# **San Joaquin Valley** AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

MAY 0 7 2014

Pedro Nunez City of Delano P O Box 3010 Delano, CA 93216-3010

### Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct Facility Number: S-6479 Project Number: S-1141716

Dear Mr. Nunez:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of City of Delano's application for an Authority to Construct for the installation of a 755 horsepower diesel engine powering an electrical generator, at 2011 Albany Street in Delano.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period, as specified in the enclosed public notice.

Also enclosed is a copy of the California Health and Safety Code (sec. §42301.6) and the public notification letters sent out to the parents or guardians of students at Albany Park Elementary School and residences within 1,000 feet of the proposed project.

After addressing all comments made during the 30-day public notice and school notice periods, the District intends to issue the Authority to Construct.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Homero Ramirez of Permit Services at (661) 392- 5616.

Sincerely,

mend Menseller

Arnaud Marjollet

AM:HAR/st

Enclosures

cc: Mike Tollstrup, CARB (w/ enclosure) via email

Northern Region 4800 Enterprise Way Modesto, CA 95356-8718 Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475 Central Region (Main Office) 1990 E. Gettysburg Avenue Fresno, CA 93726-0244 Tel: (559) 230-6000 FAX: (559) 230-6061

Seyed Sadredin Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

> Southern Region 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725 Tel: 661-392-5500 FAX: 661-392-5585

HEALTHY AIR LIVING

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To: The Parents or Guardians of the Students Attending Kindergarten through 12<sup>th</sup> Grade Schools within <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile of 2011 Albany Street, Delano: Albany Park Elementary School

Residents within 1,000 Feet of 2011 Albany Street, Delano

Re: Public Notification Requirement of California Health and Safety Code §42301.6 Project Number:

S-1141716

Project Description: Installation of Diesel Engine Powering an Electrical Generator

Dear Parents/Residents:

The San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (Air District) has received an application from City of Delano at 2011 Albany Street in Delano, CA for the following project:

755 horsepower Tier 2 certified diesel engine to provide emergency power in the event of an electrical outage

Since this project is located within a 1,000 feet of the outerbounds of a school site, the California Health & Safety Code §42301.6 requires that you be given this notification and an opportunity to comment on the project before permits are issued.

The Air District has determined that, as proposed, the installation will comply with all Air District regulations. The Air District's analysis of the proposal has determined that the emissions from operation of this equipment will not pose a significant health risk to the school children or to the surrounding public.

Should you have any questions or comments about this project, please submit them in writing within 30 days of the date of this notice to the following:

> SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY APCD ATTN: Homero Ramirez 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308

You may also contact Homero Ramirez at (661) 392-5616.

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**A**:

Los padres o guardianes de estudiantes asistiendo escuelas dentro los grados kinder y el grado 12 dentro de una cuarta de milla de 2011 Albany Street, Delano: Albany Park Elementary School

Residentes dentro de 1,000 pies de 2011 Albany Street, Delano

ASUNTO: Aviso público requerido por el Código de Salud y Seguridad de California (Sección 42301.6)

Número del proyecto: S-1141716

Descripción del proyecto: Instalación de un Motor de Diésel para Apoderar un Generador Eléctrico

Estimados Padres/Residentes:

El Distrito para el Control de la Contaminación del Aire del Valle de San Joaquín (el Distrito del Aire) ha recibido una aplicación de City of Delano ubicado en 2011 Albany Street en Delano, CA para el siguiente proyecto:

Motor de diésel de 755 caballos de fuerza que es certificado Tier 2 para apoderar un generador eléctrico durante apagones eléctricos

Porque este proyecto esta ubicado dentro de 1,000 pies de por menos una escuela, la sección §42301.6 del Código de la Salud y Seguridad de California requiere que una notificación publica sea distribuida a usted y que usted sea otorgado oportunidad para comentar sobre el proyecto antes de que los propustos permisos sean otorgados.

El Distrito del Aire ha determinado que, como propuesto, la instalación o modificacion cumplira con todas las regulaciones del Distrito. El analisis del Distrito del Aire sobre el propuesto proyecto, ha determinado que las emisiones del uso del equipo no resultara en un riesgo significante a la salud de los estudiantes o del público alrededor.

Si usted tiene preguntas o comentarios sobre este proyecto, por favor sométalos por escrito dentro de 30 días de la fecha de este aviso a la siguiente dirección:

### SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY APCD ATTN: Homero Ramirez 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308

Si prefiere hacer sus comentarios o preguntas por teléfono, se puede comunicar con Homero Ramirez al (661) 392-5616.

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Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Dfficer

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### CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

CH&SC 42301.6 Permit Approval: Powers & Duties of APCO

42301.6 (a) Prior to approving an application for a permit to construct or modify a source which emits hazardous air emissions, which source is located within 1,000 feet from the outer boundary of a schoolsite, the air pollution control officer shall prepare a public notice in which the proposed project or modification for which the application for a permit is made is fully described. The notice may be prepared whether or not the material is or would be subject to subdivision (a) of Section 25536, if the air pollution control officer determines and the administering agency concurs that hazardous air emissions of the material may result from an air release, as defined by Section 44303. The notice may be combined with any other notice on the project or permit which is required by law.

(b) The air pollution control officer shall, at the permit applicant's expense, distribute or mail the public notice to the parents or guardians of children enrolled in any school that is located within one-quarter mile of the source and to each address within a radius of 1,000 feet of the proposed new or modified source at least 30 days prior to the date final action on the application is to be taken by the officer. The officer shall review and consider all comments received during the 30 days after the notice is distributed, and shall include written responses to the comments in the permit application file prior to taking final action on the application.

(1) Notwithstanding Section 49073 of the Education Code, or any other provision of law, the information necessary to mail notices required by this section shall be made available by the school district to the air pollution control officer.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision precludes, at the discretion of the air pollution control officer and with permission of the school, the distribution of the notices to the children to be given to their parents or guardians.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), an air pollution control officer may require the applicant to distribute the notice if the district had such a rule in effect prior to January 1, 1989.

(d) The requirements for public notice pursuant to subdivision (b) or a district rule in effect prior to January 1, 1989, are fulfilled if the air pollution control officer or applicant responsible for giving the notice makes a good faith effort to follow the procedures prescribed by law for giving the notice, and, in these circumstances, failure of any person to receive the notice shall not affect the validity of any permit subsequently issued by the officer.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to limit any existing authority of any District.

(f) An applicant for a permit shall certify whether the proposed source or modification is located within 1,000 feet of a schoolsite. Misrepresentation of this fact may result in the denial of a permit.

(g) The notice requirements of this section shall not apply if the air pollution control officer determines that the application to construct or modify a source will result in a reduction or equivalent amount of air contaminants, as defined in Section 39013, of which are hazardous air emissions.

