



OCT 0 7 2019

Lauren Netzer Sentinel Peak Resources 1200 Discovery Drive, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93309

RE:

Final - Authority to Construct / Certificate of Conformity (Significant

Modification)

Facility Number: S-1372 Project Number: S-1190870

Dear Ms. Netzer:

The Air Pollution Control Officer has issued the Authority to Construct permits to Sentinel Peak Resources for two steam generators, in western Kern County. Enclosed are the Authority to Construct permits and a copy of the notice of final action to be published approximately three days from the date of this letter.

Notice of the District's preliminary decision to issue the Authority to Construct permits was published on 8/8/19. The District's analysis of the proposal was also sent to CARB and US EPA Region IX on 8/5/19. All comments received following the District's preliminary decision on this project were considered.

Comments received by the District during the public notice period resulted in revision to the appliction review's Rule 2520 discusison. The comments did not result in a revision of the permits. These changes were minor and did not trigger additional public notification requirements, nor did they have any impact upon the Best Available Control Technology determination or on the amount of offsets required for project approval. The EPA's comments and the District's responses are included in Appendix G of the revised enclosed application review.

Also enclosed is an invoice for the engineering evaluation fees pursuant to District Rule 3010. Please remit the amount owed, along with a copy of the attached invoice, within 60 days.

> Samir Sheikh **Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer**

Northern Region 4800 Enterprise Way Modesto, CA 95356-8718 Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475

Central Region (Main Office) 1990 E. Gettysburg Avenue Fresno, CA 93726-0244 Tel: (559) 230-6000 FAX: (559) 230-6061

Southern Region 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725 Tel: 661-392-5500 FAX: 661-392-5585 Prior to operating with the modifications authorized by the Authority to Construct, you must submit an application to modify the Title V permit as an administrative amendment in accordance with District Rule 2520, Section 11.5. Application forms have been enclosed for your use. These forms may also be found on the District's website at www.valleyair.org.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Leonard Scandura at (661) 392-5500.

Sincerely.

Arnaud Marjollet

Director of Permit Services

AM:DBT

Enclosures

cc: Courtney Graham, CARB (w/enclosure) via email

cc: Gerardo C. Rios, EPA (w/enclosure) via email





Facility # S-1372 SENTINEL PEAK RESOURCES CALLC 1200 DISCOVERY DR, STE 500 BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT (ATC) QUICK START GUIDE

- 1. Pay Invoice: Please pay enclosed invoice before due date.
- 2. Modify Your Title V Permit. Prior to operating the equipment authorized under this ATC, submit an application to modify your Title V permit. See application forms at http://www.valleyair.org/busind/pto/ptoforms/1ptoformidx.htm.
- 3. Fully Understand ATC: Make sure you understand ALL conditions in the ATC prior to construction, modification and/or operation.
- 4. Follow ATC: You must construct, modify and/or operate your equipment as specified on the ATC. Any unspecified changes may require a new ATC.
- 5. **Notify District**: You must notify the District's Compliance Department, at the telephone numbers below, upon start-up and/or operation under the ATC. Please record the date construction or modification commenced and the date the equipment began operation under the ATC. You may NOT operate your equipment until you have notified the District's Compliance Department. A startup inspection may be required prior to receiving your Permit to Operate.
- 6. Source Test: Schedule and perform any required source testing. See http://www.valleyair.org/busind/comply/source testing.htm for source testing resources.
- Maintain Records: Maintain all records required by ATC. Records are reviewed during every inspection (or upon request) and must be retained for at least 5 years. Sample record keeping forms can be found at http://www.valleyair.org/busind/comply/compliance_forms.htm.

By operating in compliance, you are doing your part to improve air quality for all Valley residents.

For assistance, please contact District Compliance staff at any of the telephone numbers listed below.

Samir Sheikh

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

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AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-1372-437-0 **ISSUANCE DATE: 09/20/2019**

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: SENTINEL PEAK RESOURCES CA LLC

MAILING ADDRESS:

1200 DISCOVERY DR. STE 500 BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

SECTION: NW 7 TOWNSHIP: 30S RANGE: 22E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#76) WITH A NORTH AMERICAN GLE BURNER, FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION AND AN O2 CONTROLLER

CONDITIONS

- This Authority to Construct serves as a written certificate of conformity with the procedural requirements of 40 CFR 1. 70.7 and 70.8 and with the compliance requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(c). [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Prior to operating with modifications authorized by this Authority to Construct, the facility shall submit an application to modify the Title V permit with an administrative amendment in accordance with District Rule 2520 Section 5.3.4. [District Rule 2520, 5.3.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender NOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter - 1,731 lb, 2nd quarter - 1,731 lb, 3rd quarter - 1,732 lb, and 4th quarter - 1,732 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- ERC Certificate Number S-4837-2 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with ali Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Samir Sheikh, Executive Director / APCO

Amaud Marjollet, Director of Permit Services

- 5. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender SOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 795 lb, 2nd quarter 796 lb, 3rd quarter 796 lb, and 4th quarter 796 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 6. ERC Certificate Number N-1417-5 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 7. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender PM10 emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 8. ERC Certificate Number S-5067-4 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 9. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender VOC emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 10. ERC Certificate Numbers C-1420-1 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. The sulfur content of any fuel, or fuels combined, shall not exceed 1 grains of total sulfur (as H2S) per 100 dscf of fuel gas. [District Rules 2201 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD or double GC performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested monthly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 6 consecutive months for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, monthly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. Emissions shall not exceed 16.7 lb-NOx/day or 4617 lb-NOx/yr or 55.6 lb-CO/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

- 18. Except during startup and shutdown, emissions shall not exceed any of the following limits: 5 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.003 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 25 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0.0185 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.003 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. Emissions rates during startup and shutdown shall not exceed 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu or 0.074 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. Duration of startup and shutdown (combined) shall not exceed 4.0 hr day. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. Flue gas recirculation system shall be operated whenever steam generator is operated. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. All NOx, CO, and O2 emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The NOx, CO, and O2 analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute sample period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive minute period. [District Rule]
- 25. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Source testing to measure NOx, CO, and VOC emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320]

- 29. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. When the unit changes fuel source, the unit shall undergo source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions within 60 days of the change unless the unit has already undergone source testing in the last twelve (12) months or thirty-six (36) months after demonstrating compliance on the previous two (2) source tests when fired on that fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Compliance demonstration (source testing) shall be by District witnessed, or authorized, sample collection by ARB certified testing laboratory. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content EPA Method 4; SOx EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. Records of sulfur content (gr S/100 scf) of combusted gas shall be maintained. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 39. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit





AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-1372-438-0 ISSUANCE DATE: 09/20/2019

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: SENTINEL PEAK RESOURCES CA LLC

MAILING ADDRESS: 1200 DISCOVERY DR, STE 500

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

LOCATION: HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

CA

SECTION: NE7 TOWNSHIP: 30S RANGE: 22E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#77) WITH A NORTH AMERICAN GLE BURNER, FLUE

GAS RECIRCULATION AND AN O2 CONTROLLER

CONDITIONS

- 1. This Authority to Construct serves as a written certificate of conformity with the procedural requirements of 40 CFR 70.7 and 70.8 and with the compliance requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(c). [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 2. Prior to operating with modifications authorized by this Authority to Construct, the facility shall submit an application to modify the Title V permit with an administrative amendment in accordance with District Rule 2520 Section 5.3.4. [District Rule 2520, 5.3.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 3. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender NOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 1,731 lb, 2nd quarter 1,731 lb, 3rd quarter 1,732 lb, and 4th quarter 1,732 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 4. ERC Certificate Number S-4837-2 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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Samir Sheikh, Executive Director / APCO

Arnaud Marjollet, Director of Permit Services

- 5. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender SOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 795 lb, 2nd quarter 796 lb, 3rd quarter 796 lb, and 4th quarter 796 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
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- 7. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender PM10 emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 8. ERC Certificate Number S-5067-4 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 9. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender VOC emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 10. ERC Certificate Numbers C-1420-1 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
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- 13. The sulfur content of any fuel, or fuels combined, shall not exceed 1 grains of total sulfur (as H2S) per 100 dscf of fuel gas. [District Rules 2201 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD or double GC performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested monthly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 6 consecutive months for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, monthly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
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- 18. Except during startup and shutdown, emissions shall not exceed any of the following limits: 5 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.003 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 25 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0.0185 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.003 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. Emissions rates during startup and shutdown shall not exceed 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu or 0.074 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
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- 21. Flue gas recirculation system shall be operated whenever steam generator is operated. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. All NOx, CO, and O2 emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The NOx, CO, and O2 analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute sample period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive minute period. [District Rule]
- 25. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Source testing to measure NOx, CO, and VOC emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320]

- 29. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. When the unit changes fuel source, the unit shall undergo source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions within 60 days of the change unless the unit has already undergone source testing in the last twelve (12) months or thirty-six (36) months after demonstrating compliance on the previous two (2) source tests when fired on that fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Compliance demonstration (source testing) shall be by District witnessed, or authorized, sample collection by ARB certified testing laboratory. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content EPA Method 4; SOx EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. Records of sulfur content (gr S/100 scf) of combusted gas shall be maintained. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 39. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

Final Application Review

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

Authority to Construct Application Review

Facility Name: Sentinel Peak Resources Date: 10/2/19

Mailing Address: 1200 Discovery Drive, Suite 100 Engineer: David Torii

Bakersfield, CA 93309 Lead Engineer: Rich Karrs

Contact Person: Lauren Netzer

Telephone: (661) 395-5285

Application #(s): S-1372-437-0 and '438-0

Project #: 1190870

Deemed Complete: 5/28/19

I. Proposal

Sentinel Peak Resources (SPR) has requested an Authority to Construct (ATC) permit for the installation of two 85 MMBtu/hr natural gas fired steam generators.

SPR has received their Title V Permit. This modification can be classified as a Title V significant modification pursuant to Rule 2520, and can be processed with a Certificate of Conformity (COC). Since the facility has specifically requested that this project be processed in that manner, the 45-day EPA comment period will be satisfied prior to the issuance of the Authority to Construct. SPR must apply to administratively amend their Title V permit.

Note:

During the public comment period, EPA commented that the application review (Page 1, Project Proposal) contained conflicting language regarding whether the project was being processed with a Certificate of Conformity (COC). The District removed the conflicting language, clarifying that the project was being processed with a COC (see above). Additionally, EPA commented that the Rule 2520 discussion on page 21 of the application review incorrectly described the project as a Minor Modification. The District agreed with EPA's determination and corrected the discussion on Page 21 to state that the project was a Significant Modification. For further details, please see Appendix G.

II. Applicable Rules

Rule 2201 Rule 2410 Rule 2520	New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (8/15/19) Prevention of Significant Deterioration (6/16/11) Federally Mandated Operating Permits (8/15/19)
Rule 4001	New Source Performance Standards (4/14/99)
Rule 4002	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (5/20/04)
Rule 4101	Visible Emissions (2/17/05)
Rule 4102	Nuisance (12/17/92)
Rule 4201	Particulate Matter Concentration (12/17/92)
Rule 4301	Fuel Burning Equipment (12/17/92)
Rule 4305	Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 2 (8/21/03)
Rule 4306	Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 3 (10/16/08)
Rule 4320	Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators,
	and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr (10/16/08)
Rule 4801	Sulfur Compounds (12/17/92)
CH&SC 41700	Health Risk Assessment
CH&SC 42301.6	School Notice

Public Resources Code 21000-21177: California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3, Sections 15000-15387: CEQA Guidelines

III. Project Location

The equipment will be located at the Star fee steam #2 plant in the within the NW/4 of Section 7, Township 30S, Range 22E in SPR's Heavy Oil Western stationary source. The equipment is not located within 1,000 feet of the outer boundary of a K-12 school. Therefore, the public notification requirement of California Health and Safety Code 42301.6 is not applicable to this project.

