more than 5 grains/100 scf.
- 3) Operate an emissions control system that reduces SO2 emissions by at least 95% by weight or limit exhaust SO2 to less than or equal to 9 ppmv corrected to 3.0% O2

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

All control options are technologically feasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

- 1) PUC Natural gas, commercial propane, butane, or liquefied petroleum gas, or a combination of such gases. (Achieved in Practice).
- 2) Limit sulfur content of the fuel to no more than 5 grains/100 scf.
- 3) Operate an emissions control system that reduces SO2 emissions by at least 95% by weight or limit exhaust SO2 to less than or equal to 9 ppmv corrected to 3.0% O2

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed to use natural gas fuel with a sulfur content no more than 5 grains/100 scf for the steam generator, which meets the most stringent emission requirements of BACT. Therefore, BACT is satisfied and a cost effective analysis does not need to be performed.

Step 5 - Select BACT

The applicant has proposed the use of natural gas as a primary fuel with a sulfur content not to exceed 5 gr-S/100 scf. This proposal is selected as BACT for SO_X and PM_{10} emissions; therefore, BACT for SO_X and PM_{10} emissions is satisfied.

Top Down BACT Analysis for VOC Emissions:

Step 1 - Identify All Possible VOC Control Technologies

The SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse Guideline 1.2.1 (Oilfield Steam Generators ≥ 5 MMBtu/hr) has been rescinded. The District adopted District Rule 4320 on October 16, 2008. Therefore, a project specific BACT analysis will be performed to determine BACT for this project.

The SJVAPCD BACT Clearinghouse Guideline 1.2.1 identifies the following technologies:

1) Natural gas fuel with LPG backup - Achieved-In-Practice

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

None of the above listed technologies are technologically infeasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

Natural gas fuel with LPG backup - Achieved-In-Practice

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed the use of natural gas fuel for the steam generator in this project. Since the applicant has chosen the most effective control technology in step 3, a cost effectiveness analysis is not required.

Step 5 - Select BACT

BACT for VOC emissions from the steam generator in this project is natural gas fuel. The applicant has proposed natural gas fuel; therefore BACT for VOC emissions is satisfied.

APPENDIX G HRA and AAQA

REVISED

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

Risk Management Review

To:

David Torii - Permit Services

From:

Ester Davila - Technical Services

Date:

March 5, 2013

Facility Name:

E & B Natural Resources

Location:

Heavy Oil Western Stationary Source

Application #(s):

S-1807-16-3 & 69-0

Project #:

S-1130131

A. RMR SUMMARY

RMR Summary					
Categories	Steam Generator (Unit 69-0)	Tank (Unit 16:3).	Project Totals	Facility Totals	
Prioritization Score	0.05	3-N/A*	0.05	5	
Acute Hazard Index	0.003	N/A	0.003	0.07	
Chronic Hazard Index	0.001	N/A	0.001	0.03	
Maximum Individual Cancer Risk (10 ⁻⁶)	0.5	N/A*	0.5	4.28	
T-BACT Required?	No	N/A EX			
Special Permit Conditions?	No	see N/A			

^{*}Throughput for this unit is being reduced, thereby reducing emissions. This unit will not contribute to the facility risk.

Proposed Permit Conditions

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the following permit conditions must be included for:

Unit # 69-0

 {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap, roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102] N

B. RMR REPORT

I. Project Description

Technical Services received a request on February 27, 2013, to perform an AAQA along with the Risk Management Review already performed for the proposed installation of a new 85 MMBTU/hr steam generator and the reduction in throughput for unit S-1807-69-0, a 500 bbl stock tank. Since there is reduction in emissions of 8,614 lbs/yr for unit 1807-16-3 it will not contribute to the facility risk and therefore will not be evaluated in this analysis.

II. Analysis

Toxic emissions for unit S-1807-69-0 were calculated using WSPA emission factors for waste gas (worst case) external combustion sources. In accordance with the District's *Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources* (APR 1905, March 2, 2001), risks from the proposed unit's toxic emissions were prioritized using the procedure in the 1990 CAPCOA Facility Prioritization Guidelines and incorporated in the District's HEARTs database. The prioritization score for this proposed unit was less than 1.0 (see RMR Summary Table), however the total facility prioritization score was greater than one. Consequently, further analysis was necessary and performed. AERMOD was used, with the parameters outlined below and five-year concatenated meteorological data for 2004 to 2008 from Missouri Triangle to determine the maximum dispersion factor at the nearest residential and business receptors. These dispersion factors were input into the HARP model to calculate the chronic and acute hazard indices and the carcinogenic risk for the project.