(h) As used in this section:

(1) "Hazardous air emissions" means emissions into the ambient air of air contaminants which have been identified as a toxic air contaminant by the state board or by the air pollution control officer for the jurisdiction in which the project is located. As determined by the air pollution control officer, hazardous air emissions also mean emissions into the ambient air from any substances identified in subdivisions (a) to (f), inclusive, of Section 44321 of the Health and Safety Code.

(i) " Acutely hazardous material" means any material defined pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 25532.

(amended by Stats. 1991, Ch 1183, Sec. 14.)

### San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District Authority to Construct Application Review Diesel-Fired Emergency Standby IC Engine

Facility Name:	City of Delano	Date:	April 30, 2014
Mailing Address:	P O Box 3010	Engineer:	Homero Ramirez
	Delano, CA 93216-3010	Lead Engineer:	Daniel Klevann
Contact Person:	Pedro Nunez		
Telephone:	(661) 720-2256		
Application #:	S-6479-2-0		
Project #:	S-1141716		
Complete:	April 15, 2014		

### I. Proposal

City of Delano requests Authority to Construct (ATC) S-6479-2-0 to install a 755 bhp diesel-fired emergency standby internal combustion (IC) engine powering an electrical generator. The proposed engine will replace natural gas/LPG-fired emegency standby IC engine S-6479-1.

### II. Applicable Rules

Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (4/21/11)

Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits (6/21/01)

Rule 4001 New Source Performance Standards (4/14/99)

Rule 4002 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (5/20/04)

Rule 4101 Visible Emissions (2/17/05)

Rule 4102 Nuisance (12/17/92)

Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration (12/17/92)

Rule 4701 Stationary Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1 (8/21/03)

Rule 4702 Stationary Internal Combustion Engines (8/18/11)

Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds (12/17/92)

CH&SC 41700 Health Risk Assessment

CH&SC 42301.6 School Notice

Title 17 CCR, Section 93115 - Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

Public Resources Code 21000-21177: California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3, Sections 15000-15387: CEQA Guidelines

### III. Project Location

The project is located at 2011 Albany Street in Delano, CA.

The District has verified that the equipment is located within 1,000 feet of the outer boundary of a K-12 school. Therefore, the public notification requirement of California Health and Safety Code 42301.6 is applicable to this project.

### **IV. Process Description**

The emergency standby engine powers an electrical generator. Other than emergency standby operation, the engine may be operated up to 50 hours per year for maintenance and testing purposes.

### V. Equipment Listing

### S-6479-2-0: 755 BHP CUMMINS MODEL QSX15-G9-NR2 TIER 2 CERTIFIED DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

### VI. Emission Control Technology Evaluation

The applicant has proposed to install a Tier 2 certified diesel-fired IC engine that is fired on very low-sulfur diesel fuel (0.0015% by weight sulfur maximum).

The proposed engine(s) meet the latest Tier Certification requirements; therefore, the engine(s) meets the latest ARB/EPA emissions standards for diesel particulate matter, hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, and carbon monoxide (see Appendix C for a copy of the emissions data sheet and/or the ARB/EPA executive order).

The use of very low-sulfur diesel fuel (0.0015% by weight sulfur maximum) reduces  $SO_X$  emissions by over 99% from standard diesel fuel.

### VII. General Calculations

### A. Assumptions

Emergency operating schedule:	24 hours/day
Non-emergency operating schedule:	50 hours/year
Density of diesel fuel:	7.1 lb/gal
EPA F-factor (adjusted to 60 °F):	9,051 dscf/MMBtu
Fuel heating value:	137,000 Btu/gal
BHP to Btu/hr conversion:	2,542.5 Btu/bhp-hr
Thermal efficiency of engine:	commonly $\approx 35\%$
PM <sub>10</sub> fraction of diesel exhaust:	0.96 (CARB, 1988)

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The engine has certified  $NO_x$  + VOC emissions of 3.9 g/bhp-hr. It will be assumed the NOx + VOC emission factor is split 95% NOx (or 3.7 g-NOx/bhp-hr) and 5% VOC (or 0.2 g-VOC/bhp-hr) (per the District's Carl Moyer program).

### **B. Emission Factors**

Emission Factors			
Pollutant	Emission Factor (g/bhp-hr)	Source	
NO <sub>X</sub>	3.7	ARB/EPA Certification	
SOx	0.0051	Mass Balance Equation Below	
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.08	ARB/EPA Certification	
CO	0.4	ARB/EPA Certification	
VOC	0.2	ARB/EPA Certification	

 $\frac{0.000015 \ lb - S}{lb - fuel} \times \frac{7.1 \ lb - fuel}{gallon} \times \frac{2 \ lb - SO_2}{1 \ lb - S} \times \frac{1 \ gal}{137,000 \ Btu} \times \frac{1 \ bhp \ input}{0.35 \ bhp \ out} \times \frac{2.542.5 \ Btu}{bhp - hr} \times \frac{453.6 \ g}{lb} = 0.0051 \qquad \frac{g - SO_x}{bhp - hr}$ 

### C. Calculations

### 1. Pre-Project Emissions (PE1)

Since this is a new emissions unit, PE1 = 0.

### 2. Post-Project PE (PE2)

The daily and annual PE are calculated as follows:

Pollutant	Emissions Factor (g/bhp- hr)	Rating (bhp)	Daily Hours of Operation (hrs/day)	Annual Hours of Operation (hrs/yr)	Daily PE2 (lb/day)	Annual PE2 (lb/yr)
NO <sub>X</sub>	3.7	755	24	50	147.8	308
SO <sub>X</sub>	0.0051	755	24	50	0.2	0
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.08	755	24	50	3.2	7
CO	0.4	755	24	50	16.0	33
VOC	0.2	755	24	-50	8.0	17

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### 3. Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1)

Pursuant to Section 4.9 of District Rule 2201, the Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1) is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all units with valid ATCs or PTOs at the Stationary Source and the quantity of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

SSPE1					
	NO <sub>X</sub> (lb/yr)	SO <sub>X</sub> (lb/yr)	PM <sub>10</sub> (lb/yr)	CO (lb/yr)	VOC (lb/yr)
S-6479-1-0	188	• 1	2	309	2
SSPE1 Total	188	1	2	309	2

SSPE1 is summarized in the following table.