IV. Process Description

SPR operates permitted equipment utilized for the production of crude oil and natural gas. In thermally enhanced oil recovery (TEOR) operations, natural gas is combusted in steam generators to produce steam for injection into heavy crude oil bearing strata via injection wells to reduce the viscosity of the crude oil, thereby facilitating thermally enhanced oil production.

In this project SPR is proposing to install two 85 MMBtu/hr steam generators.

V. Equipment Listing

S-1375-437-0: 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#76) WITH A NORTH AMERICAN GLE BURNER, FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION AND AN

02 CONTROLLER

S-1375-438-0: 85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#77) WITH A

NORTH AMERICAN GLE BURNER, FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION AND AN

02 CONTROLLER

VI. Emission Control Technology Evaluation

Emissions from gas-fired steam generators include NOx, CO, VOC, PM₁₀, and SOx.

Low-NO_x burners reduce NO_x formation by producing lower flame temperatures (and longer flames) than conventional burners. Conventional burners thoroughly mix all the fuel and air in a single stage just prior to combustion, whereas low-NO_x burners delay the mixing of fuel and air by introducing the fuel (or sometimes the air) in multiple stages. Generally, in the first combustion stage, the air-fuel mixture is fuel rich. In a fuel rich environment, all the oxygen will be consumed in reactions with the fuel, leaving no excess oxygen available to react with nitrogen to produce thermal NO_x. In the secondary and tertiary stages, the combustion zone is maintained in a fuel-lean environment. The excess air in these stages helps to reduce the flame temperature so that the reaction between the excess oxygen with nitrogen is minimized.

The use of flue gas re-circulation (FGR) can reduce nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions by 60 - 70%. In an FGR system, a portion of the flue gas is re-circulated back to the inlet air. As flue gas is composed mainly of nitrogen and the products of combustion, it is much lower in oxygen than the inlet air and contains virtually no combustible hydrocarbons to burn. Thus, flue gas is

practically inert. The addition of an inert mass of gas to the combustion reaction serves to absorb heat without producing heat, thereby lowering the flame temperature. Since thermal NOx is formed by high flame temperatures, the lower flame temperatures produced by FGR serve to reduce thermal NOx.

VII. General Calculations

A. Assumptions

To streamline emission calculations, PM2.5 emissions are assumed to be equal to PM10 emissions.

- The maximum operating schedule is 24 hours per day (per applicant)
- EPA F-factor for natural gas is 8,578 dscf/MMBtu (40 CFR 60, Appendix B)
- Natural/Field Gas Heating Value: 1,000 Btu/scf (District Practice)
- Maximum daily emissions are based on one startup and one shutdown (each) per day.
- Annual emissions are based on steady state emissions for 8760 hr/yr.

B. Emission Factors

D. II. 4 4		Emission Factors		
Pollutant	Startup	Steady State	Source	
NOx	15 ppm @ 3%O ₂ (0.018 MMBtu/hr)	0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu	5 ppmvd @ 3%O ₂	proposed
SOx		0.00285 lb SO2/MMBtu		District standard for natural gas
PM10		0.003 lb-PM10/MMBtu		FYI-328 and proposed
со	100 ppm @ 3%O ₂ (0.074 MMBtu/hr)	0.0185 lb-CO/MMBtu	25 ppmv @3% O2	BACT
VOC	3	0.003 lb-VOC/MMBtu		proposed

C. Calculations

1. Pre-Project Potential to Emit (PE1)

Since this is a new emissions unit, PE1 = 0 for all pollutants.

2. Post Project Potential to Emit (PE2)

The potential to emit for the units is calculated as follows, and summarized in the table below:

 $PE2_{SOx} = (0.00285 lb/MMBtu)(85 MMBtu/hr)(24 hr/day)$

= $5.8 lb SO_x/day$

= (0.00285 lb/MMBtu) * (85 MMBtu/hr)(24 hr/day)(365 day/year)

= 2,122 lb SOx/year

Daily Startup and Shutdown

NOx: (0.018 lb/MMBtu x 4 hr/day + 0.0062 lb/MMBtu x 20 hr/day)(85 MMBtu/hr) = 16.7 lb/day

CO: (0.074 lb/MMBtu x 4 hr/day + 0.0185 lb/MMBtu x 20 hr/day)(85 MMBtu/hr) = 56.6 lb/day

PE2 (Each Steam Generator)					
Pollutant	Daily Emissions (lb/day)	Annual Emissions (Ib/year)			
NO _X	16.7	4,617			
SO _X	5.8	2,122			
PM ₁₀	6.1	2,234			
CO	56.6	13,775			
VOC	6.1	2,234			

PE2 (Each Both Steam Generators)					
Pollutant	Daily Emissions (lb/day)	Annual Emissions (Ib/year)			
NO _X	33.4	9,234			
SO _X	11.6	4,244			
PM ₁₀	12.2	4,468			
СО	113.2	27,550			
VOC	12.2	4,468			

3. Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1)

Facility emissions are already above the Offset and Major Source Thresholds for all pollutants; therefore, SSPE1 calculations are not necessary.

4. Post Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2)

Facility emissions are already above the Offset and Major Source Thresholds for all pollutants; therefore, SSPE2 calculations are not necessary.

5. Major Source Determination

Rule 2201 Major Source Determination:

This source is an existing Major Source for all pollutants and will remain so. No change in other pollutants are proposed or expected as a result of this project.

Rule 2410 Major Source Determination:

The facility or the equipment evaluated under this project is not listed as one of the categories specified in 40 CFR 52.21 (b)(1)(iii). Therefore the PSD Major Source threshold is 250 tpy for any regulated NSR pollutant.

PSD Major Source Determination (tons/year)						
NO ₂ VOC SO ₂ CO PM PM ₁₀						
Estimated Facility PE before Project Increase				>250	163	
PSD Major Source Thresholds	250	250	250	250	25 0	250
PSD Major Source?	У	у	у	у	у	у

As shown above, the facility is an existing PSD major source for at least one pollutant.

6. Baseline Emissions (BE)

The BE calculation (in lb/year) is performed pollutant-by-pollutant for each unit within the project to calculate the QNEC, and if applicable, to determine the amount of offsets required.

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, BE = PE1 for:

- Any unit located at a non-Major Source,
- Any Highly-Utilized Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source,
- Any Fully-Offset Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source, or
- Any Clean Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source.

otherwise.

BE = Historic Actual Emissions (HAE), calculated pursuant to District Rule 2201.

Since these are new emissions units, BE = PE1 = 0 for all pollutants.

7. SB 288 Major Modification

SB 288 Major Modification is defined in 40 CFR Part 51.165 as "any physical change in or change in the method of operation of a major stationary source that would result in a significant net emissions increase of any pollutant subject to regulation under the Act."

Since this facility is a major source for all pollutants, the project's PE2 is compared to the SB 288 Major Modification Thresholds in the following table in order to determine if the SB 288 Major Modification calculation is required.

SB 288 Major Modification Thresholds						
Pollutant	Project PE2 (lb/year)	SB 288 Major Modification Calculation Required?				
NO _x	9,234	50,000	N			
SO _x	4,244	80,000	N			
PM ₁₀	4,468	30,000	N			
VOC	8,190	50,000	N			

Since none of the SB 288 Major Modification Thresholds are surpassed with this project, this project does not constitute an SB 288 Major Modification.

8. Federal Major Modification

District Rule 2201 states that a Federal Major Modification is the same as a "Major Modification" as defined in 40 CFR 51.165 and part D of Title I of the CAA.

The determination of Federal Major Modification is based on a two-step test. For the first step, only the emission *increases* are counted. Emission decreases may not cancel out the increases for this determination.

Step 1

For new emissions units, the increase in emissions is equal to the PE2 for each new unit included in this project.

The project's combined total emission increases are compared to the Federal Major Modification Thresholds in the following table.

Federal Major Modification Thresholds for Emission Increases							
Pollutant	Total Emissions Increases (lb/yr)	Thresholds (lb/yr)	Federal Major Modification?				
NO _x	9,234	0	Υ				
VOC	4,468	0	Υ				
PM ₁₀	4,468	30,000	N				
PM _{2.5}	4,468	20,000	N				
SO _x	8,190	80,000	N				

Since there is an increase in NO_x and VOC emissions, this project constitutes a Federal Major Modification. Federal Offset quantities are calculated below.

Federal Offset Quantities:

The Federal offset quantity is only calculated only for the pollutants for which the project is a Federal Major Modification. The Federal offset quantity is the sum of the annual emission changes for all new and modified emission units in a project calculated as the

potential to emit after the modification (PE2) minus the actual emissions (AE) during the baseline period for each emission unit multiplied by the applicable federal offset ratio. There are no special calculations performed for units covered by an SLC.

NOx		Federal Offset Ratio	1.5	
Permit No.	Actual Emissions (lb/year)	Potential Emissions (lb/year)	Emissions Change (lb/yr)	
S-1372-437-0 & '438-0	0	9,234	9,234	
	Net	Net Emission Change (lb/year):		
	Federal	13,851		

VOC		Federal Offset Ratio	1.5
Permit No.	Actual Emissions (lb/year)	Potential Emissions (lb/year)	Emissions Change (lb/yr)
S-1372-437-0 & '438-0	0	4,468	4,468
	Ne	t Emission Change (lb/year):	4,468
	Federa	Offset Quantity: (NEC * 1.5)	6,702

9. Rule 2410 – Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Applicability Determination

Rule 2410 applies to any pollutant regulated under the Clean Air Act, except those for which the District has been classified nonattainment. The pollutants which must be addressed in the PSD applicability determination for sources located in the SJV and which are emitted in this project are: (See 52.21 (b) (23) definition of significant)

I.Project Location Relative to Class 1 Area

As demonstrated in the "PSD Major Source Determination" Section above, the facility was determined to be a existing PSD Major Source. Because the project is not located within 10 km (6.2 miles) of a Class 1 area — modeling of the emission increase is not required to determine if the project is subject to the requirements of Rule 2410.

II. Project Emission Increase – Significance Determination

a. Evaluation of Calculated Post-project Potential to Emit for New or Modified Emissions Units vs PSD Significant Emission Increase Thresholds

As a screening tool, the post-project potential to emit from all new and modified units is compared to the PSD significant emission increase thresholds, and if the total potentials to emit from all new and modified units are below the applicable thresholds, no futher PSD analysis is needed.

PSD Significant Emission Increase Determination: Potential to Emit (tons/year)							
NO ₂ SO ₂ CO PM PM ₁₀							
Total PE from New and Modified Units	5	2	14	2	2		
PSD Significant Emission 40 40 100 25 15 Increase Thresholds					15		
PSD Significant Emission Increase?	n	n	n	n	n		

As demonstrated above, because the post-project total potentials to emit from all new and modified emission units are below the PSD significant emission increase thresholds, this project is not subject to the requirements of Rule 2410 and no further discussion is required.

10. Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The QNEC is calculated solely to establish emissions that are used to complete the District's PAS emissions profile screen. Detailed QNEC calculations are included in Appendix A.