The following parameters were used for the review:

Analysis Parameters Unit 69-0	5		
Source Type	Point	Location Type	Rural
Release Height (m)	Height (m) 6.1 Closest Receptor Resident (m)		305
Stack Inside Diameter (m)	1.1	Closest Receptor Business (m)	
Stack Exit Velocity (m/s)	17.4	Max Hours per Year	8760
Stack Exit Temperature (°K)	389	Max Rating (MMBtu/hr)	85

An AAQA was performed with the following emissions rates and the source parameters listed above:

100000000000000000000000000000000000000		normalista established		
		Daily PE2		
Pollutant	Emission Factors	Rating	Daily Hours	PE2 Total
	(lb/MMBtu)	(MMBtu/hr)	of Operation	(lb/day)
NO _X	0.0062	85	24	12.6
SO _X	0.0143	85	24	29.2
PM ₁₀	0.0076	85	24	15.5
CO	0.0370	85	24	75.5
VOC	0.0055	85	24	11.2
NH ₃	0	85	24	0.0
	Δ	innual PE2		
Pollutant	Emission Factors	Rating	Annual Hours	PE2 Total
	(lb/MMBtu)	(MMBtu/hr)	of Operation	(lb/year)
NO _X	0.0062	85	8,760	4,617
SO _X	0.0143	85	8,760	10,648
PM ₁₀	0.0076	85	8,760	5,659
CO	0.0370	85	8,760	27,550
00	******			
VOC	0.0055	85	8,760	4,095

The results from the Criteria Pollutant Modeling are as follows:

Criteria Pollutant Modeling Results*

Unit 69-0	1 Hour	3 Hours	8 Hours	24 Hours	Annual
co	Pass	X	Pass	Х	Х
NO _x	Pass	Х	X	Х	Pass
SO _x	Pass	Pass	X	Pass	Pass
PM ₁₀	Х	Х	Ж	Pass ²	Pass ²
PM _{2.5}	Х	Х	X	Pass ²	Pass ²

^{*}Results were taken from the attached PSD spreadsheet.

III. Conclusion

The emissions from the proposed equipment will not cause or contribute significantly to a violation of the State and National AAQS.

The acute and chronic hazard indices were less than 1.0 and the cancer risk associated with the steam generator was 4.71E-7, which is less than the one in a million thresholds. In accordance with the District's Risk Management Policy, the project is approved without Toxic Best Available Control Technology (T-BACT).

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the permit conditions listed on page 1 of this report must be included for this proposed unit.

¹The project was compared to the 1-hour NO2 National Ambient Air Quality Standard that became effective on April 12, 2010 using the District's approved procedures.

²The criteria pollutants are below EPA's level of significance as found in 40 CFR Part 51.165 (b)(2).

These conclusions are based on the data provided by the applicant and the project engineer. Therefore, this analysis is valid only as long as the proposed data and parameters do not change.

APPENDIX H Compliance Certification

E&B Natural Resources

February 21, 2013

Mr. Leonard Scandura Manager of Permit Services San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308

Steam Generator 85I (McKittrick #2) - Compliance Certification Subject:

Dear Mr. Scandura, Dave torij

I hereby certify that all major Stationary Sources owned or operated by such person (or by any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with such person) in California, which are subject to emission limitations, are in compliance or on a schedule for compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards.

Alternative siting analysis is required for any project, which constitutes a New Major Source or a Federal Major Modification.

The current project occurs at existing facilities. The applicant proposes to operate a steam generator to thermally enhance existing wells at the site.

Since the project will provide thermal enhancement to be used at the same location, the existing site will result in the least possible impact from the project. Alternative sites would involve the relocation and/or construction of various support structures on a much greater scale, and would therefore result in a much greater impact.

APPENDIX I GHG Calculations

GHG Calculations

Basis and Assumptions

- The steam generator is fired with natural gas at a rate of 85 MMBtu/hour (HHV)
- The steam generator operates 8,760 hours per year and is in commercial/institutional service
- Emission factors are taken from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table C-1 and C-2 and global warming potentials (GWP) are taken from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A, Table A-1:

CO2 116.5 lb/MMBtu CH4 0.002 lb/MMBtu N2O 0.0002 lb/MMBtu

GWP for CH4 = 21 lb-CO2(eq) per lb-CH4 GWP for N2O = 310 lb-CO2(eq) per lb-N2O

Calculations

Hourly Emissions

CO2 Emissions = 85 MMBtu/hr x 116.5 lb/MMBtu = 9902.5 lb-CO2(eq)/hour CH4 Emissions = 85 MMBtu/hr x 0.002 lb/MMBtu x 21 lb-CO2(eq) per lb-CH4