### 4. Post-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2)

Pursuant to Section 4.10 of District Rule 2201, the Post-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2) is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all units with valid ATCs or PTOs, except for emissions units proposed to be shut down as part of the Stationary Project, at the Stationary Source and the quantity of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

For this project the change in emissions for the facility is due to the installation of the new emergency standby IC engine(s), permit unit -2-0, which will replace existing engine -1-0. Thus:

		SSPE2	2		
	NO <sub>X</sub> (lb/yr)	SO <sub>X</sub> (lb/yr)	PM <sub>10</sub> (Ib/yr)	CO (lb/yr)	VOC (lb/yr)
S-6479-2-0	308	0	7	33	17
SSPE2 Total	308	. 0	7	33	17
Offset Threshold	20,000	54,750	29,200	200,000	20,000
Offset Threshold Surpassed?	No	No	No	No	No

### 5. Major Source Determination

Pursuant to Section 3.24 of District Rule 2201, a Major Source is a stationary source with post project emissions or a Post Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2), equal to or exceeding one or more of the following threshold values. However, Section 3.24.2 states, "for the purposes of determining major source status, the SSPE2 shall not include the quantity of emission reduction credits (ERC) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site."

This facility does not contain ERCs which have been banked at the source; therefore, no adjustment to SSPE2 is necessary.

Major Source Determination					
Pollutant	SSPE1 (lb/yr)	SSPE2 (lb/yr)	Major Source Threshold (lb/yr)	Existing Major Source?	Becoming a Major Source?
NO <sub>X</sub>	188	308	20,000	No	No
SOx	1	0	140,000	No	No
PM <sub>10</sub>	2	7	140,000	No	No
CO	309	33	200,000	No	No
VOC	2	· 17	20,000	No	No

As seen in the table above, the facility is not an existing Major Source and also is not becoming a Major Source as a result of this project.

### 6. Baseline Emissions (BE)

BE = Pre-project Potential to Emit for:

- Any unit located at a non-Major Source,
- Any Highly-Utilized Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source,
- Any Fully-Offset Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source, or
- Any Clean Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source.

### otherwise,

BE = Historic Actual Emissions (HAE), calculated pursuant to Section 3.23 Since this is a new emissions unit, BE = PE1 = 0 for all criteria pollutants.

### 7. SB 288 Major Modification

SB 288 Major Modification is defined in 40 CFR Part 51.165 as "any physical change in or change in the method of operation of a major stationary source that would result in a significant net emissions increase of any pollutant subject to regulation under the Act."

As discussed in Section VII.C.5 above, this facility is not a major source for any of the pollutants addressed in this project; therefore, the project does not constitute a SB 288 Major Modification.

### 8. Federal Major Modification

District Rule 2201, Section 3.18 states that Federal Major Modifications are the same as "Major Modification" as defined in 40 CFR 51.165 and part D of Title I of the CAA.

Since this facility is not a Major Source for any pollutants, this project does not constitute a Federal Major Modification. Additionally, since the facility is not a major source for  $PM_{10}$  (140,000 lb/year), it is not a major source for PM2.5 (200,000 lb/year).

### 9. Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The QNEC is calculated solely to establish emissions that are used to complete the District's PAS emissions profile screen. Detailed QNEC calculations are included in Appendix E.

### VIII.Compliance

### Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

### A. Best Available Control Technology (BACT)

### 1. BACT Applicability

BACT requirements are triggered on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis and on an emissions unit-by-emissions unit basis for the following\*:

- a. Any new emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
- b. The relocation from one Stationary Source to another of an existing emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
- c. Modifications to an existing emissions unit with a valid Permit to Operate resulting in an AIPE exceeding two pounds per day, and/or

d. Any new or modified emissions unit, in a stationary source project, which results in an SB288 Major Modification or a Federal Major Modification, as defined by the rule.

\*Except for CO emissions from a new or modified emissions unit at a Stationary Source with an SSPE2 of less than 200,000 pounds per year of CO.

As discussed in Section I, the facility is proposing to install a new emergency standby IC engine. Additionally, as determined in Sections VII.C.7 and VII.C.8, this project does not result in an SB288 Major Modification or a Federal Major Modification, respectively. Therefore, BACT can only be triggered if the daily emissions exceed 2.0 lb/day for any pollutant.

The daily emissions from the new engine are compared to the BACT threshold levels in the following table:

	New Emissions Unit BACT Applicability				
Pollutant	Daily Emissions for unit -2-0 (Ib/day)	BACT Threshold (lb/day)	SSPE2 (lb/yr)	BACT Triggered?	
NO <sub>X</sub>	147.8	> 2.0	n/a	Yes	
SOx	0.2	> 2.0	n/a	· No	
PM <sub>10</sub>	3.2	> 2.0	n/a	Yes	
со	16.0	> 2.0 and SSPE2 ≥ 200,000 lb/yr	33	No	
VOC	8.0	> 2.0	n/a	Yes	

As shown above, BACT will be triggered for  $NO_X$ , PM10, and VOC emissions from the engine for this project.

### 2. BACT Guideline

BACT Guideline 3.1.1, which appears in Appendix B of this report, covers dieselfired emergency IC engines.

### 3. Top Down BACT Analysis

Per District Policy APR 1305, Section IX, "A top-down BACT analysis shall be performed as a part of the Application Review for each application subject to the BACT requirements pursuant to the District's NSR Rule for source categories or classes covered in the BACT Clearinghouse, relevant information under each of the following steps may be simply cited from the Clearinghouse without further analysis."

Pursuant to the attached Top-Down BACT Analysis, which appears in Appendix B of this report, BACT is satisfied with:

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NO<sub>X</sub>: Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range

VOC: Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range

PM<sub>10</sub>: 0.15 g/hp-hr or the Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. (ATCM)

### B. Offsets

Since emergency IC engines are exempt from the offset requirements of Rule 2201, per Section 4.6.2, offsets are not required for this engine, and no offset calculations are required.

### C. Public Notification

### 1. Applicability

Public noticing is required for:

a. New Major Sources, SB288 Major Modifications, Federal Major Modifications

As shown in Sections VII.C.5, VII.C.7, and VII.C.8, this facility is not a new Major Source, not an SB 288 Major Modification, and not a Federal Major Modification, respectively.

b. Any new emissions unit with a Potential to Emit greater than 100 pounds during any one day for any pollutant

As calculated in Section VII.C.2, daily emissions for NO<sub>X</sub> are greater than 100 lb/day.

c. Any project which results in the offset thresholds being surpassed

As shown in Section VII.C.4, an offset threshold will not be surpassed.

d. Any project with a Stationary Source Project Increase in Permitted Emissions (SSIPE) greater than 20,000 lb/year for any pollutant.

For this project, the proposed engine is the only emissions source that will generate an increase in Potential to Emit. Since the proposed engine emissions are well below 20,000 lb/year for all pollutants (See Section VII.C.2), the SSIPE for this project will be below the public notice threshold.

### 2. Public Notice Action

As demonstrated above, this project will require public noticing. Therefore, public notice documents will be submitted to the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and a public notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation prior to the issuance of the ATC for this equipment.