VIII. Compliance Determination

Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

A. Best Available Control Technology (BACT)

1. BACT Applicability

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, Section 4.1, BACT requirements are triggered on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis and on an emissions unit-by-emissions unit basis. Unless specifically exempted by Rule 2201, BACT shall be required for the following actions*:

- a. Any new emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
- b. The relocation from one Stationary Source to another of an existing emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
- c. Modifications to an existing emissions unit with a valid Permit to Operate resulting in an Adjusted Increase in Permitted Emissions (AIPE) exceeding two pounds per day, and/or
- d. Any new or modified emissions unit, in a stationary source project, which results in an SB 288 Major Modification or a Federal Major Modification, as defined by the rule.

^{*}Except for CO emissions from a new or modified emissions unit at a Stationary Source with an SSPE2 of less than 200,000 pounds per year of CO.

a. New emissions units - PE > 2 lb/day

As seen in Section VII.C.2 above, the applicant is proposing to install new steam generators each with a PE greater than 2 lb/day for NOx, SOx, PM₁₀, CO, and VOC. BACT is triggered for NOx, SOx, PM₁₀, CO and VOC since the PEs are greater than 2 lb/day.

b. Relocation of emissions units – PE > 2 lb/day

As discussed in Section I above, there are no emissions units being relocated from one stationary source to another; therefore, BACT is not triggered.

c. Modification of emissions units - AIPE > 2 lb/day

As discussed in Section I above, there are no modified emissions units associated with this project. Therefore, BACT is not triggered.

d. SB 288/Federal Major Modification

As discussed in Sections VII.C.8 above, this project constitutes a Federal Major Modification for NO_X and VOC emissions. Therefore, BACT is triggered for NO_X and VOC.

2. BACT Guideline

BACT Guideline 1.2.1 Oilfield Steam Generator (≥ 20 MMBtu/hr) is included in Appendix B

3. Top-Down BACT Analysis

Per Permit Services Policies and Procedures for BACT, a Top-Down BACT analysis shall be performed as a part of the application review for each application subject to the BACT requirements pursuant to the District's NSR Rule.

Pursuant to the attached Top-Down BACT Analysis (see Appendix B), BACT has been satisfied with the following:

NO_x: 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2

SO_X: Natural gas, with a sulfur content not exceeding 1 gr of sulfur compounds (as S) per 100 scf

PM₁₀: Natural gas, with a sulfur content not exceeding 1 gr of sulfur compounds (as S) per 100 scf

CO: 25 ppmvd @ 3% O2

VOC: Gaseous fuel

B. Offsets

1. Offset Applicability

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, Section 4.5, offset requirements shall be triggered on a pollutant by pollutant basis and shall be required if the SSPE2 equals or exceeds the offset threshold levels in Table 4-1 of Rule 2201.

The SSPE2 is compared to the offset thresholds in the following table.

Offset Determination (lb/year)							
NO _X SO _X PM ₁₀ CO VOC							
SSPE2	> 20,000	> 54,750	> 29,200	> 200,000	> 20,000		
Offset Thresholds	20,000	54,750	29,200	200,000	20,000		
Offsets triggered? Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes							

2. Quantity of Offsets Required

As seen above, the SSPE2 is greater than the offset thresholds for NOx, SOx, PM₁₀, CO, VOC. Therefore offset calculations will be required for this project.

The quantity of offsets in pounds per year is calculated as follows for sources with an SSPE1 greater than the offset threshold levels before implementing the project being evaluated.

Offsets Required (lb/year) = $(\Sigma[PE2 - BE] + ICCE) \times DOR$, for all new or modified emissions units in the project,

Where,

PE2 = Post Project Potential to Emit, (lb/year)

BE = Baseline Emissions, (lb/year)

ICCE = Increase in Cargo Carrier Emissions, (lb/year)

DOR = Distance Offset Ratio, determined pursuant to Section 4.8

BE = PE1 for:

- Any unit located at a non-Major Source,
- Any Highly-Utilized Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source,
- Any Fully-Offset Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source, or
- Any Clean Emissions Unit, Located at a Major Source.

otherwise,

BE = HAE

The facility is proposing to install new emissions units; therefore BE = 0 for all criteria pollutants. Offsets are determined as follows:

Offsets Required (lb/year) = ([PE2 – BE] + ICCE) x DOR

NOx:

For one steam generator:

PE2 (NO_x) = 4,617 lb/year BE (NO_x) = 0 lb/year ICCE = 0 lb/year

The project is a Federal Major Modification and therefore the correct offset ratio for NO_x is 1.5:1.

With an offset ratio of 1.5:1, the amount of NOx ERCs that need to be withdrawn is:

Offsets Required (lb/year) =
$$([4,617 - 0] + 0) \times 1.5$$

= 4,617 x 1.5
= 6,926 lb NOx/year

Calculating the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset is as follows:

Quarterly offsets required (lb/qtr) =
$$(6,926 \text{ lb NOx/year}) \div (4 \text{ quarters/year})$$

= $1,731.5 \text{ lb/qtr}$

As shown in the calculation above, the quarterly amount of offsets required for this project, when evenly distributed to each quarter, results in fractional pounds of offsets being required each quarter. Since offsets are required to be withdrawn as whole pounds, the quarterly amounts of offsets need to be adjusted to ensure the quarterly values sum to the total annual amount of offsets required.

To adjust the quarterly amount of offsets required, the fractional amount of offsets required in each quarter will be summed and redistributed to each quarter based on the number of days in each quarter. The redistribution is based on the Quarter 1 having the fewest days and the Quarters 3 and 4 having the most days. The redistribution method is summarized in the following table:

(w		n of Required Qua		z)	
Value of z Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter					
.0	Y	Y	Υ	Y	
.25	Υ	Y	Υ	Y+1	
.5	Υ	Υ	Y+1	Y+1	
.75	Υ	Y+1	Y+1	Y+1	

Therefore the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset are as follows:

	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
S-1372-437-0	1,731	1,731	1732	1732
S-1372-438-0	1,731	1,731	1732	1732
Total:	3,462	3,462	3464	3464

The applicant has stated that the facility plans to use ERC certificate S-4837-2 to offset the increases in NO_x emissions associated with this project. The above certificate has available quarterly NO_x credits as follows:

	1st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
ERC #S-4836-2	4630	4632	4633	4632

As seen above, the facility has sufficient credits to fully offset the quarterly NO_x emissions increases associated with this project.

Proposed Rule 2201 (offset) Conditions.

- {GC# 4447 edited} Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender NO_x emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 1,731 lb, 2nd quarter 1,731 lb, 3rd quarter 1,732 lb, and 4th quarter 1,73 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201]
- ERC Certificate Number S-4837-2 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201]

SOx:

For one steam generator:

```
PE2 (SOx) = 2,122 lb/year
BE (SOx) = 0 lb/year
ICCE = 0 lb/year
```

Based on the original location of the emissions offsets being more than 15 miles from the new unit's Stationary Source the offset ratio is 1.5:1 and the amount of SO_x ERCs that need to be withdrawn is:

```
Offsets Required (lb/year) = ([2,122 - 0] + 0) \times 1.5
= 2,122 x 1.5
= 3,183 lb SOx/year
```

Calculating the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset is as follows:

As shown in the calculation above, the quarterly amount of offsets required for this project, when evenly distributed to each quarter, results in fractional pounds of offsets being required each quarter. Since offsets are required to be withdrawn as whole pounds, the

quarterly amounts of offsets need to be adjusted to ensure the quarterly values sum to the total annual amount of offsets required.

To adjust the quarterly amount of offsets required, the fractional amount of offsets required in each quarter will be summed and redistributed to each quarter based on the number of days in each quarter. The redistribution is based on the Quarter 1 having the fewest days and the Quarters 3 and 4 having the most days. The redistribution method is summarized in the following table:

Redistribution of Required Quarterly Offsets (where X is the annual amount of offsets, and $X \div 4 = Y.z$)					
Value of z Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter					
.0	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	
25	Υ	Y	Y	Y+1	
.5	Υ	Y	Y+1	Y+1	
.75	Υ	Y+1	Y+1	Y+1	

Therefore the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset are as follows:

	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
S-1372-437-0	795	796	796	796
S-1372-438-0	795	796	796	796
Total:	1590	1592	1592	1592

The applicant has stated that the facility plans to use ERC certificate N-1417-5 to offset the increases in SO_x emissions associated with this project. The above certificate has available quarterly SO_x credits as follows:

	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
ERC # N-1417-5	2087	2087	2087	2087

As seen above, the facility has sufficient credits to fully offset the quarterly SO_x emissions increases associated with this project.

Proposed Rule 2201 (offset) Conditions:

- {GC# 4447 edited} Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender SO_X emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 795 lb, 2nd quarter 796 lb, 3rd quarter 796 lb, and 4th quarter 796 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201]
- ERC Certificate Number N-1417-5 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201]

PM₁₀:

Offsets Required (lb/year) = ([PE2 – BE] + ICCE) x DOR

PE2
$$(PM_{10}) = Ib/year$$

BE $(PM_{10}) = 0 Ib/year$
ICCE = 0 Ib/year

Based on the original location of the emissions offsets being more than 15 miles from the new unit's Stationary Source the offset ratio is 1.5:1 and the amount of PM₁₀ ERCs that need to be withdrawn is:

Offsets Required (lb/year) =
$$([2,234 - 0] + 0) \times 1.5$$

= 2,234 x 1.5
= 3,351 lb PM₁₀/year

Calculating the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset is as follows:

Quarterly offsets required (lb/qtr) =
$$(3,351 \text{ lb PM}_{10}/\text{year}) \div (4 \text{ quarters/year})$$

= 837.75 lb/qtr

As shown in the calculation above, the quarterly amount of offsets required for this project, when evenly distributed to each quarter, results in fractional pounds of offsets being required each quarter. Since offsets are required to be withdrawn as whole pounds, the quarterly amounts of offsets need to be adjusted to ensure the quarterly values sum to the total annual amount of offsets required.

To adjust the quarterly amount of offsets required, the fractional amount of offsets required in each quarter will be summed and redistributed to each quarter based on the number of days in each quarter. The redistribution is based on the Quarter 1 having the fewest days and the Quarters 3 and 4 having the most days. The redistribution method is summarized in the following table:

(w	Redistribution of Required Quarterly Offsets (where X is the annual amount of offsets, and $X \div 4 = Y.z$)					
Value of z Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4						
₀ .0	Y	Y	Υ	Y		
.25	Υ	Y	Y	Y+1		
.5	Y	Y	Y+1	Y+1		
.75	Y	Y+1	Y+1	Y+1		

Therefore the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset are as follows:

	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
S-1372-437-0	837	838	838	838
S-1372-438-0	837	838	838	838
Total:	1674	1676	1676	1676

The applicant has stated that the facility plans to use ERC certificate S-5067-4 to offset the increases in PM_{10} emissions associated with this project. The above certificate has available quarterly PM_{10} credits as follows:

	1st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
ERC # S-5067-4	6363	5400	5235	5785

As seen above, the facility has sufficient credits to fully offset the quarterly PM emissions increases associated with this project.

Proposed Rule 2201 (offset) Conditions:

- {GC# 4447 edited} Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender PM₁₀ emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201]
- ERC Certificate Number S-5067-4 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201]

CO

Notwithstanding the above, Section 4.6.1 of Rule 2201 states that emissions offsets are not required for increases in carbon monoxide in attainment areas provided the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the APCO that the Ambient Air Quality Standards are not violated in the areas to be affected, and such emissions will be consistent with Reasonable Further Progress, and will not cause or contribute to a violation of Ambient Air Quality Standards. The District performed an Ambient Air Quality Analysis and determined that this project will not result in or contribute to a violation of an Ambient Air Quality Standard for CO (see **Appendix C**). Therefore, CO offsets are not required for this project.