= 3.57 lb-CO2(eq)/hour

N2O Emissions = 85 MMBtu/hr x 0.0002 lb/MMBtu x 310 lb-CO2(eq) per lb-N2O

= 5.27 lb-CO2(eq)/hour

Total = 9902.5 + 3.57 + 5.27 = 9911 lb-CO2(eq)/hour

Annual Emissions

9911 lb-CO2(eq)/hour x 8,760 hr/year ÷ 2,000 lb/ton = **43,410 short tons-CO2e**)/year

43,410 short tons-CO2e/year x 0.9072 metric tons/short ton = 3,938 metric tons-CO2e/year

This exceeds the District's threshold of 230 metric tons of CO₂ equivalent. To address the potential increase in GHG emissions, the applicant is proposing to comply with the best performance standard (BPS) developed by the District for steam generators.

The proposed steam generator will utilize high efficiency variable speed drive electric motors and a bare tube area exceeding 235 ft 2 /MMBtu/hr of heat input (the unit will have 20,450 ft 2 ÷ 85 MMBtu/hr = 240 ft 2 /MMBtu/hr of heat input). BPS conditions will be included in the ATC to ensure compliance with the GHG requirements.

Appendix J Draft Authorities to Construct

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-1807-16-3

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

MAILING ADDRESS:

3000 JAMES ROAD

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

SECTION: NW25 TOWNSHIP: 278 RANGE: 19E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

MODIFICATION OF 500 BBL FIXED-ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK (NORTH TANK HOPKINS B PROPERTY): REDUCE DAILY THROUGHPUT AND REMOVE CONDITIONS AUTHORIZING OPERATION AS A DORMANT EMISSION UNIT

CONDITIONS

- 1. Facilities S-1807 and S-6826 are part of the same stationary source. [District Rule 2201]
- 2. {3804} The permittee shall not emit more than one half of the major source threshold based on a rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 3. {3805} The permittee shall maintain a record of the rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions from permitted operations. This record shall be kept on site and made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 4. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- 5. To maintain status as a small producer, permittee's crude oil production shall average less than 6000 bbl/day from all operations within Kern County and permittee shall not engage in refining, transporting, or marketing of refined petroleum products. [District Rules 3020 & 4623]
- 6. Crude oil throughput shall not exceed 500 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]
- 7. This tank shall only store, place, or hold organic liquid with a true vapor pressure (TVP) of less than 0.5 psia under all storage conditions. [District Rules 2201 and 4623]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Seyed Sadredin, Executive Directory APCO

DAVID WARNER, Director of Permit Services

Southern Regional Office • 34946 Flyover Court • Bakersfield, CA 93308 • (661) 392-5500 • Fax (661) 392-5585

- 8. {2910} Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid stored in this tank at least once every 24 months during summer (July September), and/or whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in this tank in order to maintain exemption from the rule. [District Rule 4623]
- 9. {2482} The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM Method D 287 e1 "Standard Test Method for API Gravity of Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products (Hydrometer Method). Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM Method D 4057 "Standard Practices for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products." [District Rule 4623]
- 10. {2483} For crude oil with an API gravity of 26 degrees or less, the TVP shall be determined using the latest version of the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory "test Method for Vapor pressure of Reactive Organic Compounds in Heavy Crude Oil Using Gas Chromatograph", as approved by ARB and EPA. [District Rule 4623]
- 11. {2911} The TVP testing shall be conducted at actual storage temperature of the organic liquid in the tank. The permittee shall also conduct an API gravity testing. [District Rule 4623]
- 12. Instead of testing each uncontrolled fixed roof tank, the permittee may conduct a TVP test of the organic liquid stored in a representative tank provided the requirements of Sections 6.2.1.1.1 through 6.2.1.1.5 of Rule 4623 are met. [District Rule 4623]
- 13. {2912} Permittee shall submit the records of TVP and API gravity testing to the APCO within 45 days after the date of testing. The records shall include the tank identification number, Permit to Operate number, type of stored organic liquid, TVP and API gravity of the organic liquid, test methods used, and a copy of the test results. [District Rule 4623]
- 14. {2913} The permittee shall keep accurate records of each organic liquid stored in the tank, including its storage temperature, TVP, and API gravity. [District Rule 4623]
- 15. {2490} All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623]



San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-1807-69-0

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: E&B NATURAL RESOURCES MGMT CORP

MAILING ADDRESS:

3000 JAMES ROAD

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

SECTION: NW 4 TOWNSHIP: 30S RANGE: 22E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/WASTE GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR WITH A NORTH AMERICAN LE-85 BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION APPROVED TO OPERATE AT VARIOUS UN SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IN S-1807