### D. Daily Emissions Limits

Daily Emissions Limitations (DELs) and other enforceable conditions are required by Section 3.16 to restrict a unit's maximum daily emissions, to a level at or below the emissions associated with the maximum design capacity. Per Sections 3.16.1 and 3.16.2, the DEL must be contained in the latest ATC and contained in or enforced by the latest PTO and enforceable, in a practicable manner, on a daily basis. Therefore, the following conditions will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 3.7 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 0.4 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.2 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 2201, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.08 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

### E. Compliance Assurance

### 1. Source Testing

Pursuant to District Policy APR 1705, source testing is not required for emergency standby IC engines to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

### 2. Monitoring

No monitoring is required to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

### 3. Recordkeeping

Recordkeeping requirements, in accordance with District Rule 4702, will be discussed in Section VIII, *District Rule 4702*, of this evaluation.

### 4. Reporting

No reporting is required to ensure compliance with Rule 2201.

### F. Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA)

An AAQA shall be conducted for the purpose of determining whether a new or modified Stationary Source will cause or make worse a violation of an air quality standard. The District's Technical Services Division conducted the required analysis. Refer to Appendix D of this document for the AAQA summary sheet.

The proposed location is in an attainment area for  $NO_X$ , CO, and  $SO_X$ . As shown by the AAQA summary sheet the proposed equipment will not cause a violation of an air quality standard for  $NO_X$ , CO, or  $SO_X$ .

The proposed location is in a non-attainment area for the state's  $PM_{10}$  as well as federal and state  $PM_{2.5}$  thresholds. As shown by the AAQA summary sheet the proposed equipment will not cause a violation of an air quality standard for  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$ .

### Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

Since this facility's potential to emit does not exceed any major source thresholds of Rule 2201, this facility is not a major source, and Rule 2520 does not apply.

### Rule 4001 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)

# 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII – Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

The following table demonstrates how the proposed engine(s) will comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII.

40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII Requirements for New Emergency IC Engines Powering Generators (2007 and Later Model Year)	Proposed Method of Compliance with 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII Requirements
Engine(s) must meet the appropriate Subpart IIII emission standards for new engines, based on the model year, size, and number of liters per cylinder.	The applicant has proposed the use of engine(s) that are certified to the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range, guaranteeing compliance with the emission standards of Subpart IIII.

Engine(s) must be fired on 500 ppm sulfur content fuel or less, and fuel with a minimum centane index of 40 or a maximum aromatic content of 35 percent by volume. Starting in October 1, 2010, the maximum allowable sulfur fuel content will be lowered to 15 ppm.	The applicant has proposed the use of CARB certified diesel fuel, which meets all of the fuel requirements listed in Subpart IIII. A permit condition enforcing this requirement was included earlier in this evaluation.
The operator/owner must install a non- resettable hour meter prior to startup of the engine(s).	<ul> <li>The applicant has proposed to install a non-resettable hour meter. The following condition will be included on the permit:</li> <li>This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]</li> </ul>
Emergency engine(s) may be operated for the purpose of maintenance and testing up to 100 hours per year. There is no limit on emergency use.	The Air Toxic Control Measure for Stationary Compression Ignition Engines (Stationary ATCM) limits this engine maintenance and testing to 50 hours/year. Thus, compliance is expected.
The owner/operator must operate and maintain the engine(s) and any installed control devices according to the manufacturers written instructions.	<ul> <li>The following condition will be included on the permit:</li> <li>This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]</li> </ul>

### Rule 4002 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

### 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Emissions (RICE)

Emergency engines are subject to this subpart if they are operated at a major or area source of Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) emissions. A major source of HAP emissions is a facility that has the potential to emit any single HAP at a rate of 10 tons/year or greater or any combinations of HAPs at a rate of 25 tons/year or greater. An area source of HAPs is a facility is not a major source of HAPs. The proposed engine(s) are new stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions; therefore, these engines are subject to this Subpart.

40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ requires the following engines to comply with 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII:

1. New emergency engines located at area sources of HAPs

2. Emergency engines rated less than or equal to 500 bhp and located at major sources of HAPs

The proposed engine(s) will be in compliance with 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII.

Additionally, 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ requires engines rated greater 500 bhp and located at major sources of HAPs to meet the notification requirements of §63.6645(h); however, that section only applies if an initial performance test is required. Since an initial performance test is not required for emergency engines, the notification requirement is not applicable.

The proposed engines are expected to be in compliance with 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ.

### Rule 4101 Visible Emissions

Rule 4101 states that no air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

• {15} No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

### Rule 4102 Nuisance

Rule 4102 states that no air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. Public nuisance conditions are not expected as a result of these operations, provided the equipment is well maintained. Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

• {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

### California Health & Safety Code 41700 (Health Risk Assessment)

District Policy APR 1905 - Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources (dated 3/2/01) specifies that for an increase in emissions associated with a proposed new source or modification, the District perform an analysis to determine the possible impact to the nearest resident or worksite. Therefore, a risk management review (RMR) was performed for this project. The RMR results are summarized in the following table, and can be seen in detail in Appendix D.

RMR Results				
Unit	Acute Hazard Index	Chronic Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	T-BACT Required?
S-6479-2-0	N/A	N/A	0.33 in a million	No

The following conditions will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance with the RMR:

- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.08 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
- {4262} This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

### Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration

Rule 4201 limits particulate matter emissions from any single source operation to 0.1 g/dscf, which, as calculated below, is equivalent to a  $PM_{10}$  emission factor of 0.4 g- $PM_{10}$ /bhp-hr.

$$0.1 \quad \frac{grain - PM}{dscf} \times \frac{g}{15.43 grain} \times \frac{1 Btu_{in}}{0.35 Btu_{out}} \times \frac{9,051 dscf}{10^6 Btu} \times \frac{2,542.5 Btu}{1 bhp - hr} \times \frac{0.96 g - PM_{10}}{1g - PM} = 0.4 \frac{g - PM_{10}}{bhp - hr}$$

The new engine has a PM<sub>10</sub> emission factor less than 0.4 g/bhp-hr. Therefore, compliance is expected and the following condition will be listed on the ATC:

• {14} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]

### Rule 4701 Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines. Except as provided in Section 4.0, the provisions of this rule apply to any internal combustion engine, rated greater than 50 bhp, that requires a PTO.

The proposed engine(s) are also subject to District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines. Since emissions limits of District Rule 4702 and all other requirements are equivalent or more stringent than District Rule 4701 requirements, compliance with District Rule 4702 requirements will satisfy requirements of District Rule 4701.

### **Rule 4702** Internal Combustion Engines

The following table demonstrates how the proposed engine(s) will comply with the requirements of District Rule 4702.