VOC:

Offsets Required (lb/year) = ([PE2 - BE] + ICCE) x DOR

PE2 (VOC) = 2,234 lb/year BE (VOC) = 0 lb/year ICCE = 0 lb/year

The project is a Federal Major Modification and therefore the correct offset ratio for VOC is 1.5:1.

With an offset ratio of 1.5:1, the amount of VOC ERCs that need to be withdrawn is:

Offsets Required (lb/year) = $([2,234 - 0] + 0) \times 1.5$ = 2,234 x 1.5 = 3,351 lb VOC/year Calculating the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset is as follows:

Quarterly offsets required (lb/qtr) = (3,351 lb VOC/year) ÷ (4 quarters/year) = 837.75 lb/qtr

As shown in the calculation above, the quarterly amount of offsets required for this project, when evenly distributed to each quarter, results in fractional pounds of offsets being required each quarter. Since offsets are required to be withdrawn as whole pounds, the quarterly amounts of offsets need to be adjusted to ensure the quarterly values sum to the total annual amount of offsets required.

To adjust the quarterly amount of offsets required, the fractional amount of offsets required in each quarter will be summed and redistributed to each quarter based on the number of days in each quarter. The redistribution is based on the Quarter 1 having the fewest days and the Quarters 3 and 4 having the most days. The redistribution method is summarized in the following table:

Redistribution of Required Quarterly Offsets (where X is the annual amount of offsets, and $X \div 4 = Y.z$)					
Value of z Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4					
.0	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	
.25	Y	Y	Y	Y+1	
,5	Y	Υ	Y+1	Y+1	
.75	Υ	Y+1	Y+1	Y+1	

Therefore the appropriate quarterly emissions to be offset are as follows:

	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
S-1372-437-0	837	838	838	838
S-1372-438-0	837	838	838	838
Total:	1674	1676	1676	1676

The applicant has stated that the facility plans to use ERC certificate S-4834-1, N-1484-1, and S-4832-1 to offset the increases in VOC emissions associated with this project. The above certificate has available quarterly VOC credits as follows:

	1st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4th Quarter
ERC # C-1420-1	2299	2271	2242	2243

As seen above, the facility has sufficient credits to fully offset the quarterly VOC emissions increases associated with this project.

Proposed Rule 2201 (offset) Conditions:

• {GC# 4447 - edited} Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender VOC emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter - 837 lb, 2nd quarter - 838 lb, 3rd quarter - 838 lb, and 4th quarter - 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201]

 ERC Certificate Numbers C-1420-1 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct [District Rule 2201]

3. ERC Withdrawal Calculations

The applicant must identified ERC Certificates to be used to offset the increase of emissions for the project. As indicated in previous section, the applicant is proposing to use multiple ERC certificates to mitigate the increases of NOx, SOx, PM₁₀, and VOC emissions associated with this project. See **Appendix D** for detailed ERC Withdrawal Calculations.

C. Public Notification

1. Applicability

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, Section 5.4, public noticing is required for:

- a. New Major Sources, Federal Major Modifications, and SB 288 Major Modifications,
- b. Any new emissions unit with a Potential to Emit greater than 100 pounds during any one day for any one pollutant,
- c. Any project which results in the offset thresholds being surpassed,
- d. Any project with an SSIPE of greater than 20,000 lb/year for any pollutant, and/or
- e. Any project which results in a Title V significant permit modification

a. New Major Sources, Federal Major Modifications, and SB 288 Major Modifications

New Major Sources are new facilities, which are also Major Sources. Since this is not a new facility, public noticing is not required for this project for New Major Source purposes.

As demonstrated in Sections VII.C.7 and VII.C.8, this project is a Federal Major Modification. Therefore, public noticing for Federal Major Modification purposes is required.

b. PE > 100 lb/day

Applications which include a new emissions unit with a PE greater than 100 pounds during any one day for any pollutant will trigger public noticing requirements. As seen in Section VII.C.2 above, this project does not include a new emissions unit which has daily emissions greater than 100 lb/day for any pollutant, therefore public noticing for PE > 100 lb/day purposes is not required.

c. Offset Threshold

Pursuant to District Rule 2201, Section 4.5.3, offset requirements shall be triggered on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis, unless exempted pursuant to Section 4.6, offsets

shall be required if the post-project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2) equals or exceeds specific threshold levels.

The SSPE1 and SSPE2 are compared to the offset thresholds in the following table.

Offset Thresholds					
Pollutant	SSPE1 (lb/year)	SSPE2 (Ib/year)	Offset Threshold	Public Notice Required?	
NO _X	> 20,000	> 20,000	20,000 lb/year	No	
SO _X	> 54,750	> 54,750	54,750 lb/year	No	
PM ₁₀	> 29,200	> 29,200	29,200 lb/year	No	
СО	> 200,000	> 200,000	200,000 lb/year	No	
VOC	> 20,000	> 20,000	20,000 lb/year	No	

As detailed above, there were no thresholds surpassed with this project; therefore public noticing is not required for offset purposes.

d. SSIPE > 20,000 lb/year

Public notification is required for any permitting action that results in a SSIPE of more than 20,000 lb/year of any affected pollutant. According to District policy, the SSIPE = SSPE2 – SSPE1. The SSIPE is compared to the SSIPE Public Notice thresholds in the following table.

SSIPE Public Notice Thresholds						
Pollutant	SSIPE (lb/year)	SIPE (lb/year) SSIPE Public Notice Threshold				
NO _x	9,234	20,000 lb/year	No			
SO _x	4,244	20,000 lb/year	No			
PM ₁₀	4,468	20,000 lb/year	No			
СО	27,550	20,000 lb/year	yes			
VOC	8,190	20,000 lb/year	No			

As demonstrated above, the SSIPE for CO is greater than 20,000 lb/year; therefore public noticing for SSIPE purposes is required.

e. Title V Significant Permit Modification

As shown in the Discussion of Rule 2520 below, this project constitutes a Title V significant modification. Therefore, public noticing for Title V significant modifications is required for this project.

2. Public Notice Action

As discussed above, public noticing is required for this project for CO emissions in excess of 20,000 lb/year and for triggering a Federal Major Modification for NOx and VOC. Therefore, public notice documents will be submitted to the California Air Resources

Board (CARB) and a public notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation prior to the issuance of the ATC for this equipment.

D. Daily Emission Limits (DELs)

DELs and other enforceable conditions are required by Rule 2201 to restrict a unit's maximum daily emissions, to a level at or below the emissions associated with the maximum design capacity. The DEL must be contained in the latest ATC and contained in or enforced by the latest PTO and enforceable, in a practicable manner, on a daily basis. DELs are also required to enforce the applicability of BACT.

Proposed Rule 2201 (DEL) Conditions:

Emissions shall not exceed 16.7 lb-NOx/day or 4617 lb-NOx/yr or 55.6 lb-CO/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Y

Except during startup and shutdown, emissions shall not exceed any of the following limits: 5 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.003 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 25 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0.0185 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.003 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Emissions rates during startup and shutdown shall not exceed 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu or 0.074 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Y

Duration of startup and shutdown (combined) shall not exceed 4.0 hr day. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320] Y

E. Compliance Assurance

1. Source Testing

The units' VOC emission factor is smaller than AP-42 emission factor for this class and category of source; therefore, an initial source test is required for VOC.

The units are subject to District Rule 4320, *Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr.* Source testing requirements, in accordance with District Rule 4320, will be discussed in Section VIII, *District Rule 4320*, of this evaluation.

2. Monitoring

As required by District Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr, this unit is subject to monitoring requirements. Monitoring requirements, in accordance with District Rule 4320, will be discussed in Section VIII, District Rule 4320, of this evaluation.

3. Recordkeeping

Recordkeeping is required to demonstrate compliance with the offset, public notification and daily emission limit requirements of Rule 2201. The following condition(s) are listed on the permit to operate:

Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320] Y

The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Records of sulfur content (gr S/100 scf) of combusted gas shall be maintained. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4320] Y

All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

4. Reporting

No reporting is required to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

F. Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA)

Section 4.14 of District Rule 2201 requires that an AAQA be conducted for the purpose of determining whether a new or modified Stationary Source will cause or make worse a violation of an air quality standard. The District's Technical Services Division conducted the required analysis. Refer to **Appendix C** of this document for the AAQA summary sheet.

The proposed location is in an attainment area for NOx, CO, and SOx. As shown by the AAQA summary sheet the proposed equipment will not cause a violation of an air quality standard for NOx, CO, or SOx.

The proposed location is in a non-attainment area for the state's PM_{10} as well as federal and state $PM_{2.5}$ thresholds. As shown by the AAQA summary sheet the proposed equipment will not cause a violation of an air quality standard for PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$.

G. Compliance Certification

Section 4.15.2 of this Rule requires the owner of a new Major Source or a source undergoing a Federal Major Modification to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the District that all other Major Sources owned by such person and operating in California are in compliance or are on a schedule for compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards. As discussed in Section VIII above, this facility is a new major source and this project does constitute a Federal Major Modification, therefore this requirement is applicable. SPR's compliance certification is included in Appendix E.

H. Alternate Siting Analysis

The current project occurs at an existing facility. The applicant proposes to install steam generators.

Since the project will provide steam to be used at the same location, the existing site will result in the least possible impact from the project. Alternative sites would involve the relocation and/or construction of various support structures on a much greater scale, and would therefore result in a much greater impact.

Rule 2410 Prevention of Significant Deterioration

As shown in Section VII.C.9 above, this project does not result in a new PSD major source or PSD major modification. No further discussion is required.

Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

This facility is subject to this Rule, and has received their Title V Operating Permit. A significant permit modification is defined as a "permit amendment that does not qualify as a minor permit modification or administrative amendment."

Minor permit modifications are not Title I modifications as defined in this rule. This project triggers a Federal Major Modification, as a result, the proposed project constitutes a Significant Modification to the Title V Permit. SPR's Title V Compliance Certification form is included in Appendix E.

Rule 4001 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc applies to Small Industrial-Commercial-Industrial Steam Generators between 10 MMBtu/hr and 100 MMBtu/hr (post-6/9/89 construction, modification or, reconstruction).

The subject steam generators have a rating of 85 MMBtu/hr and are fired on natural/TEOR gas. Subpart Dc has no standards for gas-fired steam generators. Therefore the subject steam generators are not affected facility(s) and subpart Dc does not apply.

Rule 4101 Visible Emissions

Per Section 5.0, no person shall discharge into the atmosphere emissions of any air contaminant aggregating more than 3 minutes in any hour which is as dark as or darker than Ringelmann 1 (or 20% opacity). A condition will be placed on the ATCs to ensure compliance with the opacity limit.

Therefore, compliance with the requirements of this rule is expected.

Rule 4102 Nuisance

Rule 4102 prohibits discharge of air contaminants which could cause injury, detriment, nuisance or annoyance to the public. Public nuisance conditions are not expected as a result of these operations, provided the equipment is well maintained. Therefore, compliance with this rule is expected.

California Health & Safety Code 41700 (Health Risk Assessment)

District Policy APR 1905 – *Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources* specifies that for an increase in emissions associated with a proposed new source or modification, the District perform an analysis to determine the possible impact to the nearest resident or worksite.

An HRA is not required for a project with a total facility prioritization score of less than one. According to the Technical Services Memo for this project (**Appendix C**), the total facility prioritization score including this project was greater than one. Therefore, an HRA was required to determine the short-term acute and long-term chronic exposure from this project.