CONDITIONS

- 1. Facilities S-1807 and S-6826 are part of the same stationary source. [District Rule 2201]
- 2. {3804} The permittee shall not emit more than one half of the major source threshold based on a rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 3. {3805} The permittee shall maintain a record of the rolling 12-month summary of actual emissions from permitted operations. This record shall be kept on site and made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2530, 6.1]
- 4. Unit shall not be located closer than 1000' from any receptor. [District Rule 4102]
- 5. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
- 6. This unit shall be equipped with a convection section with at least 235 square feet of heat transfer surface area per MMBtu/hr of maximum rated heat input (verified by manufacturer). [CEQA]
- 7. This unit shall be equipped with variable frequency drive high efficiency electrical motors driving the blower and water pump. [CEQA]
- 8. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grain/dscf at operating conditions, nor 0.1 grain/dscf calculated to 12% CO2, nor 10 lb/hr. [District Rules 4201, 4301, 5.1 and 5.2.3]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all-ether governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Seyed Sadredin, Executive Directory APCO

DAVID WARNER, Director of Permit Services \$-1607-89-9; May 11 2013 1:33PM - TORID : Joint Inspection NOT Required

- 9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- 10. The unit shall only be fired on natural gas with a maximum sulfur content of 5.0 gr S/100 scf. [District Rules 2201 and 4320]
- 11. Emission rates shall not exceed any of the following: NOx (as NOx): 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.0061 lb/MMBtu; SOx:0.0143 lb/MMBtu; PM10: 0.0076 lb/MMBtu; CO: 50 ppmvd @ 3% O2 or 0.0370 lb-CO/MMBtu; or VOC: 0.0055 lb/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201 and 4320]
- 12. Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320]
- 13. A source test to demonstrate compliance with NOx and CO emission limits shall be performed within 60 days of startup of this unit. [District Rules 2201 and 4320]
- 14. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted at least once every twelve (12) months (no more than 30 days before or after the required annual source test date). After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months (no more than 30 days before or after the required 36-month source test date). If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 15. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081]
- 16. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 17. The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content EPA Method 4; SOx EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rule 2201, 4305, 4306, 4320]
- 18. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 19. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]
- 20. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable analyzer that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320]
- 21. If the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3%, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the applicable emission limit, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4102, 4305, 4306 and 4320]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

- 22. All NOx, CO, and O2 emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The NOx, CO, and O2 analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute sample period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive minute period. [District Rules 4102, 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 23. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent by volume and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 24. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. Unless otherwise specified in the PTO, no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4320. For the purposes of permittee-performed alternate monitoring, emissions measurements may be performed at any time after the unit reaches conditions representative of normal operation. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 25. Shorter time periods for demonstration of compliance after startup or re-ignition may be approved by the APCO by submittal of appropriate technical justification upon implementation of this ATC. [District Rule 2201]
- 26. PUC quality natural gas is any gaseous fuel where the sulfur content is no more than one-fourth (0.25) grain of hydrogen sulfide per one hundred (100) standard cubic feet, no more than five (5) grains of total sulfur per one hundred (100) standard cubic feet, and at least 80% methane by volume. [District Rule 4320]
- 27. If the steam generator is not fired on PUC-regulated natural gas and compliance is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the fuel shall be determined by testing sulfur content at a location after all fuel sources are combined prior to incineration, or by performing mass balance calculations based on monitoring the sulfur content and volume of each fuel source. The sulfur content of the fuel shall be determined using the test methods referenced in this permit. [District Rule 4320]
- 28. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, permittee shall demonstrate compliance at least annually. [District Rule 4320]
- 29. If the unit is fired on PUC-regulated natural gas, valid purchase contracts, supplier certifications, tariff sheets, or transportation contracts may be used to satisfy the fuel sulfur content analysis, provided they establish the fuel sulfur concentration and higher heating value. [District Rule 4320]
- 30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320]
- 31. The permittee shall obtain written District approval for the use of any equivalent equipment not specifically approved by this ATC. Approval of the equivalent equipment shall be made in writing and only after the District's determination that the submitted design and performance of the proposed alternative equipment is equivalent to the authorized equipment. [District Rule 2010]
- 32. The permittee's request for approval of equivalent equipment shall include the make, model, manufacturer's maximum rating, manufacturer's guaranteed emissions rates, equipment drawing(s) and operational characteristics/parameters. [District Rule 2010]
- 33. ATCs S-1807-16-3, '36-7, '53-3 and '56-1 shall be implemented prior to or concurrently with this ATC. [District Rule 2201]