District Rule 4702 Requirements Emergency Standby IC Engines	Proposed Method of Compliance with District Rule 4702 Requirements
Operation of emergency standby engines is limited to 100 hours or less per calendar year for non-emergency purposes, verified through the use of a non-resettable elapsed operating time meter.	The Air Toxic Control Measure for Stationary Compression Ignition Engines (Stationary ATCM) limits this engine maintenance and testing to 50 hours/year. Thus, compliance is expected.
Emergency standby engines cannot be used to reduce the demand for electrical power when normal electrical power line service has not failed, or to produce power for the electrical distribution system, or in conjunction with a voluntary utility demand reduction program or interruptible power contract.	<ul> <li>The following conditions will be included on the permit:</li> <li>{3807} An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]</li> <li>{3808} This engine shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702]</li> </ul>
The owner/operator must operate and maintain the engine(s) and any installed control devices according to the manufacturers written instructions.	A permit condition enforcing this requirement was shown earlier in the evaluation.

	•
The owner/operator must monitor the operational characteristics of each engine as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emission control system supplier.	<ul> <li>The following condition will be included on the permit:</li> <li>{3478} During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702]</li> </ul>
Records of the total hours of operation of the emergency standby engine, type of fuel used, purpose for operating the engine, all hours of non-emergency and emergency operation, and support documentation must be maintained. All records shall be retained for a period of at least five years, shall be readily available, and be made available to the APCO upon request.	<ul> <li>The following conditions will be included on the permit:</li> <li>{3496} The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]</li> <li>The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]</li> <li>{3475} All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]</li> </ul>

### Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds

Rule 4801 requires that sulfur compound emissions (as  $SO_2$ ) shall not exceed 0.2% by volume. Using the ideal gas equation, the sulfur compound emissions are calculated as follows:

Volume SO<sub>2</sub> = (n x R x T)  $\div$  P n = moles SO<sub>2</sub> T (standard temperature) = 60 °F or 520 °R R (universal gas constant) =  $\frac{10.73 \text{ psi} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{\text{lb} \cdot \text{mol} \cdot \text{°R}}$ 

 $\frac{0.000015 \, lb - S}{lb - fuel} \times \frac{7.1 \, lb}{gal} \times \frac{64 \, lb - SO_2}{32 \, lb - S} \times \frac{l \, MMBtu}{9,051 \, scf} \times \frac{1 \, gal}{0.137 \, MMBtu} \times \frac{lb - mol}{64 \, lb - SO_2} \times \frac{10.73 \, psi - ft^3}{lb - mol - ^{\circ}R} \times \frac{520^{\circ}R}{14.7 \, psi} \times 1,000,000 = 1.0 \, ppmv$ 

Since 1.0 ppmv is  $\leq$  2,000 ppmv, this engine is expected to comply with Rule 4801. Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

 Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

### California Health & Safety Code 42301.6 (School Notice)

The District has verified that this site is located within 1,000 feet of the following school:

School Name: Albany Park Elementary School Address: 235 West 20<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Delano, CA 93215

Therefore, pursuant to California Health and Safety Code 42301.6, a school notice is required.

Prior to the issuance of the ATC for this equipment, notices will be provided to the parents/guardians of all students of the affected school, and will be sent to all residents within 1,000 ft of the site.

The District has verified that there are no additional schools within 1/4 mile of the emission source.

# Title 17 California Code of Regulations (CCR), Section 93115 - Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines

The following table demonstrates how the proposed engine(s) will comply with the requirements of Title 17 CCR Section 93115.

Title 17 CCR Section 93115 Requirements for New Emergency IC Engines Powering Electrical Generators	Proposed Method of Compliance with Title 17 CCR Section 93115 Requirements
Emergency engine(s) must be fired on CARB diesel fuel, or an approved alternative diesel fuel.	The applicant has proposed the use of CARB certified diesel fuel. The proposed permit condition, requiring the use of CARB certified diesel fuel, was included earlier in this evaluation.

### City of Delano S-6479, S-1141716

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The engine(s) must emit diesel PM at a rate less than or equal to 0.15 g/bhp-hr or must meet the diesel PM standard, as specified in the Off-road compression ignition standards for off-road engines with the same maximum rated power (Title 13 CCR, Section 2423).	The applicant has proposed the use of engine(s) that are certified to the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range, guaranteeing compliance with the emission standards of Subpart IIII. Additionally, the proposed diesel PM emissions rate is less than or equal to 0.15 g/bhp-hr.
The engine may not be operated more than 50 hours per year for maintenance and testing purposes.	<ul> <li>The following condition will be included on the permit:</li> <li>This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]</li> </ul>
New stationary emergency standby diesel- fueled CI engines (> 50 bhp) must meet the standards for off-road engines of the same model year and maximum rated power as specified in the Off-Road Compression Ignition Engine Standards (title 13, CCR, section 2423).	The applicant has proposed the use of engine(s) that are certified to the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range.
Engines, with a PM10 emissions rate greater than 0.01 g/bhp-hr and located at schools, may not be operated for maintenance and testing whenever there is a school sponsored activity on the grounds. Additionally, engines located within 500 feet of school grounds may not be operated for maintenance and testing between 7:30 AM and 3:30 PM	<ul> <li>Since the engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the following condition will be included on the permit:</li> <li>{3416} If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115]</li> </ul>
An owner or operator shall maintain monthly records of the following: emergency use hours of operation; maintenance and testing hours of operation; hours of operation for emission testing; initial start-up testing hours; hours of operation for all other uses; and the type of fuel used. All records shall be retained for a minimum of 36 months.	Permit conditions enforcing these requirements were shown earlier in the evaluation.

### California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires each public agency to adopt objectives, criteria, and specific procedures consistent with CEQA Statutes and the CEQA Guidelines for administering its responsibilities under CEQA, including the orderly evaluation of projects and preparation of environmental documents. The San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (District) adopted its *Environmental Review Guidelines* (ERG) in 2001. The basic purposes of CEQA are to:

- Inform governmental decision-makers and the public about the potential, significant environmental effects of proposed activities.
- Identify the ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced.
- Prevent significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes in projects through the use of alternatives or mitigation measures when the governmental agency finds the changes to be feasible.
- Disclose to the public the reasons why a governmental agency approved the project in the manner the agency chose if significant environmental effects are involved.

The District performed an Engineering Evaluation (this document) for the proposed project and determined that the project qualifies for ministerial approval under the District's Guideline for Expedited Application Review (GEAR). Section 21080 of the Public Resources Code exempts from the application of CEQA those projects over which a public agency exercises only ministerial approval. Therefore, the District finds that this project is exempt from the provisions of CEQA.

### IX. Recommendation

Pending a successful School Noticing period and NSR Public Noticing period, issue Authority to Construct S-6479-2-0 subject to the permit conditions on the attached draft Authority to Construct in Appendix A.