The cancer risk for this project is shown below:

Units	Prioritization Score	Acute Hazard Index	Chronic Hazard Index	Maximum Individual Cancer Risk	T-BACT Required	Special Permit Requirements
437-0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64E-09	No	No
438-0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64E-09	No	No
Project Totals	0.01	0.01	0.00	3.28E-09		
Facility Totals	>1	0.17	0.06	3.49E-06		

Discussion of T-BACT

BACT for toxic emission control (T-BACT) is required if the cancer risk exceeds one in one million. As demonstrated above, T-BACT is not required for this project because the HRA indicates that the risk is not above the District's thresholds for triggering T-BACT requirements; therefore, compliance with the District's Risk Management Policy is expected.

Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration

Section 3.1 prohibits discharge of dust, fumes, or total particulate matter into the atmosphere from any single source operation in excess of 0.1 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

F-Factor for NG: 8,578 dscf/MMBtu at 60 °F PM₁₀ Emission Factor: 0.005 lb-PM₁₀/MMBtu Percentage of PM as PM₁₀ in Exhaust: 100% Exhaust Oxygen (O₂) Concentration: 3%

Excess Air Correction to F Factor =
$$\frac{20.9}{(20.9-3)}$$
 = 1.17

$$GL = \left(\frac{0.003 \ lb - PM}{MMBtu} \times \frac{7,000 \ grain}{lb - PM}\right) / \left(\frac{8,578 \ ft^3}{MMBtu} \times 1.17\right)$$

 $GL = 0.002 \ grain/dscf < 0.1 \ grain/dscf$

Rule 4301 limits air contaminant emissions from fuel burning equipment as defined in the rule. Section 3.1 defines fuel burning equipment as "any furnace, boiler, apparatus, stack, and all appurtenances thereto, used in the process of burning fuel for the primary purpose of producing heat or power by indirect heat transfer".

Section 5.0 gives the requirements of the rule.

A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere combustion contaminants exceeding in concentration at the point of discharge, 0.1 grain per cubic foot of gas calculated to 12% of carbon dioxide at dry standard conditions.

A person shall not build, erect, install or expand any non-mobile fuel burning equipment unit unless the discharge into the atmosphere of contaminants will not and does not exceed any one or more of the following rates:

- 200 pound per hour of sulfur compounds, calculated as sulfur dioxide (SO₂)
- 140 pounds per hour of nitrogen oxides, calculated as nitrogen dioxide (NO₂)
- Ten pounds per hour of combustion contaminants as defined in Rule 1020 and derived from the fuel.

District Rule 4301 Limits							
Unit	NO ₂	NO₂ Total PM					
S-1372-437, '-438 (lb/hr)	0.0062 x 85 = 0.53	0.003 x 85 = 0.26	0.00285 x 85 = 0.24				
Rule Limit (lb/hr)	140	10	200				

The particulate emissions from the steam generators will not exceed 0.1 gr/dscf at 12% CO2 or 10 lb/hr. Further, the emissions of SOx and NOx will not exceed 200 lb/hr or 140 lb/hr, respectively.

Therefore, compliance with the requirements of this rule is expected.

District Rule 4305 Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters - Phase 2

The units have a maximum heat input of 85 MMBtu/hr. Pursuant to Section 2.0 of District Rule 4305, the unit is subject to District Rule 4305, *Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase 2.*

In addition, the unit is also subject to District Rule 4306, *Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase 3.*

Since emissions limits of District Rule 4320 and all other requirements are equivalent or more stringent than District Rule 4305 requirements, compliance with District Rule 4320 requirements will satisfy requirements of District Rule 4305.

District Rule 4306 Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters - Phase 3

The units have a maximum heat input of 85 MMBtu/hr. Pursuant to Section 2.0 of District Rule 4306, the unit is subject to District Rule 4306, *Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters* – Phase 3.

Since emissions limits of District Rule 4320 and all other requirements are equivalent or more stringent than District Rule 4306 requirements, compliance with District Rule 4320 requirements will satisfy requirements of District Rule 4306.

Rule 4320 – Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr

This rule limits NOx, CO, SO₂ and PM₁₀ emissions from boilers, steam generators and process heaters rated greater than 5 MMBtu/hr. This rule also provides a compliance option of payment of fees in proportion to the actual amount of NOx emitted over the previous year.

The units in this project are all rated at greater than 5 MMBtu/hr heat input and are subject to this rule.

Section 5.1 NOx Emission Limits

Section 5.1 states that an operator of a unit(s) subject to this rule shall comply with all applicable requirements of the rule and one of the following, on a unit-by-unit basis:

- 5.1.1 Operate the unit to comply with the emission limits specified in Sections 5.2 and 5.4; or
- 5.1.2 Pay an annual emissions fee to the District as specified in Section 5.3 and comply with the control requirements specified in Section 5.4; or
- 5.1.3 Comply with the applicable Low-use Unit requirements of Section 5.5.

The units will comply with the NOx and CO emissions limits specified in Section 5.2 of the rule.

The proposed NOx and CO limits are 5 and 25 ppmv @ 3% O2, respectively.

Therefore, compliance with the emissions limits of Section 5.2 of District Rule 4320 is expected.

A permit condition listing the emissions limits will be listed on the permits as shown in the DEL section above.

Section 5.4 Particulate Matter Control Requirements

Section 5.4.1 states that to limit particulate matter emissions, an operator shall comply with one of the options listed in the rule.

Section 5.4.1.1 provides option for the operator to comply with the rule by firing the unit exclusively on PUC-quality gas, commercial propane, butane, or liquefied petroleum gas, or a combination of such gases;

Section 5.4.1.2 provides option for the operator to comply with the rule by limiting the fuel sulfur content to no more than five (5) grains of total sulfur per hundred (100) standard cubic feet. Section 5.4.1.3 provides option for the operator to comply with the rule by installing and properly operating an emissions control system that reduces SO2 emissions by at least 95% by weight; or limit exhaust SO2 to less than or equal to 9 ppmv corrected to 3 % O2.

The steam generators will be fired on natural gas containing no more than 1 gr S/100 scf. Therefore, compliance with this section of the rule is expected.

Section 5.5 Low Use

The subject steam generators are not low use units and therefore the requirements of Section 5.5 do not apply.

Section 5.6, Startup and Shutdown Provisions

Applicable emissions limits are not required during startup and shutdown provided the duration of each start-up or each shutdown shall not exceed two hours, the emission control system shall be in operation and emissions shall be minimized insofar as technologically feasible during start-up or shutdown or operator has submitted an application for a Permit to Operate condition to allow more than two hours for each start-up or each shutdown provided the operator meets all

of the conditions specified in Sections 5.6.3.1 through 5.6.3.3. <u>Applicant has proposed to limit startup and shutdown to 2 hours minutes per day for each event.</u>

Section 5.7 Monitoring Provisions

Section 5.7.1 requires that permit units subject to District Rule 4320, Section 5.2 shall either install or maintain an operational APCO approved Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS) for NO_X, CO and O₂, or implement an APCO-approved alternate monitoring.

FMM has proposed to implement Alternate Monitoring Scheme A (pursuant to District Policy SSP-1105), which requires periodic monitoring of NOx, CO, and O₂ concentrations at least once a month using a portable analyzer. The following conditions will be placed in the permits to ensure compliance with the requirements of this alternate monitoring plan:

- {2395} The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable analyzer that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306, and 4320] Y
- If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3%, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4102, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y
- All NOx, CO, and O2 emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The NOx, CO, and O2 analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute sample period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive minute period. [District Rules 4102, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y
- The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent by volume and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 5.7.6.1 requires that operators complying with Sections 5.4.1.1 or 5.4.1.2 shall provide an annual fuel analysis to the District unless a more frequent sampling and reporting period is included in the Permit To Operate. Sulfur analysis shall be performed in accordance with the test methods in Section 6.2. The following conditions will be placed in the ATCs for compliance with this rule requirement:

- If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD or double GC performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Y
- When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested monthly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 6 consecutive months for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, monthly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Y
- If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Y

Section 5.8 Compliance Determination

Section 5.8.1 requires that the operator of any unit have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu), emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.2. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling). Therefore, the following condition will be retained or listed on the permits as follows:

• {2976} The source plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 5.8.2 requires that all emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. Unless otherwise specified in the Permit to Operate, no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0. Therefore, the following permit condition will be listed on the permits as follows:

{2972} All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. Unless otherwise specified in the Permit to Operate, no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4320. For the purposes of permittee-performed alternate monitoring, emissions measurements may be performed at any time after the unit reaches conditions representative of normal operation. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 5.8.4 requires that for emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.7.1 and 6.3.1 using a portable NO_X analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period. Therefore, the following previously listed permit condition will be on the permits as follows:

{2937} All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 5.8.5 requires that for emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. Therefore, the following permit condition will be listed on the permit as follows:

 {2980} For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutiveminute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 6.1 Recordkeeping

Section 6.1 requires that the records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.5 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO and EPA upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule. Therefore, the following permit condition will be listed on the permit as follows:

- Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320] Y
- The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y
- Records of sulfur content (gr S/100 scf) of combusted gas shall be maintained. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4320] Y

 All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 6.2, Test Methods

Section 6.2 identifies test methods to be used when determining compliance with the rule. The following conditions will be listed on the permits:

- {109} Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Y
- The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content EPA Method 4; SOx EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) –ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y

Section 6.3, Compliance Testing

Section 6.3.1 requires that each unit subject to the requirements in Section 5.2 shall be source tested at least once every 12 months, except if two consecutive annual source tests demonstrate compliance, source testing may be performed every 36 months. If such a source test demonstrates non-compliance, source testing shall revert to every 12 months. The following conditions will be included in the permits:

Source testing to measure <u>NOx, CO, and VOC</u> emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320] N

- Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Y
- {110} The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Y

Sections 6.3.2.1 through 6.3.2.7 address the requirements of group testing which is not proposed in this project. Therefore these sections are not applicable.

Conclusion

Conditions will be incorporated into the permit in order to ensure compliance with each section of this rule, see attached draft permits. Therefore, compliance with District Rule 4320 requirements is expected.

Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds

A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere sulfur compounds, which would exist as a liquid or gas at standard conditions, exceeding in concentration at the point of discharge: 0.2 % by volume calculated as SO₂, on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes. The units will combust gas containing no more than 1 gr S/100 scf and therefore compliance is expected.

California Health & Safety Code 42301.6 (School Notice)

The District has verified that this site is not located within 1,000 feet of a school. Therefore,

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

CEQA requires each public agency to adopt objectives, criteria, and specific procedures consistent with CEQA Statutes and the CEQA Guidelines for administering its responsibilities under CEQA, including the orderly evaluation of projects and preparation of environmental documents. The District adopted its *Environmental Review Guidelines* (ERG) in 2001. The basic purposes of CEQA are to:

- Inform governmental decision-makers and the public about the potential, significant environmental effects of proposed activities;
- Identify the ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced;
- Prevent significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes in projects through the use of alternatives or mitigation measures when the governmental agency finds the changes to be feasible; and
- Disclose to the public the reasons why a governmental agency approved the project in the manner the agency chose if significant environmental effects are involved.

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Significance Determination

Oil and gas operations in Kern County must comply with the *Kem County Zoning Ordinance – 2015 (C) Focused on Oil and Gas Local Permitting.* In 2015, Kern County revised the Kern County Zoning Ordinance Focused on Oil and Gas Activities (Kern Oil and Gas Zoning Ordinance) in regards to future oil and gas exploration, and drilling and production of hydrocarbon resource projects occurring within Kern County.

Kern County served as lead agency for the revision to their ordinance under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), and prepared an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) that was certified on November 9, 2015. The EIR evaluated and disclosed to the public the environmental impacts associated with the growth of oil and gas exploration in Kern County, and determined that such growth will result in significant GHG impacts in the San Joaquin Valley. As such, the EIR included mitigation measures for GHG.

The District is a Responsible Agency for the project because of its discretionary approval power over the project via its Permits Rule (Rule 2010) and New Source Review Rule (Rule 2201), (CEQA Guidelines §15381). As a Responsible Agency, the District is limited to mitigating or avoiding impacts for which it has statutory authority. The District does not have statutory authority for regulating GHGs. The District has determined that the applicant is responsible for implementing GHG mitigation measures imposed in the EIR by the Kern County for the Kern County Zoning Ordinance.

District CEQA Findings

The proposed project is located in Kern County and is thus subject to the Kern County Zoning Ordinance – 2015 (C) Focused on Oil and Gas Local Permitting. The Kern County Zoning Ordinance was developed by the Kern County Planning Agency as a comprehensive set of goals, objectives, policies, and standards to guide development, expansion, and operation of oil and gas exploration within Kern County.

In 2015, Kern County revised their Kern County Zoning Ordinance in regards to exploration, drilling and production of hydrocarbon resources projects. Kern County, as the lead agency, is the agency that will enforce the mitigation measures identified the EIR, including the mitigation requirements of the Oil and Gas ERA. As a responsible agency the District complies with CEQA by considering the EIR prepared by the Lead Agency, and by reaching its own conclusion on whether and how to approve the project involved (CCR §15096). The District has reviewed the EIR prepared by Kern County, the Lead Agency for the project, and finds it to be adequate. The District also prepared a full findings document. The full findings document, California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Statement of Findings for the Kern County Zoning Ordinance EIR contains the details of the District's findings regarding the Project. The District's implementation of the Kern Zoning Ordinance and its EIR applies to ATC applications received for any new/modified equipment used in oil/gas production in Kern County, including new wells. The full findings applies to the Project and the Project's related activity equipment(s) is covered under the Kern Zoning Ordinance. To reduce project related impacts on air quality, the District evaluates emission controls for the project such as Best Available Control Technology (BACT) under District Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review). In addition, the District is requiring the applicant to surrender emission reduction credits (ERC) for stationary source emissions above the offset threshold.

Thus, the District concludes that through a combination of project design elements, permit conditions, and the Oil and Gas ERA, the project will be fully mitigated to result in no net increase in emissions. Pursuant to CCR §15096, prior to project approval and issuance of ATCs the District prepared findings.

Indemnification Agreement/Letter of Credit Determination

According to District Policy APR 2010 (CEQA Implementation Policy), when the District is the Lead or Responsible Agency for CEQA purposes, an indemnification agreement and/or a letter of credit may be required. The decision to require an indemnity agreement and/or a letter of credit is based on a case-by-case analysis of a particular project's potential for litigation risk, which in turn may be based on a project's potential to generate public concern, its potential for significant impacts, and the project proponent's ability to pay for the costs of litigation without a letter of credit, among other factors.

The revision to the *Kern County Zoning Ordinance* went through an extensive public process that included a Notice of Preparation, a preparation of an EIR, scoping meetings, and public hearings. The process led to the certification of the final EIR and approval of the revised *Kern County Zoning Ordinance* in November 2015 by the Kern County Board of Supervisors. As mentioned above, the proposed project will be fully mitigated and will result in no net increase in emissions. In addition, the proposed project is not located at a facility of concern; therefore, an Indemnification Agreement and/or a Letter of Credit will not be required for this project in the absence of expressed public concern.

IX. Recommendation

Compliance with all applicable rules and regulations is expected. Pending a successful NSR Public Noticing period, issue the ATCs subject to the permit conditions on the attached draft ATCs in **Appendix F.**

X. Billing Information

Annual Permit Fees					
Permit Number Fee Schedule Fee Description A					
S-1372-437-0	3020-02 H	85 MMBtu/hr	\$1183		
S-1372-438-0	3020-02 H	85 MMBtu/hr	\$1183		

Appendixes

- A: Quarterly Net Emissions Change
- B: BACT Guideline and BACT Analysis
- C: HRA Summary
- D: ERC Withdrawal Calculations
- E: Compliance Certification
- F: Draft ATCs
- G: EPA Comments and District Responses

APPENDIX A Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The Quarterly Net Emissions Change is used to complete the emission profile screen for the District's PAS database. The QNEC shall be calculated as follows:

QNEC = PE2 - PE1, where:

QNEC = Quarterly Net Emissions Change for each emissions unit, lb/qtr.

PE2 = Post Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr.

PE1 = Pre-Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr.

Using the values in Sections VII.C.2 and VII.C.6 in the evaluation above, quarterly PE2 and quarterly PE1 can be calculated as follows:

PE2_{quarterly} = PE2_{annual} ÷ 4 quarters/year

PE1quarterly= PE1annual ÷ 4 quarters/year

	Quarterly NEC [QNEC]							
	PE2 (lb/yr)	PE2 (lb/qtr)	PE1 (lb/yr)	PE1 (lb/qtr)	QNEC (lb/qtr)			
NOx	4,617	1,154			1,154			
SOx	2,122	531			531			
PM ₁₀	2,234	559			559			
CO	13,775	3,444			3,444			
VOC	2,234	559			559			

APPENDIX B BACT Guideline and BACT Analysis

San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District

Best Available Control Technology (BACT) Guideline 1.2.1* Last Update: 03/24/2014

Oilfield Steam Generator (> or =20 MMBtu/hr)

Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or contained in the SIP	Technologically Feasible	Alternate Basic E quipment
voc	Gaseous fuel		8
SO×	Fired on PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or commercial LPG; or gaseous fuel treated to remove 95% by weight of suffur compounds; or treated such that the suffur content of all fuel streams combined does not exceed 1 gr of suffur compounds (as S) per 100 dscf, or use of a continuously operating SO2 scrubber and either achieve 95% by weight control of suffur compounds or achieve an emission rate of 9 ppmvd SO2 @ 3% O2		
PM10	Fired on PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or commercial LPG; or gaseous fuel treated to remove 95% by weight of sulfur compounds; or treated such that the sulfur content of all fuel streams combined does not exceed 1 gr of sulfur compounds (as S) per 100 dscf, or use of a continuously operating SO2 scrubber and either achieve 95% by weight control of sulfur compounds or achieve an emission rate of 9 ppmvd SO2 @ 3% O2		
N Ox	-Units rated 85 MMBtu/hr and fired solely on PUC quality natural gas: 6 ppmvd @ 3% O2; or -Units firing on > or = 50% PUC quality natural gas; commercial propane; and/or LPG:7 ppmvd @ 3% O2, except units rated 85 MMBtu/hr and fired solely on PUC quality natural gas; or -Units firing on <50% PUC quality natural gas; commercial propane; and/or LPG:9 ppmvd @ 3% O2	5 ppmvd @ 3% O2	
CO	25 ppmvd @ 3% O2		

Top Down BACT Analysis for Steam Generators

For the steam generator, BACT is required for NOx, SOx, PM₁₀, CO, and VOC.

Top-Down BACT Analysis for NO_X Emissions

a. Step 1 - Identify All Possible Control Technologies

From the SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse, Guideline 1.2.1, Oilfield Steam Generator (≥ 20 MMBtu/hr), 4th quarter 2014, identifies BACT for NOx emissions as follows:

Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or contained in SIP	Technologically Feasible	Alternate Basic Equipment
NOx	 Units rated 85 MMBtu/hr and fired solely on PUC quality natural gas: 6 ppmvd @ 3% O2; or Units firing on > 50% PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or LPG: 7 ppmvd @ 3% O2, except units rated 85 MMBtu/hr and fired solely on PUC quality natural gas; or Units firing on < 50% PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or LPG: 9 ppmvd @ 3% O2 	5 ppmvd @ 3% O2	

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

None of the above listed technologies are technologically infeasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

- 1. 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2 (Technologically Feasible)
- 2. Units rated 85 MMBtu/hr and fired solely on PUC quality natural gas: 6 ppmvd @ 3% O2 (Achieved in Practice)
- 3. Units firing on > 50% PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or LPG: 7 ppmvd @ 3% O2, except units rated 85 MMBtu/hr and fired solely on PUC qualify natural gas (Achieved in Practice)
- 4. Units firing on < 50% PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or LPG: 9 ppmvd @ 3% O2 (Achieved in Practice)

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed to limit the steam generators' NOx emissions to 5 ppmv @ 3% O₂; therefore a cost effective analysis is not required.

Step 5 - Select BACT

The applicant has proposed to install a steam generator with a NOx limit of 5 ppmvd @ 3% O2; therefore, BACT for NOx emissions is satisfied.

Top Down BACT Analysis for SO_X and PM₁₀ Emissions

Step 1 - Identify all control technologies

From the SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse, Guideline 1.2.1, Oilfield Steam Generator (≥ 20 MMBtu/hr), 4th quarter 2014, identifies BACT for SOx and PM₁0 emissions as follows:

Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or contained in SIP	Technologically Feasible	Alternate Basic Equipment
SOx and PM ₁₀	Fired on PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or commercial LPG; or gaseous fuel treated to remove 95% by weight of sulfur compounds; or treated such that the sulfur content of all fuel streams combined does not exceed 1 gr of sulfur compounds (as S) per 100 dscf; or use of a continuously operating SO ₂ scrubber and either achieve 95% by weight control of sulfur compounds or achieve an emissions rate of 9 ppmvd SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂	× B	×

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

None of the above listed technologies are technologically infeasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

1) Fired on PUC quality natural gas, commercial propane, and/or commercial LPG; or gaseous fuel treated to remove 95% by weight of sulfur compounds; or treated such that the sulfur content of all fuel streams combined does not exceed 1 gr of sulfur compounds (as S) per 100 dscf; or use of a continuously operating SO2 scrubber and either achieve 95% by weight control of sulfur compounds or achieve an emissions rate of 9 ppmvd SO2 @ 3% O2 (Achieved in Practice)

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed to use natural/waste/TEOR/produced gas fuel with a sulfur content no more than 1 grains/100 scf for the steam generators, which meets the most stringent emission requirements of BACT. Therefore, BACT is satisfied and a cost effective analysis does not need to be performed.

Step 5 - Select BACT

Natural/waste/TEOR/produced gas with a sulfur content not to exceed 1 gr-S/100 scf. This proposal is selected as BACT for SO_X and PM_{10} emissions; therefore, BACT for SO_X and PM_{10} emissions is satisfied.

Top Down BACT Analysis for CO Emissions

Step 1 - Identify All Possible CO Control Technologies

From the SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse, Guideline 1.2.1, Oilfield Steam Generator (≥ 20 MMBtu/hr), 4th quarter 2014, identifies BACT for CO emissions as follows:

Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or contained in SIP	Tech	Technologically Feasible		Alternate Basic Equipment
CÓ	25 ppmvd @ 3% O2	ØI.	2		q

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

None of the above listed technologies are technologically infeasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

1) 25 ppmvd @ 3% O2 (Achieved-In-Practice)

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed to limit the CO emissions of the steam generators in this project to 25 ppmv @ 3% O2. Since the applicant has chosen the most effective control technology in step 3, a cost effectiveness analysis is not required.

Step 5 - Select BACT

The applicant has proposed to install steam generators with a CO limit of 25 ppmvd @ 3% O2; therefore, BACT for CO emissions is satisfied.