### X. Billing Information

Billing Schedule			
Permit Number	Fee Schedule	Fee Description	Fee Amount
S-6479-2-0	3020-10-D	755 bhp IC engine	\$479.00

### Appendixes

- A. Draft ATC
- B. BACT Guideline and BACT Analysis
- C. Emissions Data Sheet
- D. HRA Summary and AAQA
- E. QNEC Calculations

# Appendix A Draft ATC

### San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

## **AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT**

ISS

PERMIT NO: S-6479-2-0

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: CITY OF DELANO MAILING ADDRESS: 725 LEXINGTON DELANO, CA 93215

LOCATION:

2011 ALBANY STREET DELANO, CA

#### EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

755 BHP CUMMINS MODEL QSX15-G9-NR2 TIER 2 CERTIFIED DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

### CONDITIONS

- 1. Permit to Operate S-6479-1 shall be surrendered prior to or concurrently with the implementation of this project. [District Rule 2201]
- 2. {14} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
- 3. {15} No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- 4. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- 5. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
- 6. {4257} This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]
- 7. {4258} Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- 8. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 3.7 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 0.4 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.2 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 2201, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.08 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII] CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU <u>MUST</u> NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of <u>all-other</u> governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Seyed Sadredin, Executive Directory APCO

Arnaud Marjollel, Director of Permit Services S-8479-2-0: Apr 30 2014 2:17PM - RAMIREZH : Joint Inspection NOT Required

Southern Regional Office • 34946 Flyover Court • Bakersfield, CA 93308 • (661) 392-5500 • Fax (661) 392-5585

#### Conditions for S-6479-2-0 (continued)

- 10. {4261} This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]
- 11. {3478} During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702]
- 12. {3807} An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]
- 13. {3808} This engine shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702]
- 14. {3496} The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
- 15. {4262} This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- 16. {3416} If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115]
- 17. {4263} The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
- 18. {3475} All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

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# Appendix B BACT Guideline and BACT Analysis

## San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District

Best Available Control Technology (BACT) Guideline 3.1.1 Last Update: 7/10/2009 Emergency Diesel IC Engine			
Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or in the SIP	Technologically Feasible	Alternate Basic Equipment
со	Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range	· · ·	
NOX	Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range		
PM10	0.15 g/hp-hr or the Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. (ATCM)		• •
SOX	Very low sulfur diesel fuel (15 ppmw sulfur or less)		
VOC	Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range		

BACT is the most stringent control technique for the emissions unit and class of source. Control techniques that are not achieved in practice or contained in a state implementation plan must be cost effective as well as feasible. Economic analysis to demonstrate cost effectiveness is required for all determinations that are not achieved in practice or contained in an EPA approved State Implementation Plan.

### Top Down BACT Analysis for the Emergency IC Engine

BACT Guideline 3.1.1 applies to emergency diesel IC engine. In accordance with the District BACT policy, information from that guideline will be utilized without further analysis.

### **1. BACT Analysis for NO<sub>X</sub> and VOC Emissions:**

### a. Step 1 - Identify all control technologies

BACT Guideline 3.1.1 identifies only the following option:

### • Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range

To determine the latest applicable Tier level, the following EPA and state regulations were consulted:

- 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
- 40 CFR Part 89 Control of Emissions from New and In-Use Nonroad Compression Ignition Engines
- 40 CFR Part 1039 Control of Emissions from New and In-Use Nonroad Compression-Ignition Engines
- Title 17 CCR, Section 93115 Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines

40 CFR Parts 89 and 1039, which apply only to nonroad engines, do not directly apply because the proposed emergency engine(s) do not meet the definition of a nonroad engine. Therefore, only Title 17 CCR, Section 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII apply directly to the proposed emergency engine(s).

Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.6(a)(3)(A) (CARB stationary diesel engine ATCM) applies to emergency standby diesel-fired engines and requires that such engines be certified to the emission levels in Table 1 (below). Please note that these levels are at least as stringent or more stringent than the emission levels in 40 CFR Subpart IIII.

Table 1: Emissio	on Standa	rds for New Sta Engines g/t	tionary Emer hp-hr (g/kW-l	gency Standby Diese hr)	el-Fueled Cl
Maximum Engine Power	Tier	Model Year(s)	РМ	NMHC+NOx	со
HP > 750 (kW > 560)	2	2007 2008+	0.15 (0.20)	4.8 (6.4)	2.6 (3.5)

For engines rated equal to or greater than 750 hp the highest Tier required is Tier 2.

Also, please note that neither the state ATCM nor the Code of Federal Regulations require the installation of IC engines meeting a higher Tier standard than those listed above for emergency applications, due to concerns regarding the effectiveness of the exhaust emissions controls during periods of short-term operation (such as testing operational readiness of an emergency engine).

The proposed engine is rated at 755 hp. Therefore, the applicable control technology option is EPA Tier 2 certification.

### b. Step 2 - Eliminate technologically infeasible options

The control option listed in Step 1 is not technologically infeasible.

### c. Step 3 - Rank remaining options by control effectiveness

No ranking needs to be done because there is only one control option listed in Step 1.

### d. Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed the only control option remaining under consideration. Therefore, a cost effectiveness analysis is not required.

### e. Step 5 - Select BACT

BACT for NOx and VOC will be the use of an EPA Tier 2 certified engine. The applicant is proposing such a unit. Therefore, BACT will be satisfied.

### 2. BACT Analysis for PM<sub>10</sub> Emissions:

### a. Step 1 - Identify all control technologies

BACT Guideline 3.1.1 identifies only the following option:

• 0.15 g/bhp-hr or the Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. (ATCM)

The latest EPA Tier Certification level for an engine of the proposed model year and horsepower rating is Tier 2. Refer to the Top-Down BACT analysis for NOx for a discussion regarding the determination of the EPA Tier level to be considered.

Please note Tier 2 or 3 IC engines do not have a PM emission standard that is more stringent than 0.15 g/hp-hr. Additionally, the ATCM requires a PM emission standard of 0.15 g/hp-hr for all new emergency diesel IC engines.

Therefore, a PM/PM10 emission standard of 0.15 g/hp-hr is required as BACT.

### b. Step 2 - Eliminate technologically infeasible options

The control option listed in Step 1 is not technologically infeasible.

### c. Step 3 - Rank remaining options by control effectiveness

No ranking needs to be done because there is only one control option listed in Step 1.

### d. Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed the only control option remaining under consideration. Therefore, a cost effectiveness analysis is not required.

### e. Step 5 - Select BACT

BACT for PM10 is emissions of 0.15 g/hp-hr or less. The applicant is proposing an engine that meets this requirement. Therefore, BACT will be satisfied.