Top Down BACT Analysis for VOC Emissions

Step 1 - Identify All Possible VOC Control Technologies

From the SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse, Guideline 1.2.1, Oilfield Steam Generator (≥ 20 MMBtu/hr), 4th quarter 2014, identifies BACT for VOC emissions as follows:

Pollutant	Achieved in Practice or contained in SIP	Technologically Feasible	Alternate Basic Equipment
VOC	Gaseous fuel	<u>3</u>	201 A

Step 2 - Eliminate Technologically Infeasible Options

None of the above listed technologies are technologically infeasible.

Step 3 - Rank Remaining Control Technologies by Control Effectiveness

2) Gaseous fuel (Achieved-In-Practice)

Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

The applicant has proposed the use of natural/waste/TEOR/produced gas fuel for the steam generators in this project. Since the applicant has chosen the most effective control technology in step 3, a cost effectiveness analysis is not required.

Step 5 - Select BACT

The applicant has proposed natural/waste gas fuel; therefore BACT for VOC emissions is satisfied.

APPENDIX C HRA Summary

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District Risk Management Review and Ambient Air Quality Analysis

To:

David Torii - Permit Services

From:

Will Worthley - Technical Services

Date:

July 2, 2019

Facility Name:

SENTINEL PEAK RESOURCES CA LLC

Location:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE,

Application #(s):

S-1372-437-0, -438-0

Project #:

S-1190870

Summary

RMR

Units	Prioritization Score	Acute Hazard Index	Chronic Hazard Index	Maximum Individual Cancer Risk	T-BACT Required	Special Permit Requirements
437-0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64E-09	No	No
438-0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64E-09	No	No
Project Totals	0.01	0.01	0.00	3.28E-09	3 7 1 1 400	Same Same
Facility Totals	>1	0.17	0.06	3.49E-06	ATTENDED TO	

AAQA

Pollutant		ate/Federal)			
Pollutant	1 Hour	3 Hours	8 Hours	24 Hours	Annual
CO	Pass		Pass		THE TONE OF
NO _x	Pass		STREET.		Pass
SO _x	Pass	Pass		Pass	Pass
PM10		Supplied To the		Pass ³	Pass ³
PM2.5		A STATE OF		Pass ⁴	Pass⁴

Notes:

- Results were taken from the attached AAQA Report.
- 2. The criteria pollutants are below EPA's level of significance as found in 40 CFR Part 51.165 (b)(2) unless otherwise noted below
- Modeled PM10 concentrations were below the District SIL for non-fugitive sources of 5 μg/m³ for the 24-hour average concentration and 1 μg/m³ for the annual concentration.
- 4. Modeled PM PM2.5 concentrations were above the District SIL for non-fugitive sources of 1.2 µg/m³ for the 24-hour average concentration and 0.2 µg/m³ for the annual concentration. Facility will be offsetting the entire amount of PM2.5 from this project with ERC S-5067-4.

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the following shall be included as requirements for:

Unit # 437-0 & 438-0

1. No special requirements.

Project Description

Technical Services received a request on May 14, 2019 to perform a Risk Management Review (RMR) and Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA) for the following:

- Unit -437-0: 85 MMBTU/HR GAS FIRED STEAM GENERATOR WITH ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND FGR
- Unit -438-0: 85 MMBTU/HR GAS FIRED STEAM GENERATOR WITH ULTRA LOW NOX BURNER AND FGR

RMR Report

Analysis

The District performed an analysis pursuant to the District's Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources (APR 1905, May 28, 2015) to determine the possible cancer and non-cancer health impact to the nearest resident or worksite. This policy requires that an assessment be performed on a unit by unit basis, project basis, and on a facility-wide basis. If a preliminary prioritization analysis demonstrates that:

- A unit's prioritization score is less than the District's significance threshold and;
- The project's prioritization score is less than the District's significance threshold and;
- The facility's total prioritization score is less than the District's significance threshold

Then, generally no further analysis is required.

The District's significant prioritization score threshold is defined as being equal to or greater than 1.0. If a preliminary analysis demonstrates that either the unit(s) or the project's or the facility's total prioritization score is greater than the District threshold, a screening or a refined assessment is required

If a refined assessment is greater than one in a million but less than 20 in one million for carcinogenic impacts (Cancer Risk) and less than 1.0 for the Acute and Chronic hazard indices(Non-Carcinogenic) on a unit by unit basis, project basis and on a facility-wide basis the proposed application is considered less than significant. For unit's that exceed a cancer risk of 1 in one million, Toxic Best Available Control Technology (TBACT) must be implemented.

Toxic emissions for this project were calculated using the following methods:

 Toxic emission factors for this unit were derived from data in the 1992 Radian Corporation report to WSPA.

These emissions were input into the San Joaquin Valley APCD's Hazard Assessment and Reporting Program (SHARP). In accordance with the District's Risk Management Policy, risks from the proposed unit's toxic emissions were prioritized using the procedure in the 2016 CAPCOA Facility Prioritization Guidelines. The prioritization score for this proposed facility was greater than 1.0 (see RMR Summary Table). Therefore, a refined health risk assessment was required.

The AERMOD model was used, with the parameters outlined below and meteorological data for 2004-2008 from Missouri Triangle (rural dispersion coefficient selected) to determine the dispersion factors (i.e., the predicted concentration or X divided by the normalized source strength or Q) for a receptor grid. These dispersion factors were input into the SHARP Program, which then used the Air Dispersion Modeling and Risk Tool (ADMRT) of the Hot Spots Analysis and Reporting Program Version 2 (HARP 2) to calculate the chronic and acute hazard indices and the carcinogenic risk for the project.

The following parameters were used for the review:

Source Process Rates							
Unit ID	Process ID	Process Material	Process Units	Hourly Process Rate	Annual Process Rate		
437	1	NG/WG MMscf	LB	0.085	744.6		
438	1	NG/WG MMscf	LB	0.085	744.6		

Point Source Parameters						
Unit ID	Unit Description	Release Height (m)	Temp. (°K)	Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Stack Diameter (m)	Vertical/ Horizontal/ Capped
437	Steam Gen	6.10	383	8.98	1.07	Capped
438	Steam Gen	6.10	383	8.98	1.07	Capped

AAQA Report

The District modeled the impact of the proposed project on the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) and/or California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) in accordance with District Policy APR-1925 (Policy for District Rule 2201 AAQA Modeling) and EPA's Guideline for Air Quality Modeling (Appendix W of 40 CFR Part 51). The District uses a progressive three level approach to perform AAQAs. The first level (Level 1) uses a very conservative approach. If this analysis indicates a likely exceedance of an AAQS or Significant Impact Level (SIL), the analysis proceeds to the second level (Level 2) which implements a more refined approach. For the 1-hour NO₂ standard, there is also a third level that can be implemented if the Level 2 analysis indicates a likely exceedance of an AAQS or SIL.

The modeling analyses predicts the maximum air quality impacts using the appropriate emissions for each standard's averaging period. Required model inputs for a refined AAQA include background ambient air quality data, land characteristics, meteorological inputs, a receptor grid, and source parameters including emissions. These inputs are described in the sections that follow.

Ambient air concentrations of criteria pollutants are recorded at monitoring stations throughout the San Joaquin Valley. Monitoring stations may not measure all necessary pollutants, so background data may need to be collected from multiple sources. The following stations were used for this evaluation:

Monitoring Stations						
Pollutant	Station Name	County	City	Measurement Year		
CO	Bakersfield-Muni	Kern	Bakersfield	2016		
NOx	Shafter	Kern	Shafter	2016		
PM10	Bakersfield-California Avenue	Kern	Bakersfield	2016		
SOx	Fresno - Garland	Fresno	Fresno	2016		

Technical Services performed modeling for directly emitted criteria pollutants with the emission rates below:

Emission Rates (lbs/hour)								
Unit ID Process NOx SOx CO PM10 PM2								
437	1	0.52	0.25	1.57	0.33	0.33*		
438	1	0.52	0.25	1.57	0.33	0.33*		

*PM2.5 is offset in this project by ERC S-5067-4.

Emission Rates (lbs/year)								
Unit ID Process NOx SOx CO PM10 PM2.5								
437	1	4,526	2219	13,760	2867	2867*		
438	1	4,526	2219	13,760	2867	2867*		

*PM2.5 is offset in this project by ERC S-5067-4.

The AERMOD model was used to determine if emissions from the project would cause or contribute to an exceedance of any state of federal air quality standard. The parameters outlined below and meteorological data for 2004-2008 from Missouri Triangle (rural dispersion coefficient selected) were used for the analysis:

The following parameters were used for the review:

	Point Source Parameters								
Unit ID	Unit Description		Release Height (m)	Temp. (°K)	Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Stack Diameter (m)	Vertical/ Horizontal/ Capped		
437	WG/NG Gen	Steam	6.10	383	8.98	1.07	Capped		
438	WG/NG Gen	Steam	6.10	383	8.98	1.07	Capped		

Conclusion

RMR

The cumulative acute and chronic indices for this facility, including this project, are below 1.0; and the cumulative cancer risk for this facility, including this project, is less than 20 in a million. In addition, the cancer risk for each unit in this project is less than 1.0 in a million. In accordance with the District's Risk Management Policy, the project is approved without Toxic Best Available Control Technology (T-BACT).

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the permit requirements listed on page 1 of this report must be included for this proposed unit.

These conclusions are based on the data provided by the applicant and the project engineer. Therefore, this analysis is valid only as long as the proposed data and parameters do not change.

AAQA

The emissions from the proposed equipment will not cause or contribute significantly to a violation of the State and National AAQS.

APPENDIX D ERC Withdrawal Calculations

NO	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
NO _x	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)
ERC #S-4836-2	4630	4632	4633	4632
Offsets Required	3,462	3,462	3464	3464
(Includes distance offset ratio)				
Amount Remaining	1,168	1,170	1,169	1,168
Credits reissued under				
ERC S-YYYY-2	1,168	1,170	1,169	1,168

00	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
SOx	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)
ERC # N-1417-5	2087	2087	2087	2087
Offsets Required	1590	1592	1592	1592
(Includes distance offset ratio)			¥5	
Amount Remaining	497	495	495	495
Credits reissued under				
ERC C-YYYY-1	497	495	495	495

PM ₁₀	1 st Quarter (lb)	2 nd Quarter (lb)	3 rd Quarter (lb)	4 th Quarter (lb)
ERC # S-5067-4	6363	5400	5235	5785
Offsets Required	1674	1676	1676	1676
(Includes distance offset ratio)				
Amount Remaining	4,689	3,724	3,559	4,109
Credits reissued under				
ERC N-YYYY-4	4,689	3,724	3,559	4,109

VOC	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
VOC	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)
ERC # C-1420-1	2299	2271	2242	2243
Offsets Required	1674	1676	1676	1676
(Includes distance offset ratio)				
Amount Remaining	625	595	566	567
Credits reissued under				
ERC C-YYYY-1	625	595	566	567

APPENDIX E Compliance Certification



1200 Discovery Drive, Ste 100 Bakersfield, CA 93309

June 19, 2019

Mr. Leonard Scandura Manager of Permit Services San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308

Subject: Steam Generator - Compliance Certification

Dear Mr. Scandura:

I hereby certify that all major Stationary Sources owned or operated by such person (or by any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with such person) in California, which are subject to emission limitations, are in compliance or on a schedule for compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards.

Alternative siting analysis is required for any project, which constitutes a New Major Source or a Federal Major Modification.

The current project occurs at existing facilities. The applicant proposes to operate a steam generator to thermally enhance existing wells at the site.

Since the project will provide thermal enhancement to be used at the same location, the existing site will result in the least possible impact from the project. Alternative sites would involve the relocation and/or construction of various support structures on a much greater scale, and would therefore result in a much greater impact.