# Appendix C Emissions Data Sheet



Power Generation

## Exhaust Emission Data Sheet 500DFEK

Bore: Stroke:

Displacement:

### 60 Hz Diesel Generator Set EPA NSPS Stationary Emergency

5.39 in. (137 mm)

6.65 in. (169 mm) 912 cu. in. (14.9 liters )

#### **Engine Information:**

Model:	Cummins	s Inc. QSX15-G9 NR 2
Nameplate BHP	@ 1800 RF	PM: 755
Type:	4 Cycle,	In-Line, 6 Cylinder Diesel
Aspiration:	Turbo-ch	arged with air-to-air charge air cooling
Compression Ra	atio:	17:1
Emission Contro	Device:	Turbocharged and Charge Air Cooled

Full Full 1/2 3/4 1/4 **Standby** Standby Standby Prime PERFORMANCE DATA Standby 668 Engine HP @ Stated Load (1800 RPM) 379 555 732 202 25.8 34.7 30.6 18.7 11.3 Fuel Consumption (gal/hr) 3625 3160 Exhaust Gas Flow (CFM) 2730 1400 2150 880 745 830 820 900 Exhaust Temperature (°F) EXHAUST EMISSION DATA HC (Total Unburned Hydrocarbons) 0.08 0.18 0:07 0.06 0.11 NOx (Oxides of Nitrogen as NO2) 2.85 3.60 4.60 4.85 5.15 0.31 0.41 CO (Carbon Monoxide) 0.45 0.33 0.47 0.05 0.05 0.02 0.08 0.05 PM (particular Matter) 0.55 0.61 0.31 0.38 0.52 Smoke (Pierburg) All values are Grams per HP-Hour

### TEST METHODS AND CONDITIONS

#### **Test Methods:**

Steady-State emissions recorded per ISO8178-1 during operation at rated engine speed (+/-2%) and stated constant load (+/-2%) with engine temperatures, pressures and emission rated stabilized.

Fuel Specification:40-48 Cetane Number, 0.05 Wt.% max. Sulfur; Reference ISO8178-5, 40CFR86.1313-98Type 2-D and ASTM D975 No. 2-D.

#### **Reference Conditions:**

25 °C (77 °F) Air Inlet Temperature, 40 °C (104 °F) Fuel Inlet Temperature, 100 kPa (29.53 in Hg) Barometric Pressure; 10.7 g/kg (75 grains H<sub>2</sub>O/lb) of dry air Humidity (required for NOx correction); Intake Restriction set to maximum allowable limit for clean filter; Exhaust Back pressure set to maximum allowable limit.

Data was taken from a single engine test according to the test methods, fuel specification and reference conditions stated above and is subjected to instrumentation and engine-to-engine variability. Tests conducted with alternate test methods, instrumentation, fuel or reference conditions can yield different results.

Data Subject to Change Without Notice.

Cummins Power Generation



## 2014 EPA Tier 2 Exhaust Emission Compliance Statement 500DFEK Stationary Emergency

60 Hz Diesel Generator Set

#### **Compliance Information:**

The engine used in this generator set complies with Tier 2 emissions limit of U.S. EPA New Source Performance Standards for stationary emergency engines under the provisions of 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII when tested per ISO8178 D2. Engine Manufacturer: Cummins Inc

Engine Manufacturer: EPA Certificate Number: Effective Date: Date Issued: EPA Engine Family (Cummins Emissions Family):

ECEXL015.AAJ-018 05/20/2013 05/20/2013 ECEXL015.AAJ (J103)

#### Engine Information:

Model:QSX / QSX15 / QSX15-G / QSX15-G9Engine Nameplate HP:755Type:4 Cycle, In-line, 6 Cylinder DieselAspiration:Turbocharged and CACEmission Control Device:Electronic Control

Bore:	5.39 in. (137 mm)
Stroke:	6.65 in. (169 mm)
Displacement:	912 cu. in. (15 liters)
Compression Ra	atio: 17.0:1
Exhaust Stack D	Diameter: 8 in.

## Diesel Fuel Emission Limits

D2 Cycle Exhaust Emissions	Grams per BHP-hr			Grams per kWm-hr		
	<u>NOx +</u> NMHC	<u>co</u>	<u>PM</u>	NOx + NMHC	<u>co</u>	<u>PM</u>
Test Results - Diesel Fuel (300-4000 ppm Sulfur)	4.3	0.4	0.10	5.7	0.6	0.13
EPA Emissions Limit	4.8	2.6	0.15	6.4	3.5	0.20
Test Results - CARB Diesel Fuel (<15 ppm Sulfur)	3.9	0.4	0.08	5.2	0.6	0.11
CARB Emissions Limit	4.8	2.6	0.15	6.4	3.5	0.20

The CARB emission values are based on CARB approved calculations for converting EPA (500 ppm) fuel to CARB (15 ppm) fuel. **Test Methods:** EPA/CARB Nonroad emissions recorded per 40CFR89 (ref. ISO8178-1) and weighted at load points prescribed in Subpart E, Appendix A for Constant Speed Engines (ref. ISO8178-4, D2)

Diesel Fuel Specifications: Cetane Number: 40-48. Reference: ASTM D975 No. 2-D.

Reference Conditions: Air Inlet Temperature: 25°C (77°F), Fuel Inlet Temperature: 40°C (104°F). Barometric Pressure: 100 kPa (29.53 in Hg), Humidity: 10.7 g/kg (75 grains H2O/Ib) of dry air; required for NOx correction, Restrictions: Intake Restriction set to a maximum allowable limit for clean filter; Exhaust Back Pressure set to a maximum allowable limit.

Tests conducted using alternate test methods, instrumentation, fuel or reference conditions can yield different results. Engine operation with excessive air intake or exhaust restriction beyond published maximum limits, or with improper maintenance, may result in elevated emission levels.

# Appendix D HRA Summary and AAQA

### San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District Risk Management Review

То:	Homero Ramirez - Permit Services
From:	Cheryl Lawler - Permit Services
Date:	April 29, 2014
Facility Name:	City of Delano
Location:	2011 Albany Street, Delano
Application #(s):	S-6479-2-0
Project #:	S-1141716

### A. RMR SUMMARY

RMR Summary				
Categories	Emergency Diesel ICE (Unit 2-0)	Project Totals	Facility Totals	
Prioritization Score	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	>1	
Acute Hazard Index	N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A <sup>2</sup>	0.00	
Chronic Hazard Index	N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A <sup>2</sup>	0.00	
Maximum Individual Cancer Risk	3.3E-07	3.3E-07	3.3E-07	
T-BACT Required?	No			
Special Permit Conditions?	Yes	<ul> <li>Mean and show the second second</li></ul>		

1 Prioritization for this unit was not conducted since it has been determined that all diesel-fired IC engines will result in a prioritization score greater than 1.0.