Signature

Environmental Specialist

Title

APPENDIX F Draft ATCs

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-1372-437-0

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: SENTINEL PEAK RESOURCES CALLC

MAILING ADDRESS:

1200 DISCOVERY DR. STE 500

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

SECTION: NW 7 **TOWNSHIP:** 30S RANGE: 22E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#76) WITH A NORTH AMERICAN GLE BURNER, FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION AND AN O2 CONTROLLER

CONDITIONS

- {1830} This Authority to Construct serves as a written certificate of conformity with the procedural requirements of 40 CFR 70.7 and 70.8 and with the compliance requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(c). [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- {1831} Prior to operating with modifications authorized by this Authority to Construct, the facility shall submit an application to modify the Title V permit with an administrative amendment in accordance with District Rule 2520 Section 5.3.4. [District Rule 2520, 5.3.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender NOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter - 1,731 lb, 2nd quarter - 1,731 lb, 3rd quarter - 1,732 lb, and 4th quarter - 1,732 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- ERC Certificate Number S-4837-2 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all-other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Samir Sheikh, Executive Director

Arnaud Marjollet, Director of Permit Services

- 5. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender SOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 795 lb, 2nd quarter 796 lb, 3rd quarter 796 lb, and 4th quarter 796 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 6. ERC Certificate Number N-1417-5 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 7. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender PM10 emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 8. ERC Certificate Number S-5067-4 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 9. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender VOC emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 10. ERC Certificate Numbers C-1420-1 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. The sulfur content of any fuel, or fuels combined, shall not exceed 1 grains of total sulfur (as H2S) per 100 dscf of fuel gas. [District Rules 2201 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD or double GC performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested monthly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 6 consecutive months for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, monthly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. Emissions shall not exceed 16.7 lb-NOx/day or 4617 lb-NOx/yr or 55.6 lb-CO/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title WRennik

- 18. Except during startup and shutdown, emissions shall not exceed any of the following limits: 5 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.003 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 25 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0.0185 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.003 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. Emissions rates during startup and shutdown shall not exceed 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu or 0.074 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. Duration of startup and shutdown (combined) shall not exceed 4.0 hr day. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. Flue gas recirculation system shall be operated whenever steam generator is operated. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. All NOx, CO, and O2 emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The NOx, CO, and O2 analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute sample period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive minute period. [District Rule]
- 25. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Source testing to measure NOx, CO, and VOC emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320]

- 29. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. When the unit changes fuel source, the unit shall undergo source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions within 60 days of the change unless the unit has already undergone source testing in the last twelve (12) months or thirty-six (36) months after demonstrating compliance on the previous two (2) source tests when fired on that fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Compliance demonstration (source testing) shall be by District witnessed, or authorized, sample collection by ARB certified testing laboratory. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content EPA Method 4; SOx EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. Records of sulfur content (gr S/100 scf) of combusted gas shall be maintained. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 39. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit



San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-1372-438-0

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: SENTINEL PEAK RESOURCES CALLC

MAILING ADDRESS:

1200 DISCOVERY DR, STE 500

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

LOCATION:

HEAVY OIL WESTERN STATIONARY SOURCE

ISSUA

CA

SECTION: NE7 TOWNSHIP: 30S RANGE: 22E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

85 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED STEAM GENERATOR (#77) WITH A NORTH AMERICAN GLE BURNER, FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION AND AN O2 CONTROLLER

CONDITIONS

- 1. {1830} This Authority to Construct serves as a written certificate of conformity with the procedural requirements of 40 CFR 70.7 and 70.8 and with the compliance requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(c). [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 2. {1831} Prior to operating with modifications authorized by this Authority to Construct, the facility shall submit an application to modify the Title V permit with an administrative amendment in accordance with District Rule 2520 Section 5.3.4. [District Rule 2520, 5.3.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 3. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender NOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 1,731 lb, 2nd quarter 1,731 lb, 3rd quarter 1,732 lb, and 4th quarter 1,732 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 4. ERC Certificate Number S-4837-2 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Samir Sheikh, Executive Director APCO

Arnaud Marjollel Director of Permit Services 8-1372-438-0. Jul 22 2019 7 50AM - TORIO Joint Inspection NOT Required

- 5. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender SOx emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 795 lb, 2nd quarter 796 lb, 3rd quarter 796 lb, and 4th quarter 796 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 6. ERC Certificate Number N-1417-5 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 7. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender PM10 emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 8. ERC Certificate Number S-5067-4 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 9. Prior to operating equipment under this Authority to Construct, permittee shall surrender VOC emission reduction credits for the following quantity of emissions: 1st quarter 837 lb, 2nd quarter 838 lb, 3rd quarter 838 lb, and 4th quarter 838 lb. These amounts include the applicable offset ratio specified in Rule 2201 Section 4.8 (as amended 2/18/16) for the ERC specified below. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 10. ERC Certificate Numbers C-1420-1 (or a certificate split from these certificates) shall be used to supply the required offsets, unless a revised offsetting proposal is received and approved by the District, upon which this Authority to Construct shall be reissued, administratively specifying the new offsetting proposal. Original public noticing requirements, if any, shall be duplicated prior to reissuance of this Authority to Construct. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 11. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 12. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 13. The sulfur content of any fuel, or fuels combined, shall not exceed 1 grains of total sulfur (as H2S) per 100 dscf of fuel gas. [District Rules 2201 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 14. If the unit is fired on noncertified gaseous fuel and compliance with SOx emission limits is achieved through fuel sulfur content limitations, then the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel being fired in the unit shall be determined using ASTM D 1072, D 3031, D 3246, D 4084, D 4468, D 6667 or grab sample analysis by GC-FPD/TCD or double GC performed in the laboratory. [District Rule 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 15. When complying with sulfur emission limits by fuel analysis or by a combination of source testing and fuel analysis, each fuel source shall be tested monthly for sulfur content and higher heating value. If compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit and sulfur emission limits has been demonstrated for 6 consecutive months for a fuel source, then the fuel testing frequency shall be semi-annually. If a semi-annual fuel content source test fails to show compliance, monthly testing shall resume. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 16. If fuel analysis is used to demonstrate compliance with conditions of this permit, the fuel higher heating value for each fuel shall be certified by a third party fuel supplier or determined by ASTM D 1826 or D 1945in conjunction with ASTM D 3588 for gaseous fuels. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 2520, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 17. Emissions shall not exceed 16.7 lb-NOx/day or 4617 lb-NOx/yr or 55.6 lb-CO/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title Marmin 1997 and 1997 lb-NOx/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title Marmin 1997 lb-NOx/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title Marmin 1997 lb-NOx/day or 13,775 lb-CO/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title Marmin 1997 lb-NOx/day or 13,775 lb-NOx/day

- 18. Except during startup and shutdown, emissions shall not exceed any of the following limits: 5 ppmvd NOx @ 3% O2 or 0.0062 lb-NOx/MMBtu, 0.00285 lb-SOx/MMBtu, 0.003 lb-PM10/MMBtu, 25 ppmvd CO @ 3% O2 or 0:0185 lb-CO/MMBtu, or 0.003 lb-VOC/MMBtu. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 19. Emissions rates during startup and shutdown shall not exceed 0.018 lb-NOx/MMBtu or 0.074 lb-CO/MMBtu. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 20. Duration of startup and shutdown (combined) shall not exceed 4.0 hr day. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 21. Flue gas recirculation system shall be operated whenever steam generator is operated. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the unit unless monitoring has been performed within the last month. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 24. All NOx, CO, and O2 emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The NOx, CO, and O2 analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute sample period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive minute period. [District Rule]
- 25. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 26. All emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. No determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0 of District Rule 4306. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 27. The source test plan shall identify which basis (ppmv or lb/MMBtu) will be used to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 28. Source testing to measure NOx, CO, and VOC emissions from this unit while fired on natural gas shall be conducted within 60 days of initial start-up. [District Rules 2201, 4305, 4306 and 4320]

- 29. Source testing to measure natural gas-combustion NOx and CO emissions from this unit shall be conducted once every twelve (12) months. After demonstrating compliance on two (2) consecutive annual source tests, the unit shall be tested not less than once every thirty-six (36) months. If the result of the 36-month source test demonstrates that the unit does not meet the applicable emission limits, the source testing frequency shall revert to at least once every twelve (12) months. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 30. When the unit changes fuel source, the unit shall undergo source testing to measure NOx and CO emissions within 60 days of the change unless the unit has already undergone source testing in the last twelve (12) months or thirty-six (36) months after demonstrating compliance on the previous two (2) source tests when fired on that fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 31. Compliance demonstration (source testing) shall be by District witnessed, or authorized, sample collection by ARB certified testing laboratory. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 32. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 33. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 34. The following test methods shall be used: NOX (ppmv) EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, NOx (lb/MMBtu) EPA Method 19; CO (ppmv) EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; Stack gas oxygen (O2) EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100; stack gas velocities EPA Method 2; Stack gas moisture content EPA Method 4; SOx EPA Method 6C or 8 or ARB Method 100; fuel gas sulfur as H2S content EPA Method 11 or 15; and fuel hhv (MMBtu) ASTM D 1826 or D 1945 in conjunction with ASTM D 3588. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 35. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 36. Permittee shall maintain records of duration of each start-up and shutdown for a period of five years and make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 37. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 3% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 38. Records of sulfur content (gr S/100 scf) of combusted gas shall be maintained. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
- 39. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4305, 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit



APPENDIX G EPA Comments and District Responses

EPA Comment:

1. On page 1 of the evaluation, under Section I, it states that the facility has not chosen to process the project with a Certificate of Conformity. This statement contradicts the statement made in the cover letter and page 21 of the evaluation. Please correct the statements made in this section.

District Response:

The evaluation contained the following two statements regarding the project's classification. The first statement should have been removed after the applicant requested that the ATCs be issued with a COC. Therefore, the first statement has been removed from the application review.

This modification can be classified as a Title V significant modification pursuant to Rule 2520, and can be processed with a Certificate of Conformity (COC). But the facility has not requested that this project be processed in that manner; therefore, SPR will be required to submit a Title V significant modification application and receive a revised permit prior to operating under the revised provisions of the ATC(s) issued with this project.

SPR has received their Title V Permit. This modification can be classified as a Title V significant modification pursuant to Rule 2520, and can be processed with a Certificate of Conformity (COC). Since the facility has specifically requested that this project be processed in that manner, the 45-day EPA comment period will be satisfied prior to the issuance of the Authority to Construct. SPR must apply to administratively amend their Title V permit.

EPA Comment:

2. On page 21 of the evaluation, there is a discussion of how the permit complies with the requirements of Rule 2520. There are several errors in this discussion. Rule 2520 does not define a "minor permit modification" as described in this section. Instead, Rule 2520 Section 3.20 provides a definition for this term that contains several provisions, none of which are consistent with the definition provided in the evaluation. For this project, it appears it is not a minor permit modification because the project is a Title I modification, as defined in the rule. While this section correctly summarizes that the project is a significant modification, the reasoning is incorrect. Please revise the discussion in the evaluation to read correctly.

District Response:

The Rule 2520 discussion was replaced with the following:

Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

This facility is subject to this Rule, and has received their Title V Operating Permit. A significant permit modification is defined as a "permit amendment that does not qualify as a minor permit modification or administrative amendment."

Minor permit modifications are not Title I modifications as defined in this rule. This project triggers a Federal Major Modification, as a result, the proposed project constitutes a Significant Modification to the Title V Permit. SPR's Title V Compliance Certification form is included in Appendix E.