2 Acute and Chronic Hazard Indices were not calculated since there is no risk factor, or the risk factor is so low that the risk has been determined to be insignificant for this type of unit.

### **Proposed Permit Conditions**

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the following permit conditions must be included for:

### <u>Unit 2-0</u>

- 1. The PM10 emissions rate shall not exceed **0.08** g/bhp-hr based on US EPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201]
- {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102] N
- 3. This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed **50** hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

#### City of Delano, Project S-6479, S-1141716 Page 2 of 3

### B. RMR REPORT

### I. Project Description

Technical Services received a request on April 29, 2014, to perform an Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA) and a Risk Management Review (RMR) for a 755 bhp emergency diesel IC engine powering an electrical generator. This engine will replace the engine that is currently permitted as Unit 1-0.

### II. Analysis

Diesel exhaust emissions and the Cancer Risk from the engine were calculated using the District approved DICE spreadsheet.

The following parameters were used for the review:

Analysis Parameters						
PM <sub>10</sub> g/hp-hr	PM <sub>10</sub> g/hp-hr 0.08 Source Type					
BHP	755	Stack Diameter (m)	0.2			
Closest Receptor (m)	83.82	Stack Height (m)				
Max Hours per Year	50	Stack Gas Temp. (K)	755			
Location Type	Urban	Stack Gas Velocity (m/s)	52.76			

Technical Services also performed modeling for criteria pollutants NOx, SOx, and  $PM_{10}$ ; as well as the RMR. The emission rates used for criteria pollutant modeling were 308 lb/yr NOx, 0 lb/yr SOx, and 7 lb/yr  $PM_{10}$ .

The results from the Criteria Pollutant Modeling are as follows:

### **Criteria Pollutant Modeling Results\***

Diesel ICE	1 Hour	3 Hours	8 Hours	24 Hours	Annual
CO	NA <sup>1</sup>	Х	NA <sup>1</sup>	X	X
NO <sub>x</sub>	NA <sup>1</sup>	X	X	X	Pass
SOx	NA <sup>1</sup>	NA <sup>1</sup>	X	NA <sup>1</sup>	Pass
PM <sub>10</sub>	X	. X .	X	NA <sup>1</sup>	Pass <sup>2</sup>

\*Results were taken from the attached PSD spreadsheet.

<sup>1</sup>The project is an intermittent source as defined in APR-1920. In accordance with APR-1920, compliance with short-term (i.e., 1-hour, 3-hour, 8-hour, and 24-hour) standards is not required.

<sup>2</sup>The criteria pollutants are below EPA's level of significance as found in 40 CFR Part 51.165 (b)(2).

#### City of Delano, Project S-6479, S-1141716 Page 3 of 3

### III. Conclusions

The emissions from the proposed equipment will not cause or contribute significantly to a violation of the State and National AAQS.

The Cancer Risk associated with the operation of the proposed diesel IC engine is less than 1.0 in a million. In accordance with the District's Risk Management Policy, the project is approved **without** Toxic Best Available Control Technology (T-BACT).

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the permit conditions listed on Page 1 of this report must be included for the proposed unit.

These conclusions are based on the data provided by the applicant and the project engineer. Therefore, this analysis is valid only as long as the proposed data and parameters do not change.

### **Attachments**

RMR Request Form & Related Documents Project Email DICE Spreadsheet AAQA Results Facility Summary AERMOD Non-Regulatory Option Checklist

### AAQA for City of Delano (S-6479-2-0) All Values are in Micrograms per Cubic Meter

	NOx 1 Hour	NOx Annual	CO 1 Hour	CO 8 Hour	SOx 1 Hour	SOx 3 Hour	SOx 24 Hour	SOx Annual	PM 24 Hour	PM Annual
ICE	0.0E+00	6.2E-02	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.00E+00	1.42E-03
Background	9.0E+01	1.3E+01	4.1E+03	2.6E+03	3.9E+01	2.0E+02	8.0E+00	1.8E+01	2.67E+02	8.30E+01
Facility Totals	89.9	13.5	4,077.5	2,563.0	39.0	196.0	8.0	18.0	267.0	83.0
AAQS	188.7	56.0	23,000.0	10,000.0	195. <b>0</b>	1,300.0	105.0	80.0	50.0	30.0
	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Fail Pr	<b>Jak</b>

### EPA's Significance Level (ug/m^3)

significance Level

NOx	NOx	CO	CO	SOx	SOx	SOx	SOx	PM	PM
1 Hour	Annual	1 Hour	8 Hour	1 Hour	3 Hour	24 Hour	Annual	24 Hour	Annual
0.0	1.0	2000.0	500.0	0.0	25.0	5.0	1.0	5.0	1.0

# AAQA Emission (g/sec)

•

Device	NOx 1 Hour	NOx Annual	CO 1 Hour	CO 8 Hour	SOx 1 Hour	SOx 3 Hour	SOx 24 Hour	SOx Annual	PM 24 Hour	PM Annual	
ICE	0.00E+00	4.43E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.01E-04	

# Appendix E QNEC Calculations

### Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The Quarterly Net Emissions Change is used to complete the emission profile screen for the District's PAS database. The QNEC shall be calculated as follows:

QNEC = PE2 - PE1, where:

QNEC = Quarterly Net Emissions Change for each emissions unit, lb/qtr PE2 = Post-Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr

PE1 = Pre-Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr

Since this is a new unit, PE1 = 0 for all pollutants. Thus, QNEC = PE2 (lb/qtr).

Using the PE2 (lb/yr) values calculated in Section VII.C.2, Quarterly PE2 is calculated as follows:

QNEC							
Pollutant	PE2 Total (lb/yr)	Quarterly PE2 (lb/qtr)					
NO <sub>X</sub>	308	77.0					
SO <sub>x</sub>	0	0.0					
PM <sub>10</sub>	7	1.8					
CO	33	8.3					
VOC ·	17	4.3					

PE2<sub>quarterly</sub> = PE2 (lb/yr) ÷ 4 quarters/year = QNEC

## IC Engine Permit Conditions

- {14} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
- {15} No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
- {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
- {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
- {4257} This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]
- {4258} Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]
- {4259} Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: X.XX g-NOx/bhp-hr, X.XX g-CO/bhp-hr, or X.XX g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 2201, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- {4260} Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed X.XX g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]
- {4261} This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]
- {3478} During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702]

- {3807} An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702] N
- {3808} This engine shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702]
- {3496} The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
- {4262} This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]
- {4263} The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
- {3475} All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

{Use the following condition only if the engine is located within 500' of a school and is not on school grounds; otherwise delete}

• {3416} If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115]

{Use the following condition only if the engine is located on school grounds}

• {3417} If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, whenever there is a school sponsored activity. [17 CCR 93115]